





# UNIFIED SCHOOT DISTRICT



# Los Angeles Regional Comprehensive Plan

AB86 Los Angeles Regional Adult Education Consortium

March 1, 2015

# LARAEC Vision Statement

"The Los Angeles Regional Adult Education Consortium will sustain, expand and improve adult education. It will create seamless programs and pathways to workforce and higher education that are regionally relevant, efficient, comprehensive, and that leverage community resources through a structured and collaborative interagency approach. Programs will be student centered, data driven and focused on best practices. Students will gain 21<sup>st</sup> century skills; meet their employment, academic and civic goals; and contribute to the economic vitality of the Los Angeles region."

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# Los Angeles Regional Adult Education Consortium



# I. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The basic skills education and career training programs offered by adult schools and community colleges in California have provided a critical lifeline for millions of adults on their path toward increased social and economic self-sufficiency. However, adult education statewide is at a crossroads as significant budget challenges faced by school districts in the past five years have resulted in drastic cuts to adult education programs, at the same time, regional business and industry require a highly skilled workforce. Additionally, the California community college system is challenged with ensuring student success for an increasing number of incoming students who are underprepared for college level work. Adult education providers and regional partners must unite in their efforts to re-think and create a more effective educational pipeline that connects adult learners to high-wage and high-skill employment.

This report represents the Los Angeles Regional Adult Education Consortium's (LARAEC) Regional Comprehensive Plan as required by the AB 86 Adult Education Consortium Planning Grant. The consortium's members of LARAEC include: Burbank Unified School District, Culver City Unified School District, the Los Angeles Community College District, Los Angeles Unified School District, and Montebello Unified School District. Participating stakeholders from these districts have included board of education members and trustees, district leadership, faculty, teachers, staff, students, local business, and community partners. The common goal for all stakeholders is to seize the opportunity to work together in rethinking and redesigning a sustainable regional adult education system that will better meet the educational and workforce training needs of adults.

This report proposes a three-year plan that includes the following overarching implementation strategies that are a direct result of identified gaps and needs:

- A. Bridges and Pathways: Focus on assessment integration and alignment, curriculum alignment, industry/sector specific pathways and course articulation, and strategies for accelerated student progress
- B. Comprehensive Student Support: Focus on individualized student plan, counseling best practices, and student community supports
- C. Common Data, Information, and Accountability Systems: Focus on data/accountability and data warehouse, LARAEC information systems, technology supported instruction, and LARAEC's website

LARAEC recommends funding in the amount of 360 million. Funding at this level would serve at least 418,000 students, which is a 275% increase.

Updated information can be found at <u>http://laraec.net</u>.

LARAEC Executive Team

# II. INTRODUCTION

The consortium-building process precipitated by AB 86 legislation provided an unprecedented and historic opportunity for adult education stakeholders, including trustees, district leadership, faculty, staff, students, and other partners in the region to affirm a renewed sense of urgency to address the educational needs of adults in the LARAEC region. The members of LAREAC include: Burbank Unified School District, Culver City Unified School District, Los Angeles Community College District, Los Angeles Unified School District, and Montebello Unified School District. The consortium's main objective is to address the large portion of adults (1.5 million) who lack a high diploma or the equivalent; sixty percent of this group have less than a ninth grade education. A significant number of adults currently in the workforce do not possess the requisite skills to participate in an increasingly competitive and technological global labor market (Los Angeles Workforce Systems Collaborative, Ad Hoc Committee on Adult Education, 2012). LARAEC's plan aims to help students in the region acquire 21<sup>st</sup> century workforce skills.

The types of new jobs being created, especially in the growing fields of health care and information technology, require advanced skill sets in reading, writing, mathematics, critical thinking, problem solving, and digital fluency. As illustrated in Figure 1 and Figure 2, there is a need for programs such as those provided by LARAEC's members in order to address the increasing skills gap that exists within the adult working population.

Despite the significant budget challenges faced by individual members of LARAEC, they have shown resiliency and a commitment to maintaining a vibrant and relevant adult education program. However, budget cuts have taken their toll. The demand for services far exceeds current capacity, as illustrated in Figure 1 and Figure 2.

The AB 86 Regional Planning Process provides a unique opportunity for the member districts and partners to work collaboratively to build a more comprehensive, unified, efficient, and focused system of educational service delivery to adults—and more important, to create a sustainable system and innovative approach that will be responsive to the training needs in the region.

#### Figure 1



#### Figure 2



Source for "Need" data comes from the U.S. Census Bureau's 2012 American Community Survey (ACS).

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Working to build a consortium based on consensus, stakeholders are confident that they are participating in a meaningful, reflective, and ultimately valuable process. Members from the two educational systems (community college and K-12 adult education) have engaged in what truly can be characterized as a collegial process. LARAEC members believe that the Regional Comprehensive Plan will serve to support, sustain and enhance the quality of LARAEC instructional programs. The goal is to provide the highest possible learning outcomes for students while simultaneously integrating an accountability system that supports seamless academic and career pathways. Through this process, LARAEC will implement strategies that restore needed programs and close major gaps in the five areas.

The chart shown in Figure 3 illustrates, by district, the effects the cuts to K-12 adult education had on LARAEC members' ability to maintain student enrollment. Additionally, it illustrates the decrease in enrollment that occurred during the state's budget crisis. Substantial funding decreases closely resemble in magnitude the drop in enrollment experienced during the same interval.



## III. THREE-YEAR PLAN

#### SUMMARY

LARAEC's three-year plan is the result of student focused input from a wide spectrum of stakeholders and offers a holistic approach to education. The fully funded and implemented plan will result in students who are better informed of their educational needs, options and opportunities; upon completion, they will be prepared to pursue higher education and/or enter the workforce to advance their career goals as proud contributors to the economic engine of the region.

LARAEC has selected three "primary" AB 86 implementation strategies. Each of the strategies is composed of several approaches that resonated throughout the research conducted and input collected from stakeholders. The plan elements or strategies directly address the gap categories also identified by the stakeholders and supported by research. Professional development is not separated as its own strategy; instead it is an integral part of each strategy. The primary strategies are as follows:

### A. Define Bridges\* and Pathways\*\*

- I. Assessment Integration and Alignment
- II. Curriculum Alignment
- III. Industry/Sector Specific Pathways and Course Articulation including apprenticeships
- IV. Strategies for Accelerated Student Learning
- B. Develop Comprehensive Student Supports
  - I. Individualized Student Plan
  - II. Counseling Best Practices
  - III. Student Community Supports
- C. Delineate Common Data, Information and Accountability Systems
  - I. Data/Accountability System and Data Warehouse
  - II. LARAEC Information System
  - III. Technology Supported Instruction
  - IV. LARAEC's Website

<sup>\*</sup> Linkages between schools and districts

<sup>\*\*</sup> A Career Pathway is an articulated sequence of rigorous academic and career/technical courses, leading to an associate degree, baccalaureate degree, industry recognized certificate, and/or licensure. LARAEC's Career Pathways are characterized by multiple entry and exit points that allow students the flexibility of returning to school to get additional certifications and job upward mobility.

This plan includes a series of scalable pilot programs. Beginning in the first year, tools and pilot strategies will be developed, implemented and analyzed. During the second year, improvements will be introduced, additional pilots are implemented (if necessary) and gradual LARAEC-wide implementation will begin. In the third year, additional evaluations of each program will be conducted and full implementation will be initiated.

All members of LARAEC will conduct an evaluation of their fee structure. Additionally, The Los Angeles Community College District Academic Senate urges local senates and curriculum committees to prioritize recommendations for curricular changes related to AB 86, such as by placing these matters at the top of their agendas.

Services offered to the Adult with Disabilities (AWD) student population will be reevaluated jointly with the Department of Rehabilitation, to implement uniform policies and procedures designed to provide AWD students with equal access, services and accommodations needed to ensure their success across LARAEC campuses and ultimately entry into the workforce.

All classes and programs will be evaluated and reassigned, when necessary, by the Consortium to prevent duplication of effort whenever it is determined that class offerings, in adjacent campuses for example, exceed their current or future demand.

The priority and sequencing of the plan's development will be determined with input from the stakeholders and monitored by the Core Leadership Team. Workgroups will be created to address each element of the plan. At least once every two months, each workgroup will report to the Core Leadership Group. The reports will include progress of each pilot evaluated through evidence-based data, the group's suggestions and their recommendations. The workgroups will be comprised of subject matter experts (SME's) from the member districts. Since the primary strategies are wide in scope, some workgroups will include several participants. For this reason, some workgroups may be subdivided into "work teams" that will be assigned to address specific aspects of a major task.

A model suggested to guide the activities of the workgroups and work teams is the Learning Community Approach (Alamprese, J., n.d.):

# A. Assemble the group:

- 1. Start with willing and motivated faculty and management. Make sure that the administration is supportive and will adjust to the needs of the project.
- 2. Develop a learning community identity. Clarify what their responsibilities will be during and after the project.



# Learning Community Approach

- B. Set them up for success:
  - 1. Identify specific program goals and the targeted student populations. Acquire baseline data, descriptions of what is currently being done and where the projects will take place.
  - 2. Provide best practices information. Encourage exploration and establish workable hypotheses or research questions that will be tested in the project.
  - 3. Have them develop a concrete plan for implementation, with processes and key success factors identified, as well as interim and final data measures that will be evaluated. Ensure the data can be gathered. Document, document, document quantitatively and qualitatively.
- C. Implementation support:
  - 1. Reconvene group quarterly for exchange of ideas and information amongst peers on key success measures. Keep the larger community (faculty and administration) up-to-date about what is taking place.
  - 2. Assess the data quarterly and annually. Identify what worked, how it worked, and with which targeted student population. Update goals and processes for next time period. If the new practice is truly innovative, include a third party for evaluation.
- D. Prepare for expansion:
  - 1. Ask the group: What do you wish you had known before you started? Use this information to develop a planning document to support expansion.

- 2. Recruit the group members to serve as presenters and trainers.
- 3. Share innovative and best practices with practitioners that proved effective during the demonstration phase.
- 4. Expand the practices across the consortium when supportive data is generated.



Table 1 provides a cross-reference of the Three-Year Plan Strategies, the Gap Categories and how each strategy addresses one or more gaps.

#### Table 1

Tł	nree-Year Plan Strategy:	Gap Categories Addressed:		
١.	Assessment Integration and Alignment	3. Standardized Assessments and Cut-off Scores		
١١.	Curriculum Alignment	<ul> <li>4. Pathways to Employment and Career Advancement</li> <li>Student Goal Attainment</li> <li>Stackable Certificates</li> </ul>		
III.	Industry/Sector Specific Pathways and Course Articulation	<ul> <li>5. Student and Course Articulation across Programs, Areas and Districts <ul> <li>College Career Transition Process</li> <li>K-12 AE Transition to CC</li> <li>Bridge Programs</li> </ul> </li> <li>6. Leveraging Partnerships</li> </ul>		
IV.	Strategies for Accelerated Student Progress	<ul> <li>5. Student and Course Articulation across Programs, Areas and Districts <ul> <li>College Career Transition Process</li> <li>K-12 AE Transition to CC</li> <li>Bridge Programs</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		

#### **B. DEVELOP COMPREHENSIVE STUDENT SUPPORTS**

٦	Three-Year Plan Strategy:	Gap Categories Addressed:
I.	Individualized Student Plan	2. Counseling and Student Support
١١.	Counseling Best Practices	2. Counseling and Student Support
III.	Student Community Supports	6. Leveraging Partnerships

#### C. DELINIATE COMMON DATA, INFORMATION AND ACCOUNTABILITY SYSTEMS

Three-Year Plan Strategy:	Gap Categories Addressed:		
I. Data/Accountability and Data Warehouse	<ul><li>7. Data Accountability System</li><li>Student Tracking System</li></ul>		
II. LARAEC Information Systems	<ul><li>7. Data Accountability System</li><li>Student Tracking System</li></ul>		
III. Technology Supported Instruction	1. Geographical and Access Gaps		
IV. LARAEC's Website	1. Geographical and Access Gaps		

#### THREE-YEAR PLAN: DETAIL

Cooperation and coordination across districts is essential to strong collaboration and implementation of LARAEC's plan. The plan is structured with the Consortium as a coordinating body. Workgroups will be created to address each element of the plan. Each workgroup will report to the Core Leadership Group at least once every two months. Reports will include a progress update on each pilot and tools developed, including data for evidence-based decisions or suggestions. The workgroups will be made up of subject matter experts from the member districts. Adults with Disabilities SME's will contribute to the workgroups.

A. Define Bridges & Pathways: LARAEC will develop bridges and pathways in order to integrate existing programs and create seamless transitions to ensure student success.	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
I. Assessment: Integrate assessments into a seamless process that allows students to be placed and progress to	<ol> <li>Develop a common set of assessment competencies for LARAEC</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Pilot new assessment program designs, if necessary</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Coordinate full implementation of assessment programs</li> </ol>
course levels commensurate with their skills and to achieve course completion and efficient entry into the workforce.	<ol> <li>Develop a cross-reference of assessment tools</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Coordinate incremental implementation of assessment programs</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Support and evaluate full implementation of assessment programs</li> </ol>
Workgroup Teams: 1. English 2. Math	<ol> <li>Design pilot assessment programs for implementation, including computer based assessment</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Support and evaluate incremental implementation of assessment programs</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Evaluate the implemented programs to determine their efficiency and to issue additional recommendations/ suggestions</li> </ol>
3. CTE* 4. ESL	4) Implement pilot programs	<ol> <li>Present final evidence-based recommendations to the Core</li> </ol>	to the Core Leadership Team
*Apprenticeship SME's will be part of the CTE Team	5) Support and evaluate pilot	Leadership Team	4) Create a Professional Development (PD) Plan that
	<ul><li>programs</li><li>6) Identify assessment programs to</li></ul>	<ol> <li>Design full implementation for year 3 of selected programs</li> </ol>	incorporates all training needs identified to ensure the successful full implementation of
	be implemented	6) Create a Professional Development (PD) Plan that	the programs and additional PD needs moving forward
	<ol> <li>Report findings and issue evidence-based recommendations for incremental implementation in</li> </ol>	incorporates all training needs identified to ensure the successful incremental implementation of the model	

year two	programs	
<ol> <li>Design a plan for incremental implementation</li> </ol>		
9) Create a Professional Development (PD) Plan that incorporates all training needs identified to ensure the successful implementation of the pilot programs		

<b>II. Curriculum Alignment:</b> Determine optimum bridge courses for seamless transitions between programs and schools.	<ol> <li>Evaluate and prioritize course sequences where alignment is needed</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Evaluate and prioritize additional course sequences where alignment is needed</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Evaluate and prioritize additional course sequences where alignment is needed</li> </ol>
Workgroup Teams: 5. English	2) Present findings to the Core Leadership Team	<ol> <li>Pilot new program designs, if necessary</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Coordinate full implementation of course sequences programs</li> </ol>
6. Math 7. CTE*	<ol> <li>Design pilots programs for implementation of aligned</li> </ol>	3) Implement prioritized programs	3) Support and evaluate full implementation of course
8. ESL *Apprenticeship SME's will be part of the CTE Team	sequences	4) Coordinate incremental implementation of selected	sequences programs
	4) Implement pilot programs	programs	<ol> <li>Evaluate the implemented programs to determine their</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Support and evaluate implemented pilot programs</li> </ol>	5) Support and evaluate incrementally implemented programs	efficiency and to issue additional recommendations/suggestions to the Core Leadership Team
	<ul> <li>6) Issue evidence-based recommendations for the incremental implementation of</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Present final evidence-based recommendations to the Core</li> </ol>	5) Create a Professional Development (PD) Plan that
	aligned curriculum during year two	Leadership Team	incorporates all training needs identified to ensure the
	<ol> <li>Design a plan for incremental implementation</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Design full implementation of selected programs</li> </ol>	successful full implementation of the programs and additional PD needs moving forward
	8) Create a Professional Development (PD) Plan that incorporates all training needs identified to ensure the successful implementation of the pilot programs	8) Create a Professional Development (PD) Plan that incorporates all training needs identified to ensure the successful incremental implementation of the prioritized programs	J

III. Industry/Sector Specific Pathways and Course Articulation: Develop Pathways for careers in top	<ol> <li>Evaluate and design pathways and propose course articulations for the top five Industry Sectors</li> </ol>	1)	Pilot new program designs, if necessary	1)	Evaluate and prioritize additional articulated pathways
Industry Sectors in the Los Angeles Region including Apprenticeships.	including the following: a. VESL/ VABE to CTE b. ABE/ASE to CTE	2)	Implement identified industry/ sector specific pathways and course articulation programs	2)	Pilot new program designs, if necessary
Workgroup Teams: 9. English 10. Math 11. CTE* 12. ESL	<ul> <li>c. CTE to community college</li> <li>2) Evaluate and design academic pathways:</li> <li>a. ESL to community college</li> </ul>	3)	Coordinate incremental implementation of selected programs	3)	Coordinate full implementation of industry/ sector specific pathways and course articulation programs
*Apprenticeship SME's will be part of the CTE Team	b. ABE/ASE to community college c. High School Equivalency to community college	4)	Support and evaluate incrementally implemented programs including the apprenticeship pilots	4)	Support and evaluate full implementation of industry/ sector specific pathways and course articulation programs
	<ol> <li>Involve industry and business partners in the development and update of Industry Sector Pathways, curriculum, course requirements, essential</li> </ol>	5)	Present final evidence-based recommendations to the Core Leadership Team	5)	Evaluate the implemented programs to determine their efficiency and to issue additional recommendations/suggestions
	equipment and strategies for implementing internships, mentoring and job-shadowing	6)	Design full implementation of selected programs	6)	to the Core Leadership Team Create a Professional
	opportunities	7)	Expand the apprenticeship programs		Development (PD) Plan that incorporates all training needs
	<ol> <li>Design pilot programs for implementation of articulated pathways</li> </ol>	8)	Create a Professional Development (PD) Plan that incorporates all training needs		identified to ensure the successful full implementation of the programs and additional PD needs moving forward
	5) Implement pilot programs		identified to ensure the successful incremental		
	<ol> <li>Support and evaluate implemented pilot programs</li> </ol>		implementation of the prioritized programs		
	<ol> <li>Identify programs for incremental implementation</li> </ol>				

8) Issue and report evidence-based recommendations for incremental implementation during year two	
9) Pilot an apprenticeship support partnership with LAUSD as the LEA and LACCD as the cooperative education supporter of selected joint apprenticeship programs	
10) Design a plan for incremental implementation	
11) Create a Professional Development (PD) Plan that incorporates all training needs identified to ensure the successful implementation of the pilot programs	

IV. Stratagies to Assolutate Student	1) Evaluate and prioritize strategies	1) Evaluate and prioritize additional	1) Evaluate and prioritize additional
IV. Strategies to Accelerate Student Learning: Determine appropriate	1) Evaluate and prioritize strategies to accelerate student learning	<ol> <li>Evaluate and prioritize additional pilots where strategies to</li> </ol>	strategies to accelerate training
strategies to accelerate student		accelerate student learning are	
•	2) Procent findings to the Core	-	are appropriate
learning.	2) Present findings to the Core	appropriate	2) Coordinate full implementation
Morkgroup Toome	Leadership Team	2) Dilat now program designs if	2) Coordinate full implementation
Workgroup Teams:	2) Design pilots programs for	2) Pilot new program designs, if	of course sequences programs
13. English	3) Design pilots programs for	necessary	and/or strategies to accelerate
14. Math 15. CTE*	implementation of strategies to	2) Implement prioritized programs	training
16. ESL	accelerate student learning	3) Implement prioritized programs	2) Current and evaluate full
*Apprenticeship SME's will be part of the CTE Team		4) Coordinate incremental	3) Support and evaluate full
Apprendeesing side s will be pare of the ere really	4) Implement pilot programs	,	implementation of strategies to
	C) Support and evaluate	implementation of selected	accelerate training
	5) Support and evaluate	programs	() Eveluete the inculance stad
	implemented pilot programs	<b>F)</b> Suggest and suglishe	4) Evaluate the implemented
	C) larve evidence based	5) Support and evaluate	programs to determine their
	<ol> <li>Issue evidence-based recommendations for the</li> </ol>	incrementally implemented	efficiency and to issue additional
		programs	recommendations/suggestions
	incremental implementation of	C) Descent final suideness based	to the Core Leadership Team
	strategies to accelerate student	6) Present final evidence-based	Create a Drafassianal
	learning during year two	recommendations to the Core	5) Create a Professional
	7) Decime a plan for incremental	Leadership Team	Development (PD) Plan that
	7) Design a plan for incremental	7) Design full involves a station of	incorporates all training needs
	implementation	7) Design full implementation of	identified to ensure the
	8) Create a Professional	selected programs	successful full implementation of
	-,	0) Create a Drafassianal	the programs and additional PD
	Development (PD) Plan that	8) Create a Professional	needs moving forward
	incorporates all training needs	Development (PD) Plan that	
	identified to ensure the	incorporates all training needs identified to ensure the	
	successful implementation of the	successful incremental	
	pilot programs	implementation of the	
		prioritized programs	

<b>B. Develop Comprehensive Student</b> <b>Supports:</b> Facilitate the implementation of pilot programs for student support services incorporating the suggested strategies proposed by staff, students, administration and partners.	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
I. Develop and Implement an Individualized Student Plan (ISP): The ISP will provide students with all	<ol> <li>Develop a LARAEC Individualized Student Plan (ISP) aligned with community college requirements</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Pilot new ISP designs, if necessary</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Coordinate full implementation of ISP</li> </ol>
the needed information to complete their pathway. Additionally, it will contain helpful information that	<ol> <li>Design pilot programs for implementation of ISP</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Coordinate Incremental implementation of ISP</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Support and evaluate full implementation of ISP</li> </ol>
students can refer to when in need of additional services, such as accommodations for Adults with Disabilities.	<ol> <li>Implement the ISP pilot programs</li> <li>Support and evaluate pilot programs</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Design full implementation of ISP</li> <li>Support and evaluate incremental implementation of ISP</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Evaluate the implemented programs to determine their efficiency and to issue additional recommendations/suggestions to the Core Leadership Team</li> </ol>
	<ul> <li>programs</li> <li>5) Report findings and issue evidence-based recommendations</li> <li>6) Design a plan for incremental implementation</li> <li>7) Create a Professional Development (PD) Plan that incorporates all training needs identified to ensure the successful implementation of the pilot programs</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>5) Present final evidence-based recommendations to the Core Leadership Team</li> <li>6) Design full implementation of ISP</li> <li>7) Create a Professional Development (PD) Plan that incorporates all training needs identified to ensure the successful incremental implementation of ISP</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>4) Create a Professional Development (PD) Plan that incorporates all training needs identified to ensure the successful full implementation of the programs and additional PD needs moving forward</li> </ul>

II. Counseling Best Practices: Develop and implement a LARAEC	1) Determine student-centered core counseling elements in	1) Expand pilot of segments of Guidance Master Plan	1) Coordinate full implementation of Guidance Master Plan
Comprehensive Guidance Master Plan.	each of the program areas	2) Coordinate incremental	2) Support and evaluate full
	2) Determine the best practices for delivery of counseling services in each of the program areas	, implementation of Guidance Master Plan	implementation of Guidance Master Plan
	<ol> <li>Assess current counseling services and practices offered within LARAEC</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Support and evaluate incremental implementation of Guidance Master Plan</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Evaluate the implemented programs to determine their efficiency and to issue additional recommendations/suggestions</li> </ol>
	<ul><li>4) Design a Guidance Master Plan that includes common tools,</li></ul>	<ol> <li>Present final evidence-based recommendations to the Core Leadership Team</li> </ol>	<ul><li>4) Create a Professional</li></ul>
	such as assessments and strategies to accommodate the needs of Adults with Disabilities	5) Design full implementation of Guidance Master Plan	Development (PD) Plan that incorporates all training needs identified to ensure the
	5) Design pilot programs for implementation of segments of the Guidance Master Plan	6) Create a Professional Development (PD) Plan that incorporates all training needs identified to ensure the	successful full implementation of the programs and additional PD needs moving forward
	<ol> <li>Implement pilot programs for segments of the Guidance Master Plan</li> </ol>	successful implementation of the segments of the Guidance Master Plan	
	<ol> <li>Support and evaluate pilot programs</li> </ol>		
	<ol> <li>Report findings and issue evidence-based recommendations</li> </ol>		
	9) Design a plan for incremental implementation		
	10) Create a Professional Development (PD) Plan that		

	incorporates all training needs identified to ensure the successful implementation of the pilot programs		
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III. Student Community Supports:	1) Develop an inventory of student	1)	Expand pilot programs	1)	Coordinate full implementation
Coordinate the implementation of student community supports through	needs to be addressed through community supports	2)	Coordinate Incremental		of student community supports
colocation, referral and partnerships.	community supports	-,	implementation	2)	Support and evaluate full
	2) Develop an inventory of student	2)			implementation of student
	community support already provided and the agencies that	3)	Support and evaluate incremental implementation of		community supports
	provide it		student community supports	3)	Evaluate the implemented
					programs to determine their
	3) Develop a list of proposed sites where student supports are to	4)	Present final evidence-based recommendations to the Core		efficiency and to issue additional recommendations/suggestions
	be provided or collocated		Leadership Team		to the Core Leadership Team
	4) Develop liaisons with agencies	۲)	Design full implementation of		Create a Professional
	that provide the needed services	5)	student community supports	4)	Development (PD) Plan that
					incorporates all training needs
	5) Develop proposals with agencies to provide the needed services.	6)	Create a Professional Development (PD) Plan that		identified to ensure the successful full implementation of
			incorporates all training needs		the programs and additional PD
	6) Propose pilot programs and sites for implementation of External		identified to ensure the successful incremental		needs moving forward
	Student Supports.		implementation of student		
			community supports		
	<ol> <li>Implement pilot programs for student community supports</li> </ol>				
	8) Support and evaluate pilot				
	programs				
	9) Report findings and issue				
	evidence-based recommendations				
	10) Design a plan for incremental				
	implementation of student community supports				
	11) Create a Professional				

Development (F incorporates all identified to en successful imple pilot programs	raining needs	
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C. Delineate Common Data,	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
Information, Accountability System			
and Technology Supported			
Instruction: Create a LARAEC data			
and accountability system that			
includes a common student identifier			
to track student progress and			
outcomes beginning at intake.			
Additionally, develop or implement			
new systems designed to help			
students gain access to information			
and courses and a common LARAEC			
Information System.			
I. Data/Accountability System and	Data Accountability System:	Data Accountability System:	Data Accountability System:
Data Warehouse:			
LARAEC needs to maintain	<ol> <li>Define and propose student</li> </ol>	1) Support the implementation and	1) Coordinate full implementation
transparency and remain accountable	outcome and progress metrics to	testing of the Accountability	of the Accountability System
to all stakeholders. Implementing a	be tracked	System	
Data Accountability system will			<ol><li>Support and evaluate full</li></ol>
ensure that stakeholders are able to	2) Establish a baseline or index for	2) Evaluate implementation of the	implementation of the
easily determine the progress	each of the metrics to be	Accountability System	Accountability System
students and LARAEC are making	followed		
toward their goals. To this end,		<ol><li>Present evidence-based options</li></ol>	<ol><li>Evaluate the implemented</li></ol>
LARAEC members need to share data	<ol><li>Evaluate the feasibility of</li></ol>	for full implementation	programs to determine their
to determine metric levels across	collecting and aggregating the		efficiency and to issue additional
districts. An interim step is the	necessary data for the chosen	4) Create a Professional	recommendations/suggestions
creation of a Data Warehouse.	metrics	Development (PD) Plan that	to the Core Leadership Team
		incorporates all training needs	
	4) Develop a schedule of metrics	identified to ensure the	4) Create a Professional
	milestones	successful implementation of the	Development (PD) Plan that
		Accountability System including	incorporates all training needs
	5) Develop an incremental	approaches to train all LARAEC's	identified to ensure the
	implementation plan	stakeholders on the meaning and	successful full implementation of
		utility of the Accountability	the programs and additional PD
	6) Present findings to the Core	System	needs moving forward
	Leadership Team		

Data Wareho	ouse: Da	ata Warehouse:	Data Warehouse:
8) Evaluate	members' existing information systems5)other systems available e parameters desired6)	testing of the Data Warehouse system	<ul> <li>5) Coordinate full implementation of the Data Warehouse system</li> <li>6) Support and evaluate full implementation of the Data Warehouse system</li> </ul>
for the d for the d 10) Evaluate creating and the to host in 11) Evaluate the Acco with the 12) Develop agreeme member	<ul> <li>ata to be warehoused</li> <li>The feasibility of the Data Warehouse</li> <li>ability of each member t and access it</li> <li>the ability to implement buntability System only data in the Warehouse</li> <li>data-sharing ents between the districts</li> </ul>	Present evidence-based options for full implementation	<ul> <li>7) Evaluate the implemented programs to determine their efficiency and to issue additional recommendations/suggestions to the Core Leadership Team</li> <li>8) Create a Professional Development (PD) Plan that incorporates all training needs identified to ensure the successful full implementation of the programs and additional PD needs moving forward</li> </ul>
an interi student to imple System 14) Present Core Lea LARAEC system, including	ent a Data Warehouse as m measure to share data across LARAEC and ment the Accountability recommendation to the dership Team for a data and accountability data warehouse g the necessary protocols nmon student identifier		

II. LARAEC Information System:	1)	Evaluate members' existing	1)	Test the new system	1)	Support and evaluate the full
Implement a single information system to be used by LARAEC's		student information systems	2)	Pilot the new system		implementation of the new
members and to support the	2)	Evaluate other systems available	2)	Phot the new system		system
Accountability System. The system is	2,		3)	Support and evaluate the	2)	Present evidence-based findings
to be accessible through the	3)	Determine if any of the existing	-,	incremental implementation of	_,	and recommendations to the
LARAEC's website among other	ĺ	systems is capable of performing		the new system		Core Leadership Team
portals.		all the desired tasks		-		
			4)	Present evidence-based findings	3)	Create a Professional
	4)	Evaluate the feasibility of		and recommendations to the		Development (PD) Plan that
		integrating existing systems with		Core Leadership Team		incorporates all training needs
		full accessibility by all members	۲)			identified to ensure the
		or to use any one single student information system	5)	Create a full implementation plan		successful full implementation of the programs and additional PD
		information system		pian		needs moving forward
	5)	Evaluate the need for a new	6)	Create a Professional		
		system	-,	Development (PD) Plan that	4)	Create plans for expansion of
				incorporates all training needs		physical locations to address
	6)	Present recommendations to the		identified to ensure the		geographical gaps and enhance
		Core Leadership Team for a		successful full implementation of		student access contingent upon
		LARAEC single student		the new system		adequate funding.
		information system, including				
		the necessary protocols for a	7)	Create plans for expansion of		
		common student identifier		physical locations to address geographical gaps and enhance		
	7)	Develop a new Student		student access contingent upon		
	''	Information System incremental		adequate funding.		
		implementation plan				
	8)	Create a Professional				
		Development (PD) Plan that				
		incorporates all training needs				
		identified to ensure the				
		successful implementation of the				
		pilot programs				
	9)	Identify new service locations to				
	''	address geographical gaps and				
		address geographical gaps and				

enhance student access contingent upon adequate funding.	

III. Technology Supported	1) Develop an inventory of existing	1)	Pilot new technology supported	1)	Support and evaluate the full
Instruction: Develop or expand	approaches to technology		instruction designs, if necessary		implementation of technology
technology supported instruction to	supported instruction				supported instruction
expand access to LARAEC programs.		2)	Coordinate Incremental		
	2) Develop an inventory of new		implementation	2)	Present evidence-based findings
	desired or new best practice				and recommendations to the
	approaches to technology	3)	Support and evaluate		Core Leadership Team
	supported instruction and their		incremental implementation of technology supported instruction	21	Create a Professional
	cost		technology supported instruction	3)	Development (PD) Plan that
	3) Develop and present to Core	4)	Present final evidence-based		incorporates all training needs
	Leadership Tea a list of proposed	.,	recommendations to the Core		identified to ensure the
	sites and approaches to		Leadership Team		successful full implementation of
	technology supported instruction				the programs and additional PD
	to be piloted and their respective	5)	Design full implementation of		needs moving forward
	cost, if any		technology supported instruction		
	4) Implement pilot programs for	6)	Create a Professional		
	technology supported instruction		Development (PD) Plan that incorporates all training needs		
	5) Support and evaluate pilot		identified to ensure the		
	programs		successful incremental		
			implementation of technology		
	6) Report findings and issue		supported instruction		
	evidence-based				
	recommendations				
	<ol> <li>Design a plan for incremental implementation of technology</li> </ol>				
	supported instruction				
	supported instruction				
	8) Create a Professional				
	Development (PD) Plan that				
	incorporates all training needs				
	identified to ensure the				
	successful implementation of the				
	pilot programs				

IV LABAEC's Mahaita: Davalar a	1)	Identify and propage website	1)	Implement the protocols for	1)	Support and avaluate the full
IV. LARAEC's Website: Develop a centralized website for LARAEC	1)	Identify and propose website	1)	Implement the protocols for	1)	Support and evaluate the full
		components, resources,		posting, updating and managing		implementation of LARAEC's
students, staff and other		structure and general		the website		website
stakeholders to provide information		information				
and to host the LARAEC data systems			2)	Coordinate the phased-in	2)	Present evidence-based findings
and technology supported	2)	Secure web design proposals		implementation of LARAEC's		and recommendations to the
instruction.				website		Core Leadership Team
	3)	Define protocols for posting,				
		updating and managing the	3)	Support and evaluate the	3)	Create a Professional
		website		phased-in implementation of		Development (PD) Plan that
				LARAEC's website		incorporates all training needs
	4)	Create a web-based information				identified to ensure the
		and marketing plan	4)	Present options for full		successful full implementation of
				implementation		LARAEC's website and additional
	5)	Present recommendations to the		•		PD needs moving forward
	ļ '	Core Leadership Team	5)	Create a Professional		5
			- /	Development (PD) Plan that		
	6)	Develop a plan for the design		incorporates all training needs		
	0,	and testing of the phased-in		identified to ensure the		
		implementation of the website		successful incremental		
		implementation of the website				
		Create a Drefessional		implementation of technology		
	7)	Create a Professional		supported instruction		
		Development (PD) Plan that				
		incorporates all training needs				
		identified to ensure the				
		successful implementation of the				
		pilot program				

# Strategies, Proposed Workgroups and Their Functions

Table 2 summarizes proposed workgroups and their function for each of the strategies described in the three-year plan. Each strategy will implement at least one pilot to evaluate its feasibility and efficiency.

Three-Year Plan Strategy	Proposed Workgroups	Workgroup Function/Pilot
I. Assessment Integration and Alignment	<ol> <li>ESL, Citizenship and VESL</li> <li>Basic Skills English and VABE</li> <li>Basic Skills Math and VABE</li> <li>High School Equivalency</li> <li>ASE</li> <li>CTE</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Develop a common set of assessment competencies for LARAEC</li> <li>Develop a cross-reference of assessment tools</li> <li>Design pilot assessment programs for implementation, including computer based assessment</li> <li>Implement pilot programs</li> <li>Support and evaluate pilot programs</li> <li>Identify assessment programs to be implemented</li> <li>Create a Professional Development (PD) Plan that incorporates all training needs identified to ensure the successful implementation of the pilot programs</li> </ul>
II. Curriculum Alignment	<ol> <li>ESL, Citizenship and VESL</li> <li>Basic Skills English and VABE</li> <li>Basic Skills Math and VABE</li> <li>CTE</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Evaluate and prioritize course sequences where alignment is needed</li> <li>Design pilots programs for implementation of aligned sequences</li> <li>Implement pilot programs</li> <li>Support and evaluate implemented pilot programs</li> <li>Create a Professional Development (PD) Plan that incorporates all training needs identified to ensure the successful implementation of the pilot programs</li> </ul>
III. Industry/Sector Specific Pathways and Course Articulation	<ol> <li>Course Articulation and Sector Specific Pathways Including Apprenticeships.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Evaluate and design pathways and propose course articulations for the top five Industry Sectors including the following:         <ul> <li>VESL/VABE to CTE</li> <li>ABE/ASE to CTE</li> <li>CTE to community college</li> </ul> </li> <li>Evaluate and design academic pathways:         <ul> <li>CESL to community college</li> <li>ABE/ASE to Cremunity college</li> <li>ABE/ASE to community college</li> <li>High School Equivalency to community college</li> <li>High School Equivalency to community college</li> <li>Involve industry and business partners in the development and update of Industry Sector Pathways, curriculum, course requirements, essential equipment and strategies for implementing internships, mentoring and job-shadowing opportunities</li> <li>Design pilot programs for implementation of articulated pathways</li> <li>Implement pilot programs</li> <li>Support and evaluate implemented pilot programs</li> <li>Pilot an apprenticeship support partnership with LAUSD as the LEA and LACCD as the cooperative education supporter of selected joint apprenticeship programs</li> <li>Create a Professional Development (PD) Plan that incorporates all training needs identified to ensure the successful implementation of the pilot programs</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

IV.	Strategies for Accelerated Student Learning	<ol> <li>Instructional, Scheduling and Geographic Strategies for Accelerated Student Progress</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Evaluate and prioritize strategies to accelerate student learning</li> <li>Design pilots programs for implementation of strategies to accelerate student learning</li> <li>Implement pilot programs</li> <li>Support and evaluate implemented pilot programs</li> <li>Create a Professional Development (PD) Plan that incorporates all training needs identified to ensure the successful implementation of the pilot programs</li> </ul>
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Three-Year Plan Strategy	Proposed Workgroups	Workgroup Function/Pilot
I. Individualized Student Plan	1. Individualized Student Plan	<ul> <li>Develop a LARAEC Individualized Student Plan (ISP) aligned with community college requirements</li> <li>Design pilot programs for implementation of ISP</li> <li>Implement the ISP pilot programs</li> <li>Support and evaluate pilot programs</li> <li>Report findings and issue evidence-based recommendations</li> <li>Create a Professional Development (PD) Plan that incorporates all training needs identified to ensure the successful implementation of the pilot programs</li> </ul>
II. Counseling Best Practices	1. Guidance Master Plan	<ul> <li>Determine student-centered core counseling elements in each of the program areas</li> <li>Determine the best practices for delivery of counseling services in each of the program areas</li> <li>Assess current counseling services and practices offered within LARAEC</li> <li>Design a Guidance Master Plan that includes common tools, assessments and strategies to accommodate the needs of Adults with Disabilities</li> <li>Design pilot programs for implementation of segments of the Guidance Master Plan</li> <li>Implement pilot programs for segments of the Guidance Master Plan</li> <li>Support and evaluate pilot programs</li> <li>Create a Professional Development (PD) Plan that incorporates all training needs identified to ensure the successful implementation of the pilot programs</li> </ul>
III. Student Community Supports	1. Partners and Community Supports	<ul> <li>Develop an inventory of student needs to be addressed through community supports</li> <li>Develop an inventory of student community support already provided and the agencies that provide it</li> <li>Develop a list of proposed sites where student supports are to be provided or collocated</li> <li>Develop liaisons with agencies that provide the needed services</li> <li>Develop proposals with agencies to provide the needed services.</li> <li>Propose pilot programs and sites for implementation of External Student Supports.</li> <li>Implement pilot programs for student community supports</li> <li>Support and evaluate pilot programs</li> <li>Create a Professional Development (PD) Plan that incorporates all training needs identified to ensure the successful implementation of the pilot programs</li> </ul>
Three-Year Plan Strategy	Proposed Workgroups	Workgroup Function/Pilot
--	--	--
I. Data/Accountability System and Data Warehouse	<ol> <li>Data Warehouse and Accountability and Student Information Systems*</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Data Accountability System:</li> <li>Define and propose student outcome and progress metrics to be tracked</li> <li>Establish a baseline or index for each of the metrics to be followed</li> <li>Evaluate the feasibility of collecting and aggregating the necessary data for the chosen metrics</li> <li>Develop a schedule of metrics milestones</li> <li>Develop an incremental implementation plan</li> <li>Data Warehouse:</li> <li>Evaluate other systems available</li> <li>Define the parameters desired for the data to be warehoused</li> <li>Evaluate the feasibility of creating the Data Warehouse and the ability of each member to host it and access it</li> <li>Evaluate the ability to implement the Accountability System only with the data in the Warehouse</li> <li>Develop data-sharing agreements between the member districts</li> <li>Implement a Data Warehouse as an interim measure to share student data across LARAEC and to implement the Accountability System</li> <li>Establish protocols for a common student identifier</li> </ul>
II. LARAEC Information System	<ol> <li>Data Warehouse and Accountability and Student Information Systems*</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Evaluate members' existing student information systems</li> <li>Evaluate other systems available</li> <li>Determine if any of the existing systems is capable of performing all the desired tasks</li> <li>Evaluate the feasibility of integrating existing systems with full accessibility by all members or to use any one single student information system</li> <li>Evaluate the need for a new system</li> <li>Create a Professional Development (PD) Plan that incorporates all training needs identified to ensure the successful implementation of the pilot programs</li> </ul>
III. Technology Supported Instruction	1. Technology Supported Instruction	<ul> <li>Develop an inventory of existing approaches to technology supported instruction</li> <li>Develop an inventory of new desired or new best practice approaches to technology supported instruction and their cost</li> <li>Develop and present to Core Leadership Tea a list of proposed sites and approaches to technology supported instruction to be piloted and their respective cost, if any</li> <li>Implement pilot programs for technology supported instruction</li> <li>Report findings and issue evidence-based recommendations</li> <li>Create a Professional Development (PD) Plan that incorporates all training needs identified to ensure the successful implementation of the pilot programs</li> </ul>

IV. LARAEC's Website 1. Website Development	<ul> <li>Identify and propose website components, resources, structure and general information</li> <li>Secure web design proposals</li> <li>Define protocols for posting, updating and managing the website</li> <li>Create a web-based information and marketing plan</li> <li>Present recommendations to the Core Leadership Team</li> <li>Develop a plan for the design and testing of the phased-in implementation of the website</li> <li>Create a Professional Development (PD) Plan that incorporates all training needs identified to ensure the successful implementation of the pilot program</li> </ul>
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\* Same Workgroup

## IV. FUNDING ALLOCATION RECOMMENDATIONS

#### **Current Funding Levels (Approximate)**

In recent years, funding levels for LARAEC's adult education programs have been substantially reduced, particularly for the USDs. Since 2007-08, the total investment in LARAEC's USDs has dropped from \$328.4 million to \$106.1 million in 2013-14, representing a 68% reduction.

Table 3				
LARAEC Members	2007-08	2013-14	\$ Change	% Decrease
- Burbank USD	\$ 2.0	\$ 1.5	\$ (0.5)	(25)%
- Culver City USD	\$ 1.4	\$ 1.1	\$ (0.3)	(21)%
- Los Angeles USD	\$ 310.0	\$ 91.0	\$ (219.0)	(71)%
- Montebello USD	\$ 15.0	\$ 12.5	\$ (2.5)	(17)%
Adult Education	\$ 328.4	\$ 106.1	\$ (222.3)	(68)%
Community	\$ 162.0*	\$ 151.0	ć (11 O)	(7)0/
Colleges	Ş 102.0°	ş 151.0	\$ (11.0)	(7)%
Totals	\$ 490.4	\$ 257.1	\$ (233.3)	(48)%

#### Approximate Funding Levels: 2007-08 versus 2013-14

\* 2008-2009 fiscal year funding

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As shown on Table 3 the most dramatic decrease occurred within LAUSD, a reduction of \$219 million or 71% of the 2007-2008 funding. Montebello, Burbank, and Culver City USDs each experienced reductions as well. As a result, the LARAEC USDs (particularly LAUSD) have had to cut programs, services and close adult schools.

LARAEC's K-12 adult education programs are underfunded at current levels. LARAEC's plan, appropriately funded, will improve and ultimately benefit each of its students and the economy of the region.

To serve the most students possible LARAEC proposes an optimal level of funding for 2015-2016 of \$360 million, to be distributed as follows:

# LARAEC Funding Options 2015-2016 (\$Millions)

	Students	Served per	Funding Opti	on		
Total Students	418,0	000	277,0	000	153,0	000
LARAEC Members	Students	Millions	Students	Millions	Students	Millions
- Burbank USD	8,280	\$3	6,210	\$2	4,140	\$1.5
- Culver City USD	4,900	\$2	3,300	\$1.5	1,813	\$1.1
- Los Angeles USD	270,400	\$250	180,500	\$167	98,154	\$91.0
- Montebello USD	68,400	\$30	46,000	\$20	25,014	\$12.5
K-12 Adult Education*	351,980	\$285	236,010	\$190.5	129,121	\$106.1
LACCD	<u></u>	4-4				4
(Additional students to be served	65,851	\$70	41,392	\$44	23,518	\$25.0
beyond existing base of 142,102) LARAEC Planning and		\$5		\$5		\$5.0
Pilot Programs		Ϋ́		Ϋ́́		<b>9</b> 5.0
Totals		\$360		\$240		\$136.1

#### Table 4

\* The amounts shown do not include provisions for salary and benefit increases (if salary and benefit increases are implemented, the number of students served will decrease).

The LARAEC Pilot program and planning implementation requested funding is itemized as follows:

#### Table 5

	JIE D		
Str	ategy		Funding Requested
Α.	Bridge	es and Pathways	
	Ι.	Assessment Integration and Alignment	200,000
	II.	Curriculum Alignment	400,000
	III.	Industry/Sector Specific Pathways and	200,000
		Course Articulation	150,000
	IV.	Strategies to Accelerate Student Learning	200,000
В.	Comp	rehensive Student Supports	
	Ι.	Individualized Student Plan	250,000
	II.	Counseling Best Practices	400,000
	III.	Student Community Supports	200,000
C.	Comm	non Data, Information and Accountability Systems	
	Ι.	Data/Accountability System and Data Warehouse	300,000
	II.	LARAEC Information System	200,000
	III.	Technology Supported Instruction	300,000
	IV.	LARAEC Website	200,000
Str	ategy I	mplementation and Cost of Pilot Programs	3,000,000
On	going (	Cost of LARAEC	2,000,000
Gra	and To	tal	5,000,000

## Consortium Funding 2016-2017 and Beyond

Effective FY 2016-2017, LARAEC suggests the implementation of a phased-in performance-based funding (PBF) formula, where LARAEC's funding is determined, in part, by negotiated outcomes and progress metrics.

A set of metrics and a baseline will be evaluated during FY 2015-2016. The performance indicators would be combined into a composite index equal to 100%. Part of the consortium's funding would be based directly on the indexed performance, such that meeting or exceeding 100% may result in incentivized (increased) funding to the consortium. LARAEC proposes the formula to have a "base" component, the "base" and the incentive portion sliding inversely over four years until they reach an 85-15 target split. An example of a possible formula is as follows:

Base	Incentive
95%	5%
92%	8%
88%	12%
85%	15%
	95% 92% 88%

In 2016-2017, LARAEC recommends that K-12 Districts be funded in the same manner that noncredit courses will be funded in the community colleges. This funding, as is the case for maintenance of effort (MOE), should be based on 2012-2013 FTE's by district and capped at MOE levels.

Additional funds, in excess of maintenance of effort, to expand adult education in California should be directed to the Consortia based on need and outcomes.

Rationale: This approach will remove unnecessary variability resulting from each consortium determining its own rates of reimbursement. It also allows K-12 districts to ensure continued programs to address students' needs and services to close gaps by providing a platform for yearly planning, expansion, and improvement.

Additionally, LARAEC supports the continuance of the authority of its governance structure, which includes the Community College Board of Trustees and School Districts' Boards of Education for the implementation of the plan and the distribution of the block grant funds.

Table 6 displays an example of incentives regardless of base.

Table 6

Performance Range		Funding as % of base
90 to 99%		100%
100 to 109%	Will result in	105%
110 to 119%		110%
120 to 129%		115%

Possible outcome and progress metrics may include:

Table 7

	Outcome Metrics	Progress Metrics
CCD	Graduation Rate	Enrollment in Remedial Education
	Number of Degrees	Success in Remedial Education
	Certificates Awarded	Persistence
	Transfer Rates	30 Units Completion
	Time and Credits to Degree	Retention Rates
	Jobs Attained	Couse Completion
		Low Income Students
		Unprepared Students
		Adults with Disabilities
USD's	High School Graduation Rate	Enrollment in Remediation Education
	High School Equivalency Exam	Success in Remedial Education
	Rate	Persistence
	CTE Certificates Awarded	Retention Rates
	Diplomas Awarded	Course Completion
	• Transfer to CC Rate or Higher	Program Completion Transfer
	Level of Education	Low Income Students
	<ul> <li>Jobs Attained</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>&lt; 9<sup>th</sup> grade Reading/Math Students</li> </ul>
		Adults with Disabilities

## V. THE REGIONAL AREA, THE CONSORTIUM AND ITS MEMBERS

#### Los Angeles Regional Adult Education Consortium

#### **Demographics**

The area served by LARAEC represents over 5 million adults and is located in a ethnically and racially diverse region of Los Angeles County: 48% Latino, 28% Caucasian, 14% Asian 8% African-American, and 2% who self-identify as "other." Approximately 36% of residents are foreign-born. Moreover, 56% of residents live in homes where a language other than English is spoken, and of those, 54% speak English "less than very well"

According to the AB 86 Work Group (AB 86 Statistics, 2013) 34% of residents of Los Angeles County live in poverty, 7% of households receive public assistance, 47.3% own a home. The per capita income is \$27,900 and the median household income is \$56,241.

In 2009, adults in Los Angeles County with less than a high school diploma earned an average of \$18,451 per year, whereas those with some post-secondary education or an associate's degree earned 93% more (\$35,643). Studies show that immigrants lacking a high school diploma or equivalency certificate are 15% less likely to become naturalized citizens.

Postsecondary Education Value – Median Income vs. Unemployment, Figure 5, illustrates the median income and educational attainment for the population 25 years and older and the unemployment rate (by educational attainment) for July of the corresponding year. There is a clear inverse relationship between educational attainment and the unemployment rate. In general, the lower the educational attainment of individuals the more likely they are to be unemployed. This is particularly troublesome as approximately 27% of the residents in the Los Angeles area do not have a high school diploma and 42% of them are English language learners (AB 86 Statistics, 2013). These are only two of the many barriers affecting prospective students in the Los Angeles area. Additionally, statistics provided by the AB 86 workgroup indicated 16% lack appropriate literacy skills, 14% are non-US citizens, and 10% of the population are adults with disabilities.





	Statewide Average	Average	Graduate / Professional D	essional Degree	Baccalaureate Degree	ate Degree	Some College / Associate Degree	ssociate Degree	High School Graduate	l Graduate	Less Than High School Graduate	School Graduate
Year	Unemployment Rate	Median Annual Income	Unemployment Rate	Median Annual Income	Unemployment Rate	Median Annual Income	Unemployment Rate	Median Annual Income	Unemployment Rate	Median Annual Income	Unemployment Rate	Median Annua Income
2004	6.7%	\$ 33,266	3.2%	\$ 65.728	4.3%	\$ 48,507	5.4%	\$ 35,004	8.2%	\$ 26,541	12.4%	\$ 17,255
2005	5.7%	\$ 35,164	2.6%	\$ 67,740	3.2%	\$ 50,388	5.4%	\$ 35,861	6.7%	\$ 27,217	10.0%	\$ 18,163
2006	5.1%	\$ 35,297	2.4%	\$ 71.060	3.0%	\$ 50.941	4.3%	\$ 36.015	6.0%	\$ 27.461	9.5%	\$ 18,487
6	5.0%	\$ 36,384	2.4%	\$ 71,938	2.9%	\$ 52,370	4.1%	\$ 36,958	5.8%	\$ 29,199	9.6%	\$ 19,173
2008	6.2%	\$ 36,855	2.4%	S 74,664	3.3%	\$ 52.111	5.5%	\$ 37.134	7.9%	\$ 29.473	11.4%	\$ 20,109
2009	968.6	\$ 35,386	3.8%	\$ 73,078	6.1%	\$ 51.938	8.8%	\$ 35,643	12.2%	\$ 26,950	17.3%	\$ 18,451

Source of Median Income Data: U.S. Census Bureau American FactFinder <u>http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jst/pages/index.xhtml.</u> Note: Data from non-census years are estimates based on surveys. Please see the U. S. Census Bureau website for more detailed information.

Source of Unemployment Data: Special data request from California Employment Development Department Labor Market Information http://www.labormarketinfo.edd.ca.gov/

While there have been recent decreases in the unemployment rate, as of July 2014, the Los Angeles County unemployment rate was 8.2%, which is still 2.1% above the national unemployment rate of 6.1%. Furthermore, the cost of living index in Los Angeles is 136% of the national average.

In addition to the aforementioned facts, 20% of Los Angeles area high school students drop-out between the ninth and twelfth grade (Los Angeles County, 2014). Therefore, adult education programs are necessary to provide pathways to economic independence and to increase opportunities for heads of households to earn family-sustaining wages.

# LARAEC Beginnings

In December of 2013, the East Los Angeles College (ELAC) President and the Los Angeles Unified School District (LAUSD), Division of Adult and Career Education (DACE) Executive Director met to determine the school districts that operated within the boundaries of the Los Angeles Community College District (LACCD). Based on their research, they invited the following districts to join the consortium:

- 1. Beverly Hills
- 2. Las Virgenes
- 3. Palos Verdes
- 4. Alhambra
- 5. San Gabriel
- 6. Montebello
- 7. Culver City
- 8. Burbank

Three districts did not reply or declined the invitation to participate (Beverly Hills, Las Virgenes and Palos Verdes). Two districts (Alhambra and San Gabriel) indicated an interest in participating; however, representatives were not sent to any of the scheduled meetings nor did they make any attempt to contact the offices of ELAC or LAUSD/DACE. WestEd was charged with obtaining additional information about the non-participating districts. Their findings support LARAEC's initial conclusions. To date, in spite of additional contact, none of the non-participating districts have expressed interest in participating in LARAEC.

The remaining three districts, Burbank Unified School District (BUSD), Culver City Unified School District (CCUSD) and Montebello Unified School District (MUSD), along with LAUSD and LACCD became the five member Los Angeles Regional Adult Education Consortium (LARAEC), which was formally established on February 24, 2014 through the joint Planning Grant Application submitted in response to the Certification of Eligibility Grant released on December 19, 2013.

Between the first meeting and the submission of the Planning Grant Application, multiple meetings took place in which the LARAEC representatives agreed on the organizational structure, shared leadership approach, project planning roles and responsibilities, and a communication plan.

The members established a core leadership team composed of no more than 5 representatives from each district. The Core Leadership Team consists of five representatives from LAUSD, five from LACCD, five from MUSD, two from CCUSD and two from BUSD. Together, the Core Leadership Team members committed to designing LARAEC's governance, creating a vision statement, developing and implementing a regional plan.

## LARAEC Vision Statement

"The Los Angeles Regional Adult Education Consortium will sustain, expand and improve adult education. It will create seamless programs and pathways to workforce and higher education that are regionally relevant, efficient, comprehensive, and that leverage community resources through a structured and collaborative interagency approach. Programs will be student centered, data driven and focused on best practices. Students will gain 21<sup>st</sup> century skills; meet their employment, academic and civic goals; and contribute to the economic vitality of the Los Angeles region."

#### Governance

LARAEC adopted a consensus decision-making strategy. If consensus cannot be reached, decisions are to be made by a vote of the five members of the Executive Team. The highest ranking or designated representative of each district serves on the Executive Team. Each district was given one vote; three votes are needed to carry a motion. All decisions made to-date have been by consensus, a testament to the true collaborative approach fostered by the Consortium. LARAEC further determined that the LACCD should serve as the Fiscal Agent and LAUSD would be the Primary Contact for the State. It was decided that the Executive Team members from the largest district would serve as co-chairs at all Core Leadership Team meetings and that each district would appoint/hire a point person to coordinate the AB 86 activities of their respective district. Additionally, the Consortium hired a consulting group on a short-term contract

that provided assistance to the Executive Team in planning initial logistics and processes between the five LARAEC districts. The consultant's contract for services concluded in July, 2014. A facilitator, KH Consulting Group, was retained in early September, 2014 to compile input from stakeholders.

The Core Leadership Team also recognized the importance of partners and all stakeholders in the process of redesigning adult education. Partners will serve in an advisory role. Stakeholders such as teachers, students, faculty, staff members, organizations and boards have provided, and will continue to provide, input to shape the Regional Comprehensive Plan.

The Core Leadership Team created four committees to focus on the necessary tasks, seek input, and disseminate progress reports and AB 86 updates to interested parties. The Committees are:

- 1. Partners
- 2. Communications
- 3. Policy
- 4. Plan Writing

# LARAEC Team

Table 8		
DISTRICT	Function	Name and Title
Burbank Unified Scho	ool District	
	Executive Team/Point-Person	Emilio Urioste, Director Adult Education, ILA and CTE
Culver City Unified Sc	chool District	
	Executive Team/Point-Person	Veronica Montes, Principal
		Kevin Kronfeld, Coordinator of State and Federal Programs
Los Angeles Commun	nity College District	
	Executive Team/Co-chair	Marvin Martinez, President, East Los Angeles College
	Point-Person	Dr. Adrienne Ann Mullen, Dean, Adult Education, Los Angeles Community College District
		Dr. Felicito Cajayon, Vice Chancellor of Economic & Workforce Development
		Larry Frank, President, Los Angeles Trade Technical College
		Dr. Dan Walden, Vice President, Los Angeles City College
Los Angeles Unified S	School District	
	Executive Team/Co-chair	Donna Brashear, Executive Director
		Joe Stark, Administrator
	Point-Person	Kit Bell, Supervisor of Curriculum and Instruction
		John Davey, Data and Accountability
		Danna Escalante, Coordinator of Program and Policy Development
Montebello Unified Sc	chool District	
	Executive Team	Kathy Brendzal, Director
	Point-Person	Yvette Fimbres, Consultant
		Craig Lee, Departmental Financial Manager
		Dan Garcia, Principal
		Nancy Nakajima, Teacher on Special Assignment
Los Angeles Regional	Adult Education Consortium	
	Project Manager	Lanzi Asturias, Specialist Adult and Career Education



# LARAEC Locations



### LARAEC Members

The Los Angeles Regional Adult Education Consortium consists of five districts that are as diverse as the greater Los Angeles area they represent. Each district has unique and distinguishing characteristics; however, all share a common commitment to improve and expand the delivery of adult education in the region. The following is a brief description of the member districts that form the Los Angeles Regional Adult Education Consortium.

#### **Burbank Unified School District**

The City of Burbank is located in Los Angeles County. It occupies 17.3 square miles and is situated 12 miles northwest of downtown Los Angeles. In 2010, the total city population was 103,340 (2010 Census), with a median income of \$62,255 (American Family Survey, 2010). By 2013 the population was expected to increase by nearly 1,400 people.

Based on the 2010 Census, Burbank is predominantly Caucasian (72.7%). The second largest ethnicity is Latino (24.5%), followed by 11.6% Asian and 2.5% African American. There have been notable ethnic, racial and linguistic changes in Burbank's population since 2000. One of those changes has occurred in the language used by individuals at home. The number of Latino individuals and those who speak a language other than English at home has decreased from 40% in 2000 to 24.5% in 2010. The percentage of foreign-born residents in the city from 2008 to 2013 was calculated at 34.3%. Of this population 88% have a high school degree or higher, 37% have a bachelor's degree or higher, and 8.5% live below the poverty level (Burbank Adult School WASC Report, 2014).

The Burbank Unified School District (BUSD) is governed by a five-member Board of Education. BUSD operates four transitional kindergarten classes, eleven K-5 elementary schools, three middle schools, two comprehensive high schools, one alternative/continuation high school, a Community Day School, an adult school and a child development program. The total District enrollment was 15,433 during the 2012-13 school year. Students of Caucasian (46.3%) and Latino (34.9%) ethnicities comprised the majority of the District's ethnic, racial distribution. Over 40% of students in Burbank Unified School District are eligible for free or reduced lunch. There were 1,714 English language learners (ELLs) in the District (K-12) in 2011-12. This number represents 11% of the total District student enrollment and 29 languages spoken. Of that number, 38% spoke Spanish and 23% spoke Armenian. The number of ELLs served in the

District has steadily decreased in recent years (Burbank Adult School WASC Report, 2014).

Burbank Adult School has provided services to the community for 85 years. The school has a proud tradition of responding to the evolving educational needs of the community and its adult learners. In 2012-13, BAS served 6,140 students in the areas listed below. ESL and ASE have the largest program enrollments, with 24% and 25% respectively:

- Adult Basic Education (ABE)
- Adult Secondary Education (ASE)
- English as a Second Language (ESL)
- Career Technical Education (CTE)
- Apprenticeships

#### Culver City Unified School District

Culver City is a residential community about 12 miles west of downtown Los Angeles and five miles east of the beach at Marina Del Rey. Culver City is closely intertwined with the communities of Los Angeles, Inglewood, Marina Del Rey, and Westchester. According to the 2010 census, Culver City has a population of 38,883. Within that population there were 17,491 households.

Culver City Unified School District (CCUSD) is composed of five elementary schools, one middle school, one high school, one continuation high school, an adult school and an early childhood education program. A superintendent and five board members govern CCUSD. Culver City Adult School (CCAS) was founded in 1954 by the Culver City Unified School District just 5 years after CCUSD was formed, which is indicative of CCUSD's long-standing commitment to the education and enrichment of its adult population. CCAS is located adjacent to the Julia Dixon Library; a short walk from the high school, middle school, continuation school and one elementary school.

Although over 90% of Culver City residents have a high school diploma or higher, approximately 7.5% (2013) of the adult population of Culver City do not have a high school diploma or equivalent. This statistic highlights the need for adult education in the community. CCAS's ESL program meets the need of individuals in the community who are among the 36.3% who speak a language other than English in the home or the 24% who are foreign born. Culver City, like Culver City Adult School, also boasts significant populations of people from the following countries/regions: Latin America (Colombia, Brazil, Argentina, Chile, Venezuela, El Salvador and Guatemala); Europe;

Slavic/Russian; and Middle Eastern/Arabic (Culver City Adult School WASC Report, 2014).

Culver City Adult School has a dynamic student body whose ages range from 16 to 90. Students come to the school for varied reasons, which includes learning English, remediating basic skills in reading and math, completing their high school diploma or preparing for the High School Equivalency Exam (HSEE) and/or to focusing on a particular interest in their lives through community fee-based classes (Culver City Adult School WASC Report, 2014).

Serving this diverse group of students are classes offered in the following AB 86 program areas:

- Adult Basic Education (ABE)
- Adult Secondary Education (ASE)
- English as a Second Language (ESL)
- Citizenship
- Adults with Disabilities (AWD)

#### Los Angeles Community College District

The Los Angeles Community College District (LACCD) is the second largest multicollege district in the nation. LACCD offers educational opportunities to students in more than 40 cities covering an area over 882 square miles, and serving 5.2 million residents. Over the past 85 years, LACCD has served as an educational institution to more than three million students. An elected seven-member Board of Trustees, serving staggered four-year terms, governs the District. One student trustee, selected by the students, serves a one-year term beginning in June of every year.

Affordable, accessible and practical, the LACCD offers opportunity to all by educating and training more than 240,000 people each year through its nine community colleges. LACCD offers an array of educational services to people seeking affordable education, career-transition services, workforce development assistance, and economic development partnerships. This community college system often takes the lead in initiating region-wide workforce development strategies that focus on emerging industry trends and innovative learning models to meet the workforce development needs of business and industry. The nine colleges are:

- East Los Angeles College
- Los Angeles City College
- Los Angeles Harbor College
- Los Angeles Mission College
- Pierce College
- Los Angeles Southwest College
- Los Angeles Trade-Technical College
- Los Angeles Valley College
- West Los Angeles College

LACCD also helps to strengthen the economic vitality of the Southern California region by collaborating with regional business networks and external educational agencies. These approaches help to enhance student learning experiences and create the foundation for developing a skilled workforce that can meet the current and future trends of business and industry.

The District educates almost three times as many Latino students and nearly four times as many African-American students as all of the University of California campuses combined. Eighty percent of LACCD students are from underserved populations.

The change in the ethnicity of LACCD students was dramatic over the past three decades, with Latinos increasing to more than 50% of all students. Since the 1980's there was has been an upward trend in the percentage of Latino students and decline in other ethnicities.

The proportion of young students (under 20 and 20-24) has increased since 2005. Students under the age of 20 declined in numbers most substantially during the 1990s but have been increasing in recent years. This change in age distributions will have implications for FTES generation, program interest, and student service needs because these are students who come to LACCD colleges directly from high school. More than half of all LACCD students are older than 25 years of age, and more than a quarter are 35 or older.

In fall 2013 LACCD student demographic composition was 54.7% Latino, 4.9% African-American, 12.6% Asian, and 16.1% Caucasian. Of the student population 22.5% were non-native English speaking. Additionally, 51% of the student body fall below the poverty line and 18% are from homes in which parents attended only elementary education (according to the LACCD Spring 2012 Student Survey). The majority of students (72.5%) are part-time and 27.5% are full-time (12 or more credit hours).

Serving this diverse group of students are classes offered in the following AB 86 program areas:

- Adult Basic Education (ABE)
- Adult Secondary Education (ASE)
- English as a Second Language (ESL)
- Citizenship
- Career Technical Education (CTE)
- Adults with Disabilities (AWD)
- Apprenticeships

#### Los Angeles Unified School District

The second largest K-12 district in the nation, Los Angeles Unified School District (LAUSD) enrolls more than 650,000 students in kindergarten through 12th grade, at over 900 schools and 249 public charter schools. The boundaries spread over 710 square miles and include the city of Los Angeles as well as all or parts of 31 smaller municipalities plus several unincorporated sections of Southern California. About 4.8 million people live within the District's boundaries.

The ethnic composition of the student population is primarily Latino (73.4%); the remainder are African American (10.0%), Caucasian (8.8%), Asian (3.9%), Filipino (2.2%), Pacific Islander (.04%), American Indian (.04%) and two or more races, not Latino, (1%). In all, 92 languages other than English are spoken in LAUSD schools. The District has 161,484 English language learner students. Their primary languages are Spanish, which represent 93.4% of English language learners, Korean (1.1%), and Armenian (1.1%). Tagalog, Cantonese, Arabic, Vietnamese and Russian, each accounts for less than 1% of the total. As of October of the 2012-2013 school year, approximately 80% of LAUSD students qualified for free or reduced-price meals. Of the more than 27,000 educators LAUSD employs, 887 are adult education teachers (LAUSD, 2014).

The Division of Adult and Career Education (DACE) of LAUSD, the largest adult school program in the nation, serves a large geographic urban area (710 square miles) within the greater Los Angeles region. Over the last 10 years it has provided classes to over 3

million students. In 2013-2014, it addressed the needs of nearly 100,000 adult learners residing within the City of Los Angeles and eighteen other municipalities: Bell, Cudahy, Florence, Gardena, Huntington Park, Lomita, Marina Del Rey, Maywood, San Fernando, South Gate, Topanga, Universal City, Vernon, View Park, Walnut Park, West Athens, Westmont and West Hollywood. LAUSD reorganized and restructured its operations in 2012-2013. It established ten adult education Service Areas to address the adult education needs within the LAUSD attendance area. They are:

- Belmont
- East Los Angeles
- Evans
- Harbor
- Huntington Park-Bell
- Manual Arts
- Maxine Waters
- North Valley
- Van Nuys
- Venice

Each Service Area has a main campus with multiple satellite sites attached to the main campus. Currently there are 17 stand-alone adult education sites and 234 satellite branches that are located at LAUSD elementary and secondary schools, churches, libraries, local businesses, community, one-stop, work-source, family and senior centers.

Serving this diverse group of students are classes offered in the following AB 86 program areas:

- Adult Basic Education (ABE)
- Adult Secondary Education (ASE)
- English as a Second Language (ESL)
- Citizenship
- Career Technical Education (CTE)
- Adults with Disabilities (AWD)
- Program for Apprentices

#### Montebello Unified School District

The Montebello Unified School District (MUSD) is located in the southeastern section of Los Angeles County, 15 minutes east of downtown Los Angeles. MUSD is comprised of 18 elementary schools, six intermediate schools, four high schools, one continuation high school, two community day schools, six contract independent study programs, four adult schools, eleven head start programs, and five regional occupational programs. According to 2012-13 California Department of Education and 2009 American Community Survey data, MUSD's demographics are as follows: 90% of households speak Spanish; 40.1% of adults over 25 do not have a high school diploma; and 13.5% drop out of school. MUSD has a yearly enrollment of approximately 32,000 K-12 students with more than 50% of those students identified as English learners. Over 80% of K-12 pupils qualify to receive free or reduced-price meals.

MUSD's student attendance area spans approximately 46 square miles. MUSD serves a diverse student population from the cities of Bell Gardens, City of Commerce, and Montebello as well as Downey, Los Angeles, Monterey Park, Pico Rivera, Rosemead, and South San Gabriel. The area served by MUSD has a population of 166,739. The Latino population is predominant, higher than Los Angeles County's average, ranking seventeenth in California. Foreign-born residents make up 40.8% of the population. The most common spoken language in the region, other than English, is Spanish. Other significant languages spoken are: Armenian, Russian, and various Asian languages (California Department of Education, 2012).

MUSD has one of the three largest adult school programs in California. Montebello Community Adult School (MCAS), which operates as part of MUSD, was established in 1936. Service to the community began with a few evening classes in the Montebello area. Classes offered at that time were mainly for the purpose of Americanization. Montebello has an established history and commitment to serving the needs of adult learners.

MCAS operates four major adult school sites: Bell Gardens Community Adult School, Ford Park Community Adult School, Montebello Community Adult School, and Schurr Community Adult School. Three of the four major sites are located on high school campuses, and one school, Ford Park Adult School is an all-adult facility. MCAS also operates adult school classes at over fifty locations across the district including K-12 schools, local businesses, churches and community centers. Currently, 25,000 students enroll on an annual basis, a 23% reduction in services from 2008-09 when flexibility was instituted by the State. MCAS offers a sequential, transitional program where students start at the beginning ESL level with an ultimate transitional goal of earning a high school diploma, with the option of enrolling into the Career Technical Education Program, going to college and finally to the workforce. MCAS offers classes in the following AB 86 program areas:

- Adult Basic Education (ABE)
- Adult Secondary Education (ASE)
- English as a Second Language (ESL)
- Citizenship
- Career Technical Education (CTE)
- Adults with Disabilities (AWD)
- Apprenticeship

## LARAEC Committees

#### Partners Committee

To create the Partners Committee, the Core Leadership Team developed a list of prospective partners to provide input and support to the LARAEC Regional Comprehensive Plan. Partners invited to serve on the Committee were those organizations that had the greatest reach in LARAEC's region and who were actively involved with LARAEC's student population. Prospective partners were invited to the Inaugural LARAEC Partners Meeting (June 6, 2014). Of those invited, 18 individuals attended the meeting representing 16 organizations, all of whom expressed their desire to become a partner and/or to learn more about LARAEC and its Regional Comprehensive Plan.

Additional partner follow-up was made, and will continue. In-depth interviews and a survey were conducted to inform the Consortium's Regional Comprehensive Plan.

Partners List:

- Asian Americans Advancing Justice Los Angeles
- Associated Builders and Contractors, Los Angeles
- BizFed The Los Angeles County Business Federation
- Centro Latino for Literacy
- City of Burbank Library Services
- City of Burbank Management Services
- City of Los Angeles, Economic and Workforce Development Department
- Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce Education and Workforce Development
- Los Angeles Area Chamber of Commerce

- Los Angeles City Workforce Investment Board
- Los Angeles County Workforce Investment Board
- Los Angeles City Public Library
- Los Angeles County Federation of Labor
- Los Angeles Urban League
- State of California's Employment Development Department, Los Angeles Ventura Workforce Services Division
- Tomas Rivera Research Institute (USC)
- Verdugo Workforce Investment Board (Service Area: Glendale, Burbank, La Canada Flintridge)

#### **Communications Committee**

Subsequent to the submission of the Planning Grant Application, the Core Leadership Team began to implement the processes and infrastructure outlined in the grant. The Communications Advisory Group became the Communications Committee. Its activities are guided by the following principles:

- The Consortium will ensure that communication activities and initiatives remain current, relevant and appropriate to supporting the vision of the Consortium.
- The Consortium will design, develop, and distribute clear and consistent messaging to stakeholders in the articulation of the Consortium's vision, goals and activities.
- The Consortium will communicate the importance and value of the planning process to all stakeholder groups, namely students and the community.
- The Consortium will foster a culture of transparent communications as viewed by internal and external audiences.
- The Consortium will engage stakeholders to the greatest degree possible in order to increase involvement and meaningful participation in Consortium planning activities.

LARAEC's website, <u>http://laraec.net</u>, launched in September and it is one of the main tools used by the consortium to disseminate information.



As part of the communication plan, LARAEC members have held meetings with various constituencies including students, faculty, staff and community members to share information and receive input regarding AB 86. To date, the following meetings and events have taken place:

Date	Event
February 21, 2014	LAUSD AB 86 Symposium In attendance: Students, Teachers, Union Representatives, Community Members and Administrators
February 22, 2014	LAUSD AB 86 Symposium In attendance: Students, Teachers, Union Representatives, Community Members and Administrators
March 25, 2014 and March 26, 2014	MUSD LARAEC Update In attendance: Superintendent of Schools, Administrators, Students, Certificated and Classified Staff, and Union Representatives
March 28, 2014	LAUSD Program Area Meeting In attendance: Board Members, Program Area Experts, Teachers, Union Representatives, Counselors, Administrators and Students
April 21, 2014	MUSD Symposium In attendance: Students, Teachers, Union Representatives, Community Members, Administrators and LARAEC Core Leadership Team
May 7, 2014	LAUSD Program Area Meeting In attendance: Program Area Experts, Teachers, Union Representatives, Counselors, Administrators and Students
May 19, 2014	BUSD Symposium In attendance: Students, Teachers, Union Representatives, Community Members and Administrators

Date	Event
May 20, 2014	Joint Board Meeting (LAUSD/LACCD) Re: AB 86 Process In attendance: LAUSD and LACCD Board Members, Teachers, Administrators, Union Representatives, Students, Community Members and LARAEC's Executive Team
May 27, 2014	LAUSD Student Survey Over 5,000 students surveyed from all ten Service Areas of the LAUSD's Division of Adult and Career Education
May 29, 2014	MUSD Symposium In attendance: Students, Teachers, Union Representatives, Community Members, Administrators and LARAEC Core Leadership Team
June 6, 2014	LARAEC's Inaugural Partners Meeting In attendance: Partners, LARAEC Representatives and LACCD's Chancellor. Guest Speaker: Kevin de Leon
June 13, 2014	MUSD Program Area Meeting In attendance: Program Area Experts, Teachers, Union Representatives, Counselors and Administrators
June 24, 2014	CCUSD Presentation to School Board on AB 86 and the formation of LARAEC In attendance: All Board Members, Superintendent, Assistant Superintendent, Principal, teachers and Community Members
July 10, 2014	MUSD/LARAEC Meeting In attendance: Program Area Experts, Teachers, Union Representatives, Counselors and Administrators
September 3, 2014	MUSD/LARAEC Meeting In attendance: Superintendent of Schools, Administrators, Certificated and Classified Staff, and Union Representatives and School Organization Representatives

Date	Event				
September 12, 2014	LACCD Kick-off Meeting In attendance: Faculty and administrators				
September 12, 2014	MUSD/LARAEC Program Meeting In attendance: Program Area Experts, Teachers, Administrators, Union Representatives and Students				
September 15, 2014	Core Leadership Team Retreat In attendance: Core Leadership Team and KH Consultant Group				
September 16, 2014	MUSD/LARAEC Community Advisory Committee Meeting In attendance: Superintendent of Schools, Former Mayor and State Assemblyman Mike Eng, Administrators, Program Area Experts, Union Representatives and Students				
September 19, 2014	All Districts General Program Area Meeting In attendance: Subject Matter Experts, Teachers, Counselors, Administrators, Union Representatives and KH Consultant Group				
September 26, 2014	All Districts General Program Area Meeting In attendance: Subject Matter Experts, Teachers, Counselors, Administrators, Union Representatives and KH Consultant Group				
October 3, 2014	All Districts General Program Area Meeting In attendance: Subject Matter Experts, Teachers, Counselors, Administrators, Union Representatives and KH Consultant Group				
October 10, 2014	All Districts General Program Area Meeting In attendance: Subject Matter Experts, Teachers, Counselors, Administrators, Union Representatives and KH Consultant Group				

Date	Event				
October 17, 2014	All Districts General Program Area Meeting In attendance: Subject Matter Experts, Teachers, Counselors, Administrators, Union Representatives and KH Consultant Group				
October 17, 2014	Partners Meeting In attendance: Partners, Core Leadership Team and KH Consultant Group				
October 17, 2014	Core Leadership Retreat In attendance: Core Leadership Team and KH Consultant Group				
October 21, 2014	LAUSD Board Meeting-Committee of the Whole Re: AB 86 Progress In attendance: LAUSD Board Members, Teachers, Administrators, Union Representatives, Students, and Community Members				
October 24, 2014	Core Leadership Team Retreat In attendance: Core Leadership Team				
November 20, 2014	Regional Plan and Funding BUSD Board Meeting In attendance: BUSD Board Members, Teachers, Administrators, Association Representatives, Students and Community Members				
December 3, 2014	Presidents and Principals Meeting In attendance: College Presidents and School Principals of all LARAEC's Members and the Core Leadership Team				
December 12, 2014	LACCD Review of LARAEC's October 31, 2014 Plan In attendance: Faculty and Administrators				
December 17, 2014	LACCD Academic Senate Consultation Meeting In attendance: Campus Academic Senate Presidents, District Academic Senate Leadership, Chancellor and Vice- Chancellors.				

Date	Event			
December 17, 2014	LACCD and LAUSD President and Principal Meeting In attendance: Larry Frank, President of Los Angeles Trade Technical College; Joseph Stark, Administrator of DACE and Bernadine Gonzalez, Principal of Belmont Service Area			
January 7, 2015	LACCD and LAUSD President and Principal Meeting In attendance: Monte E. Perez, President of Mission Community College; Emilio Urioste, Director of Burban Adult School and Rosario Galvan, Principal of North Valley Service Area			
January 8, 2015	LACCD and LAUSD President and Principal Meeting In attendance: Shari Berger, Vice President of Academic Affairs of Pierce Community College and Candace Lee, Principal of Van Nuys Service Area			
January 27, 2015	LACCD and LAUSD President and Principal Meeting In attendance: Shari Berger, Vice President of Academic Affairs of Pierce College; Jose Luis Fernandez, Dean overseeing Faculty Chairs of Pierce College; Kalynda Webber Mclean, Dean of Student Success of Pierce College; Rosario Galvan, Principal of North Valley Service Area and Candace Lee, Principal of Van Nuys Service Area			
January 29, 2015	LACCD and LAUSD President and Principal Meeting In attendance: Otto Lee, President of Harbor Community College and Penny Kunitani, Principal of Harbor Service Area			
February 4, 2015	LACCD and LAUSD President and Principal Meeting In attendance: Deborah diCesare, Dean of Academic Affairs & Economic Development of Los Angeles Valley College; Emilio Urioste, Director of Burbank Adult School; Rosario Galvan, Principal of North Valley Service Area and Candace Lee, Principal of Van Nuys Service Area			

Date	Event
February 24, 2015	LACCD and LAUSD President and Principal Meeting In attendance: Marvin Martinez, President of East Los Angeles College; Juan Urdiales, Principal of Huntington Park Service Area, and Andrea Rodriguez, Principal of East Los Angeles Service Area





#### Policy Committee

LARAEC's Policy Committee is tasked with informing elected officials of issues affecting the processes related to AB 86 such as the creation of the consortia, adult education student needs, Education Code, curriculum, articulation agreements, and funding streams. The aim of the committee is to provide factual information whenever requested by elected officials or their representatives and to advocate on behalf of the students of adult education.

#### Plan Writing Committee

The Plan Writing Committee oversees the process of compiling, analyzing and presenting a data-driven and student-centered plan that meets the expectations of all stakeholders and addresses the needs of the student population LARAEC serves. Moreover, the committee ensures that the Regional Comprehensive Plan complies with the requirements set forth by the Certification of Eligibility Instructions Terms and Conditions of the AB 86 Adult Education Consortium Planning Grant.



#### VI. ASSESSMENT

An assessment of adult education services in the Los Angeles region was conducted prior to the first draft of the Los Angeles Regional Comprehensive Plan, submitted on July 31, 2014. As shown by "LARAEC's Locations" map (Figure 6, page 50), there are significant geographical service gaps that need to be addressed, particularly in certain areas such as the region previously served by Alhambra Unified School District.

The following table (Table 9) illustrates the deep impact of adult education funding cuts had on enrollment during the economic downturn. LARAEC decreased in enrollment 49% from 2008-2009 to 2013-2014 due almost exclusively to funding (a loss of service for over 260,000 students). Most affected were the four member school districts, which saw their enrollment, during the same period, decline by 41%. LAUSD's enrollment drop was the most significant at 72%.

The significant decrease in enrollment illustrated in Table 9 parallels the deep funding cuts experienced by the districts during the last several years. As adult education funding has been diverted to other programs in K-12 districts, it is critical for the state to provide dedicated funding for adult education in order to meet the significant demand for services in the greater Los Angeles region.

	FY 2008-09 Unduplicated Enrollment	FY 2012-13 Unduplicated Enrollment	FY 2013-14 Unduplicated Enrollment	FY 2012-13 Diff.	FY 2013-14 Diff.
Burbank USD	5,498	4,267	4,140	-22%	-25%
Culver City USD	3,333	1,803	1,813	-46%	-46%
Los Angeles CCD*	145,187	140,869	142,102	-3%	-2%
Los Angeles USD	346,031	103,329	98,154	-69%	-72%
Montebello USD	32,252	24,831	25,014	-23%	-22%
Totals	532,301	275,099	271,223	-48%	-49%

#### Enrollment Decrease by District FY 2008-09 Compared to FY 2013-14 Table 9

\* Section counts reduced from 2008-2009 to 2013-2014. The average class size increased 75% from 21 to 54 students

#### VII. EVALUATION

The LARAEC Regional Plan focuses on the gaps identified by all of LARAEC's stakeholders: students, partners, administrators, faculty, and staff members. Data that informed this report reinforced similar areas of concern. LARAEC seeks to maximize the effectiveness and the efficiency of the California adult education system redesign. LARAEC will remain student-centered to address those needs expressed by the various stakeholders. LARAEC members feel strongly that an effective, meaningful evaluation process should be a key component of the plan; this will ensure that resources are utilized and accountability measures are implemented in order to drive a continuous improvement model.

As mentioned earlier in the report, LARAEC developed a three-year plan that focuses on implementation of the following "primary" AB 86 strategies:

- F. Define Bridges\* and Pathways\*\*
  - I. Assessment Integration and Alignment
  - II. Curriculum Alignment
  - III. Industry/Sector Specific Pathways and Course Articulation including apprenticeships
  - IV. Strategies for Accelerated Student Learning
- G. Develop Comprehensive Student Supports
  - V. Individualized Student Plan
  - VI. Counseling Best Practices
  - VII. Student Community Supports
- H. Delineate Common Data, Information and Accountability Systems
  - VIII. Data/Accountability System and Data Warehouse
    - IX. LARAEC Information System
    - X. Technology Supported Instruction
  - XI. LARAEC's Website

<sup>\*</sup> Linkages between schools and districts

<sup>\*\*</sup> A Career Pathway is an articulated sequence of rigorous academic and career/technical courses, leading to an associate degree, baccalaureate degree, industry recognized certificate, and/or licensure. LARAEC's Career Pathways are characterized by multiple entry and exit points that allow students the flexibility of returning to school to get additional certifications and job upward mobility.

The three-year plan includes a series of scalable pilot programs. Pilot strategies will be developed, implemented and analyzed. As improvements are made, additional pilots may be implemented. By year three, comprehensive evaluation of each program will be conducted and full implementation will be launched throughout the LARAEC districts.

Workgroups, composed of subject matter experts (SME's) from the member districts, will be created to address each element of the plan. Each workgroup will report to the Core Leadership Group, at least once every two months. The reports will include evidence-based data and the group's suggestions and recommendations. During the first three years of implementation, the strategies will be evaluated to ensure that they are aligned with the desired outcomes.
# VIII. ACCOUNTABILITY

Fundamental to both the implementation of the LARAEC plan and to the ongoing management of the program's performance is a comprehensive system for accountability. Setting common student outcome performance indicators and publishing target goals and metrics is key to demonstrating program success to local, state and federal stakeholders and to maximizing return on investment.

Currently, all LARAEC member agencies utilize either commercial or locally-developed student information systems software to track student demographics, registration, attendance, course completion and other core performance outcomes. In addition, all member agencies use the Comprehensive Adult Student Assessment System (CASAS) for assessing learning gains in Adult Basic and Secondary Education and English as a Second Language programs. Various other assessments are used by the member districts for student placement, academic achievement and course completion/advancement.

The largest K-12 member, LAUSD, has implemented a sophisticated data analytics tool that captures data from the student information and assessment systems. LAUSD has set common key performance indicators and metrics that measure and drive program performance to inform decision-making. These systems will continue to be utilized (and possibly expanded) to measure and drive both local school performance and also to track and report regional student outcomes as defined by the comprehensive plan. LACCD has developed a reporting framework where these indicators can be housed and reviewed.

A set of performance metrics that are tied to both local and regional key performance indicators with specific performance targets set by LARAEC members is currently under consideration for possible implementation. Where appropriate, cohort metrics will be set to track student outcomes as they move from K-12 adult schools to community college and potentially to the university and workforce. The performance targets and outcomes will be shared with local and state stakeholders. A balanced approach to performance measures will be used to maximize student outcomes while ensuring educational opportunities are available to serve the wide range of demographics and education levels within LARAEC.

A barrier to tracking student outcomes is the lack of a common student identifier. While LARAEC intends to address this issue through its plan, a common student identifier, ultimately, should be addressed at the state level.

# IX. REGIONAL COMPREHENSIVE PLAN OBJECTIVE #1:

An evaluation of current levels and types of adult education programs within its region, including education for adults in correctional facilities; credit, noncredit, and enhanced noncredit adult education coursework; and programs funded through Title II of the federal Workforce Investment Act (soon to become the Workforce Investment and Opportunities Act, WIOA) known as the Adult Education and Family Literacy Act.

**Program Area 1:** Elementary and secondary basic skills, including classes required for a high school diploma or high school equivalency certificate

As shown on LARAEC Table 1.1A - 1, page 86, there were 115,655 students enrolled in LARAEC elementary and secondary basic skills courses during the 2012-13 school year, which generated 15,479 ADA/FTES units. The total operational cost for this program was \$90,206,931. During the 2013-14 school year, the total operational cost was \$96,274,713.

LARAEC's Adult Basic Education (ABE) programs provide basic skills instruction in reading, writing and math from the non-reader level (0) to 9<sup>th</sup> grade level. These programs serve learners with no literacy skills or limited literacy skills, English speakers, and former ESL students. All courses are competency based and focus on real-life contexts as well as the competencies needed for academic success. Students may access these classes through a combination of teacher-directed and individualized instruction settings.

BUSD, CCUSD, LAUSD and MUSD all offer Adult Secondary Education (ASE) classes and the opportunity for students to earn a high school diploma or High School Equivalency Certificate. LACCD does not offer a program of study to obtain a high school diploma. However, LACCD offers classes to support students taking the High School Equivalency Test (HSET). Throughout the school districts there are four options students may choose from depending upon their schedules and the availability of courses: teacher-directed classes, individualized instruction labs or centers, adult independent study (AIS) or, in the case of BUSD and CCUSD, online learning.

All ASE courses provided by the K-12 districts are aligned with state standards, and most courses are UC and CSU "a-g" approved. All four K-12 districts offer California High School Exit Exam (CAHSEE) preparation and exams to enrolled students. Most LACCD courses are also "a-g" approved.

Districts vary in their prerequisite reading and math cut-off scores for these programs. For example, BUSD requires a 7.5 grade level equivalent (GLE) as measured by both the Comprehensive Adult Student Assessment System (CASAS) and the Test of Adult Basic Education (TABE). LAUSD requires a 9.0 GLE on the TABE.

**Program Area 2:** Classes and courses for immigrants eligible for educational services in citizenship and English as a Second Language, and workforce preparation classes in basic skills

As shown on LARAEC Table 1.1A - 1, page 86, there were 69,302 students enrolled in LARAEC courses for immigrants during the 2012-13 school year, which generated 16,877 ADA/FTE units. The total operational cost for this program was \$58,390,695. During the 2013-14 school year, the total operational cost was \$57,808,274.

The English as a Second Language (ESL) programs offered by LARAEC districts provide adult learners the opportunity to acquire English language skills so they can support the academic achievement of their children, obtain employment, further their academic and career goals, attain citizenship and/or participate more fully in their communities. ESL courses are competency based and follow California State Model Standards. English learners study and practice English language communication skills including: listening, speaking, reading, writing, numeracy and critical thinking. Classes are highly interactive and student focused.

The number of classes and levels varies by district. LAUSD offers seven levels of ESL. MUSD and BUSD offer six. In CCUSD, students participate in beginning and intermediate level classes and study all seven levels through a distance learning program. ESL students in LAUSD and MUSD also take advantage of a comprehensive distance learning program that can be accessed in concert with regular ESL classes or as a stand-alone option. The majority of campuses in LACCD offer four levels of credit ESL as well as four levels of non-credit ESL instruction.

Placement and promotion procedures vary from district to district. All districts use CASAS test scores as an indicator of student performance. LAUSD and MUSD students are given a Division-developed placement test upon enrollment and are promoted based on class performance and scores on promotional tests.

Permanent residents planning to become U.S. citizens may enroll in ESL/Citizenship classes through BUSD, CCUSD, LAUSD, LACCD and MUSD. In these classes students learn the English they need to complete the naturalization forms, pass the reading and

writing tests and answer questions at the naturalization interview. They also learn the basics of U.S. history and government as well as their rights and responsibilities as future U.S. citizens. Representatives from the LACCD and LAUSD serve on the Naturalization Advisory Committee and attend monthly meetings at U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services where they provide input on issues related to the education of prospective applicants and glean information useful to teachers and future curriculum development.

In 2014, LACCD, MUSD, LAUSD and BUSD collaborated with USCIS in offering a professional development series designed for experienced teachers to gain deeper knowledge of an adult citizenship curriculum framework, content standards, constructing effective lesson plans, and cooperative learning strategies.

**Program Area 3:** Education programs for adults with disabilities

As shown on LARAEC Table 1.1A - 1, page 86, 7,461 students were identified as adults with disabilities during the 2012-13 school year. These students generated 1,502 ADA/FTE units. The total operational cost for the services provided was \$7,191,085. During the 2013-14 school year, the total operational cost was \$7,929,480.

The services for adults with disabilities offered by LARAEC districts provide educational support for students with official verification of a disability to help them achieve their academic and vocational goals. The Adults with Disabilities (AWD) staff also supports students with disabilities by identifying their needs, assisting with the development of educational plans, providing guidance and counseling, and coordinating appropriate accommodations and support services.

The services offered for disabled adults vary by district. Because of budget constraints, BUSD was forced to close its AWD program during the economic downturn. Thus, it no longer offers classes specifically for adults with disabilities and only provides support services through outside agencies on an "as needed" basis. Culver City has a small program that is offered to students through a partnership with LA Goal (a non-profit program).

LAUSD and MUSD offer support services to students with physical disabilities enrolled in Career Technical Education programs. These services often include: registration and career advisement, sign language interpreters, assistive technology, agency referrals, enlargements and recorded course materials, a resource room for students with visual impairments, Video Relay Service access, and assessment accommodations. In addition to support services, LAUSD has provided a limited number of classes in adaptive computers, independent living skills, and job preparation skills to developmentally disabled adults at residential and non-residential community-based organizations.

In addition to the services noted above, MUSD offers music therapy, arts therapy, personal hygiene, physical therapy, psychological therapy and reality therapy to teach students to achieve the highest level of physical, cognitive and social functioning they are capable of. Instructors in career technical education and adults with disabilities programs meet on a regular basis to analyze assessment data for program improvement and better student achievement.

Each of the nine community colleges within LACCD offers support services to facilitate equal access for students with disabilities, allowing full participation in programs and campus activities through appropriate and reasonable accommodations. Some of these services include: priority registration, note taking assistance, individualized program planning, and high technical computer labs, sign language interpreters, agency referrals and tutoring.

In order to be eligible for support services, academic accommodations, and/or special class instruction authorized under Title 5, Section 56026, a student must have official verification of a disability. This is required at all LARAEC districts.

**Program Area 4:** Short-term career technical education programs with high employment potential

As shown on LARAEC Table 1.1A - 1, page 86, there were 82,277 students enrolled in LARAEC short-term CTE courses during the 2012-13 school year, which generated 10,084 ADA/FTE units. The total operational cost for this program was \$103,996,219. During the 2013-14 school year, the operational cost was \$109,001,788.

Career Technical Education (CTE) consists of training courses in the 15 industry sectors comprising approximately 60 distinct career pathways. Industry recognized accreditation is secured and maintained by the school, program, classroom, and instructor. Curriculum and instructional delivery adhere to both California Department of Education and government or industry regulations that specify training required for certification.

Many CTE programs also require MOU's for student participation in internships, externships, clinical sites, and field observations as a component of their academic and

technical preparation. Instructors in this program are credentialed and experts in their fields.

LARAEC's CTE courses are competency based and meet or exceed state and federal core indicators as measured by course completion and technical skill attainment. In addition to providing students with technical instruction and hands-on experience, courses also include workplace safety protocols, employability skills and instruction in resource management and entrepreneurship. Successful completion of capstone courses leads to an earned credential or certificate; and/or entry into employment, the military, post-secondary institutions, or further technical training.

LAUSD holds annual Employer Advisory Board (EAB) meetings in each of the 15 industry sectors and MUSD holds bi-annual Community Advisory Board meetings. EAB discussions inform course content to reflect current labor market needs and requirements. They also provide a forum for schools to access private sector support and resources, including employment opportunities for students upon career pathway completion.

All LACCD campuses hold annual Discipline/Industry specific advisory meetings in efforts to ensure that programs meet the most recent industry standards.

As illustrated on Table 10, Burbank, LACCD, Los Angeles Unified and Montebello all offer CTE classes. Course offerings vary by district; however as a region, LARAEC provides students with access to career training within all 15 industry sectors.

For this reporting cycle, LACCD is only reporting noncredit short-term CTE courses and enhanced noncredit short-term CTE courses. The noncredit short-term CTE program across LACCD is a significantly smaller offering than the credit short-term CTE program. This disparity is illustrated in the chart below:

	Undupli	cated En	rollment		FTE	S	Projected Enrollment					
Short-Term CTE	FY 08-09	FY12-13	FY13-14	FY 08-09	FY12-13	FY13-14	FY15-16	Notes				
3a. Credit	53,642	56,751	57,739	13,758	14,528	15,359	63,340	Assumed 9.7% increase 13-15				
3b. Noncredit	3,406	1,221	1,173	392	90	90	1,287	Assumed 9.7% increase 13-15				
3c. Enhanced Noncredit	hanced Noncredit 4,573 4,171 2						2,988	Assumed 9.7% increase 13-15				



# Table 10

Industry Sector Classes Offered	BUSD	LACCD	LAUSD	MUSD
Agriculture and Natural Resources		х	х	
Arts, Media and Entertainment	х	х	х	х
Building, Trades and Construction		х	х	х
Education, Child Development and Family Services		х	х	х
Energy and Utilities	Х	Х	х	
Engineering and Design		Х	х	
Fashion and Interior Design		Х	х	
Finance and Business	х	Х	х	х
Health Science and Medical Technology	х	х	х	х
Hospitality, Tourism and Recreation		х	х	х
Information Technology		х	х	х
Manufacturing and Product Development		х	х	
Marketing, Sales and Service		х	х	
Public Services		х	х	х
Transportation		х	х	

LACCD has found more than 85% of students entering the district need remediation in more than one of the following areas: English, math, writing or ESL in order to understand the academic curriculum. Students who enters the short-term credit CTE track has access to the necessary academic support, which includes noncredit classes and tutoring to promote student success. Necessary student support services to promote student success all program areas will be explored in the upcoming program area discussions as well as the alignment between adult school exit competencies and community college entrance requirements.

# **Program Area 5**: Programs for Apprentices.

As shown on LARAEC Table 1.1A - 1, page 86, there were 404 students enrolled in LARAEC Apprenticeship programs during the 2012-13 school year. These programs generated 122 ADA/FTE units. The total operational cost for this program was \$3,606,832. During the 2013-14 school year, the total operational cost was \$3,994,063.

LACCD, LAUSD, MUSD and BUSD all offer apprenticeship preparation. The target population for these programs is learners seeking an education and on-the-job training for high-paying skilled careers, as well as individuals who are employed and sponsored by trade unions. LARAEC districts offer ABE, ESL, ASE and CTE courses that provide future apprentices with the skills, knowledge, understanding and requirements they need to succeed in apprenticeship programs and, if they chose, to attain an associate degree.

Apprenticeship programs are state and industry funded and industry driven. Apprenticeship programs offer classes to students who are indentured to learn a trade under agreement with the State of California Division of Apprenticeship Standards. LACCD's apprenticeship program is provided through LA Trade Technical College (LATTC). LAUSD is the largest Local Education Administrator (LEA) for apprenticeship programs in the state of California. The program is run with LAUSD as the fiscal agent and is implemented through various labor partners in the Los Angeles region.

LARAEC Apprenticeship programs are part of a state-approved industrial plan for training skilled workers. They are sustained nationally by the Federal Apprenticeship Law, also known as the Fitzgerald Act of 1937, and on the state level by the Shelley-Maloney Labor Standards Act of 1939. The programs are authorized and supported by the California Apprenticeship Council and are under the direct supervision of their individual Joint Apprenticeship Committee for each trade under standards approved by the State of California.

Apprenticeship training under the cooperative direction of the LACCD and apprenticeship committees for their trade may petition to receive credit toward the Associate in Arts degree or the Associate in Science degree for all courses successfully completed. A certificate of completion is awarded when the proper application is made and the student has successfully completed all the apprenticeship assigned in his or her discipline. Additional courses may be substituted with the approval of the apprenticeship coordinator.

There are two primary components to the training of an apprentice: (1) on-the-job training and instruction in the manipulative processes, and (2) in-school training which involves instruction in technical subjects related to the on-the-job training. On-the-job training is comprised of 40 hours per week of supervised work experience and instruction wherein an apprentice rotates through a series of sequential work experiences which are designed to develop the all-around skills of the trade. LAUSD and LACCD are planning to pilot a collaborative strategy to support joint construction apprenticeship programs going forward. All elements of the pilot program are in place and recruitment has started. It is expected that up to one thousand apprenticeship students will be able to earn college credit through Cooperative Education, while completing their On the Job Training. This will enable apprenticeship students to apply those credits to earn additional certifications.

State apprenticeship law requires that state and local boards responsible for vocational education administer related and supplemental instruction for apprentices. LARAEC offerings provide the apprentice with technical courses, subject to regular class attendance for the duration of the apprenticeship training period. Examples of topics studied, which are generally applicable to a majority of trades, include: Applied math and science, blueprint reading and drawing, materials, equipment, processes, and health and safety.

LAUSD and LACCD's apprenticeship staff/faculty facilitate the transition of their students out of apprenticeship preparation programs and into "joint labor (union)-management" apprenticeship programs - preparing students for the apprenticeship application process and/or exam.

## Education of Incarcerated Adults

The Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department (LASD) manages the largest jail population in the United States comprised of seven jails across five geographically

separate housing facilities. In 2012, approximately 19,000 inmates were housed in LA County jail facilities. According to a report released in 2012 by the LASD, there were increasing numbers of inmates being returned to county jails from state prisons to serve the remainders of their terms. These inmates have been charged with non-serious, non-sex related, or non-violent crimes. Typically, the average length of stay (ALOS) for these inmates is 54 days. Inmates charged with more serious crimes have an ALOS average of 1.5 years.

Research shows that there is significant cost associated with housing such large numbers of inmates, not to mention providing various support services such as physical and mental health, and counseling services. The LASD reports that the average daily cost incurred to house a male inmate is \$81.34. The cost for a female inmate is slightly higher at \$99.85 per day. These numbers exclude the additional costs for providing the other related support or "wrap-around" services mentioned above. Considering the ALOS for non-violent inmates (54 days), the average cost per inmate can meet or exceed \$29,000 to \$36,000 per year. Repeat offenders further contribute to increased incarceration costs.

Given the significant economic and social costs of incarceration borne by taxpayers, there is clearly a strong state and local interest in reducing the recidivism rate for inmates through education and rehabilitation programs. A recent Rand Corporation study (2013) sponsored by The Bureau of Justice Assistance, with guidance from the Office of Vocational and Adult Education, concluded "correctional education reduces post-release recidivism and does so cost-effectively."

A preliminary survey of the Los Angeles County region indicated that educational programs for inmates are provided through partnerships with various non-profit educational agencies that contract with the LASD Education Based Incarceration (EBI) Bureau. Educational courses offered at all jail facilities throughout Los Angeles County are focused on short-term academic, basic, and vocational skills. They are funded by the Inmate Welfare Commission, which oversees and manages the Inmate Welfare Fund.

According to information provided on the LASD EBI website (<u>http://www.ebi.lasd.org</u>) approximately 40% of the average daily inmate population is enrolled in EBI, and the curriculum used in the EBI program is aligned to California state standards.

Some of the programs offered in the Los Angeles County Jail system are:

• Education Based Incarceration (EBI). EBI programs offer short-term courses designed and delivered to accommodate inmates within the average duration of

their jail term. EBI offers basic education designed to prepare inmates to take the High School Equivalency exam and vocational training in building maintenance, construction, welding, computer operations, culinary arts, masonry, and other fields. Some of the high school equivalency and basic education programs are provided in partnership with outside education agencies. Anywhere between 3,800 and 4,000 inmates are enrolled in EBI at any given time. EBI offerings also include cognitive behavioral therapy courses (e.g., conflict resolution, interpersonal communication, anger management, and other "life skills" courses), which may be provided by community volunteers and LASD staff as well as student interns from higher education institutions in the community.

- Social Mentoring Academic and Rehabilitative Training (SMART). This program is designed to offer multidisciplinary education services and courses to gay and transgender men who are vulnerable to assaults and victimization within the general jail population. Housed primarily at one of the seven jails in the area, SMART has its own classrooms, libraries, study areas, offices for career and personal affairs counselors, and other services (which are affiliated with community colleges or universities). SMART has a program capacity of 280 inmates. All program offerings are provided both in English and Spanish. There is interest in the LASD to expand the SMART program to other jails in the system, and perhaps to share its curriculum with the non-gay/transgender population.
- Stop Hate and Respect Everyone (SHARE) Tolerance Program. This program focuses on gay, lesbian and transgender inmates. It is in four of the seven jail facilities, offering inmates opportunities to lead/teach courses in math and nutrition, as well as "soft skills" (e.g., "character matters" classes). These courses are typically capped at 30 inmates per course. It is unclear if there is a purchased (or site-developed) curriculum, or if inmates design their own materials and course structure. This program is overseen by a deputy within the LASD.
- Other Educational Offerings. LASD also offers myriad parenting programs, rehabilitation programs, employment and job training courses, community transition programs, and programs focused on bolstering families. Some of these are delivered in partnership with outside agencies and organizations, but it is unclear as to the degree to which they are funded in whole or in part by those outside entities.

Further analysis is needed to ascertain jail education program needs and/or gaps in service within the LARAEC region. The LASD was identified as a potential Consortium

partner and was invited to the LARAEC Inaugural Partners' Meeting held on June 6, 2014.

## Adequacy and Quality

There are several requirements and measures in place to ensure excellence. All adult education programs in the consortium are accredited, as shown below:

District	Accreditation Agency
Burbank USD	Western Association of Schools and Colleges (WASC)
Culver City USD	Western Association of Schools and Colleges (WASC)
Los Angeles CCD	Accrediting Commission for Community and Junior Colleges
	(ACCJC), Western Association of Schools and Colleges (WASC)
Los Angeles USD	Western Association of Schools and Colleges (WASC)
Montebello USD	Western Association of Schools and Colleges (WASC)

Additionally, K-12 adult education instructors are credentialed through the State of California where they have to meet stringent standards in order to attain their credentials. LACCD instructors hold at least a Bachelors' Degree or are verified/certified experts in their field. All instructors are required and/or encouraged to attend professional development in their area of expertise to maintain, expand and improve their skills. Professional development models the best practices that are implemented in classrooms, such as blended learning cooperative learning and scaffolding. Moreover, instructors are regularly evaluated to assess their methodology, lesson planning, and student success.

It is clear that the main issue affecting adult education is the inadequate supply of classes given the demand. The number of adults in need of adult education is extremely high. With approximately 1.5 million adults in the Los Angeles area not having a high school diploma or its equivalent, 33% of the population functionally illiterate and 34% of the population living in poverty, there is little doubt that adult education is terribly underfunded (Los Angeles Workforce Systems Collaborative, 2012). In addition to the statistics cited, the need for increased avenues to deliver adult education is evidenced by the unprecedented number and length of the waiting lists each district has for many of its classes. Compounding this problem are changes in federal law that have created

greater demand for adult education services. As noted in the Migration Policy Institute Report of June 2014:

"Access to adult education courses has also become increasingly important due to the federal Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) program, as applicants must have a high school diploma or equivalent, be enrolled in school, or be enrolled in an education, literacy or workforce training program at the time of their application."

*"Unfortunately, DACA's enactment coincided with unprecedented cuts and program closures in California's adult schools, which are operated primarily by K-12 school districts and County Offices of Education."* 

Moreover, because of the closure of K-12 adult education programs during the economic downturn and the lack of participation of those programs in the consortium, there is inadequate geographic coverage throughout the LARAEC region.

### Table 1.1A Consortium Members: Evaluation of Existing Adult Education Programs Offered

	Complete this worksheet by first selecting the name of your region from the drop down menuin B5. Then, begining in A10, list the data for each consortia member with a seperate line for each program area (1-5).
	Please list separately credit, credit ESL, Credit Basic Skills, Non-Credit and Enhanced Non-credit for community colleges. Cells F7-W7 will auto populate as will columns B, H and P. I fadditional rows are needed, just
	begin typing data on the next empty row. Note, this is a data table, you can add more rows by simply entering data on the next line once you have entered information into all of the existing rows.
Directions:	

Region (select your region	
from drop down):	Las Angeles

	FY 12-13 Unduplicated Enroliment	FY 12-13 ADA or FTE\$	for Instructional	FY 12-13 Operational Cost for Instructional Program 1000's	FY 12-13 Operational Cost for Instructional Program 2000's
Total for Consortium Members:	275,099	44,063	\$ 263, 391, 763	113,390,139	40,886,410

Consortium Member Name	Corsortia (sutofil)	Program Area (select from drop down)	Community College or CDE Adult Ed? (select from drop down)	Gredit, Gredit ES L, Gredit Besic Skills, Non-Credit, Enhanced Non-Gredit (select from drop down)	FY 12-13 Unduplicated Enrollment	FY 12-13 ADA (CDE Adult Ed)/ FTES (Community Colleges)	FY 12-13 Operational Cost for Instructional Program Total	FY 12-13 Operational Cost for Instructional Program 1000's	FY 12-13 Operational Cost for Instructional Program 2000's
Burbank USD	Los Angeles	1 - Elementary and Basic Skils	CDE Adult Education	Non-Credit	1,506	144		192,808	45,92.9
Burbank USD	Los Angeles	2 - Classes and Courses for Immigrants	CDE Adult Education	Non-Credit	1,492	312		340,040	13,812
Burbank USD	Los Angeles	3 - Short Term CTE	CDE Adult Education	Non-Credit	1,201	115	\$ 222,578	180,316	-
Burbank USD	Los Angeles	5 - Programs for apprentices	CDE Adult Education	Non-Credit	68		\$ 33,700	30,464	-
Culver City USD	Los Angeles	1 - Elementary and Basic Skills	CDE Adult Education	Non-Credit	921	130	\$ 652,148	308,977	133,951
Oulver City USD	Los Angeles	2 - Classes and Courses for Immigrants	CDE Adult Education	Non-Credit	845	195	\$ 647,881	356,105	97,834
Oulver City USD	Los Angeles	4-Adults with Disabilities	CDE Adult Education	Non-Credit	37	-	\$ 26,666	11,043	3,2.28
Los Angeles CCD	Los Angeles	1 - Elementary and Basic Skils	Community College	Credit Basic Skills	38,887	7,156	\$ 35,958,747	14,732,268	7,263,745
Los Angeles CCD	Los Angeles	1 - Elementary and Basic Skills	Community College	Non-Credit	12,206	399	\$ 2,006,747	822,162	405,367
Los Angeles CCD	Los Angeles	1 - Elementary and Basic Skills	Community College	Enhanced Non-Credit	7,459	901	\$ 4,528,971	1,855,515	914,862
Los Angeles CCD	Los Angeles	2 - Classes and Courses for Immigrants	Community College	CreditESL	7,106	2,460	\$ 12,361,446	5,064,474	2,497,089
Los Angeles CCD	Los Angeles	2 - Classes and Courses for Immigrants	Community College	Non-Credit	3,080	358	\$ 1,799,430	737,225	363,489
Los Angeles CCD	Los Angeles	2 - Classes and Courses for Immigrants	Community College	Enhanced Non-Ore dit	6,208	1,282	\$ 6,439,572	2,638,287	1,300,808
Los Angeles CCD	Las Angeles	3-Short Term CTE	Community College	Credit	56,751	3,611	\$ 73,002,891	29,909,221	14,745,743
Los Angeles CCD	Las Angeles	3 - Short Term CTE	Community College	Non-Credit	1,221	90	\$ 452,219	185,274	91,349
Los Angeles CCD	Las Angeles	3 - Short Term CTE	Community College	Enhanced Non-Credit	4,171	502	\$ 2,524,444	1,084,263	509,943
Los Angeles CCD	Las Angeles	4 - Adults with Disa bilities	Community College	Credit	3,611	514	\$ 2,582,839	1,058,187	521,739
Los Angeles CCD	Las Angeles	5 - Programs for Apprentices	Community College	Credit	174	39	\$ 195,974	80,290	39,587
Los Angeles USD	Los Angeles	1 - Elementary and Basic Skils	CDE Adult Education	Non-Credit	48,230	5,675	\$ 43,537,292	20,081,027	6,078,427
Los Angeles USD	Los Angeles	2 - Classes and Courses for Immigrants	CDE Adult Education	Non-Credit	36,672	9,952	\$ 29,716,116	14,186,749	2,717,077
Los Angeles USD	Los Angeles	3 - Short Term CTE	CDE Adult Education	Non-Credit	16,623	5,381	\$ 26,642,785	11,154,422	309,757
Los Angeles USD	Los Angeles	4-Adults with Disabilities	CDE Adult Education	Non-Credit	1,682	633	\$ 3,551,739	2,158,115	451,107
Los Angeles USD	Los Angeles	5 - Programs for apprentices	CDE Adult Education	Non-Credit	122	28	\$ 2,998,585	338,662	63,917
Montebello USD	Los Angeles	1 - Elementary and Basic Skills	CDE Adult Education	Non-Credit	6,446	1,074	\$ 3,224,756	1,542,987	523,602
Montebello USD	Los Angeles	2 - Classes and Courses for Immigrants	CDE Adult Education	Non-Credit	13,904	2,318	\$ 6,964,583	3,332,426	1,130,835
Montebello USD	Los Angeles	3 - Short Term CTE	CDE Adult Education	Non-Credit	2,310	385	\$ 1,151,302	550,877	186,936
Montebello USD	Los Angeles	4 - Adults with Disa bilities	CDE Adult Education	Non-Credit	2,131	355	\$ 1,029,841	507,955	144,631
Montebello USD	Los Angeles	5 - Programs for apprentices	CDE Adult Education	Non-Credit	40	39	\$ 378,573	-	330,695

FY12-13	FY 12-13	FY 12-13	FY 12-13	FY 12-13	Total FY 13-14	FY 13-14	FY 13-14	FY 13-14	FY 13-14	FY13-14	FY 13-14	FY 13-14
· · ·		Operational Cost for			Operational Costs	Operational Cost		Operational Cost for				· ·
Instructional	Instructional	Instructional	Instructional	Instructional	for Instructional	for Instructional	Instructional	Instructional	Instructional	Instructional	Instructional	Instructional
Program 3000's	Program 4000's	Program 5000's	Program 6000's	Program 7000's	Programs	Program 1000's	Program 2000's	Program 3000's	Program 4000's	Program 5000's	Program 6000's	Program 7000's
55,580,951	17,634,648	25,720,754	6,673,852	3,505,008	\$ 275,008,317	118,890,454	43,557,751	57,747,130	17,288,457	28,653,788	3,793,634	5,077,108
FY 12-13	FY 12-13	FY 12-13	FY 12-13	FY 12-13	Total FY 13-14	FY 13-14	FY 13-14	FY 13-14	FY 13-14	FY 13-14	FY 13-14	FY 13-14
		Operational Cost for			Operational Costs	Operational Cost		Operational Cost for			Operational Cost for	
Instructional	Instructional	Instructional	Instructional	Instructional	for Instructional	for Instructional	Instructional	Instructional	Instructional	Instructional	Instructional	Instructional
Program 3000's	Program 4000's	Program 5000's	Program 6000's	Program 7000's	Programs	Program 1000's	Program 2000's	Program 3000's	Program 4000's	Program 5000's	Program 6000's	Program 7000's
-	-	-	-			-	-	Ű,				
44,154	2,691	12,678	-	-	\$ 417,640	228,895	50,675	59,394	11,397	67,279	-	-
67,785 25,764	38,972 14,488	1,058 2,010	-		\$ 421,960 \$ 197,953	344,432 154,870	9,729	56,868 23,124	8,670 11,035	2,261 8924		-
		2,010	-	-		28,872	-		11,055	6,924	-	-
3,236	32.608	47,938	-	25.635	\$ 31,380 \$ 759,859	382,210	156.255	2,508	37,842	36,436	•	
97,972	29.472	47,958		23,000	\$ 719,076	405.580	118,228	128,133	34,208	32,932	-	
8311	1254	43,528		25,1/0	\$ 719,076	405,580	4.109	3,610	1,455	1,401		
8,523,654	254,237	4.413.100	139.832	631,911	\$ 38,304,297	16.304.834	7,565.829	8,484,700	306,574	4,294,166	237,694	1,110,499
475,679	14,188	245.282	7,804	35,265	\$ 1,976,577	841.361	390,412	437,827	15.820	221,587	12,265	57,304
1,073,546	32,021	555.826	17,612	79,589	\$ 4,731,665	2.014.108	934,594	1,048,101	37,871	530,451	29,362	137,178
2,980,155	87,398	1,517,080	48,070	217,230	\$ 11,176,598	4,757,495	2,207,590	2,475,702	89,454	1,252,970	69,355	324,026
426.537	12,722	220,838	6.997	31.622	\$ 1,831,205	779,482	361,698	405,626	14,656	205,290	11,363	53,089
1,526,435	45,529	790.308	25,041	113.164	\$ 8,428,314	3,587,646	1,664,753	1,866,937	67,457	944,870	52,301	244,350
17,304,589	516,148	8,959,408	2 83, 885	1,282,896	\$ 79,106,588	\$ 33,672,979	15,625,060	17,522,726	633,142	8,868,373	490,890	2,293,420
107,194	3,197	55,499	1,759	7,947	\$ 465,045	197,954	91,855	108,011	3,722	52,135	2,885	13,482
598,394	17,848	309,817	9,817	44,363	\$ 1,816,244	773,113	358,743	402,312	14,537	208,613	11,271	52,656
612,236	18,261	316,983	10,044	45,389	\$ 3,095,453	1,317,629	611,411	685,667	24,775	347,021	19,209	89,742
45,454	1,386	24,051	762	3,444	\$ 92,709	39,463	18,312	20,536	742	10,398	575	2,688
5,602,746	5, 425, 269	2,512,307	3,831,804	5,712	\$ 45,429,671	19,749,894	6,955,006	7,050,360	5,963,619	4,574,596	2,128,186	8,010
7,708,888	2,900,597	931,608	1,018,007	253,190	\$ 27,789,323	12,993,749	2,767,595	7,653,908	2,270,147	1,428,550	675,379	-
4,551,104	7,891,271	1,368,578	1,272,419	95,234	\$ 26,024,452	11,879,320	302,801	4,984,339	7,378,500	1,471,657	42,761	15,074
842,517	32,662	-	-	67,338	\$ 3,776,588	1,659,553	791,195	1,225,840	24,047	-	-	75,953
122,378	10,000	2,463,628	-		\$ 3,446,219	340,891	24,337	105,971	16,375	2,958,645	-	-
712,168	65,635	240,925	-	139,439	\$ 3,655,004	1,733,500	594,414	772,270	87,006	307,698	-	160,117
1,538,087	141,753	520,381	-	301,151	\$ 7,441,808	3,524,699	1,208,612	1,570,245	176,907	625,638	10,137	325,563
254,258	23,433	86,015	-	49,783	\$ 1,391,505	659,965	226,301	294,013	33,124	117,145	-	60,958
230,857	21,607	79,313	-	45,478		505,670	145,145	221,915	25,380	89,757	-	46,707
42,805	-	-	-	5,073	\$ 423,755	-	373,092	44,376	-	-	-	6,287

#### LARAEC Table 1.1B - 1

#### Table 1.1B: Total Dollar Amount by Funding Source for Consortium Members

Directions:

Complete this worksheet by first selecting your region in 83 from the drop down menu. This will automatically populate row 8. Enter the total dollar amount for each funding source by consortium membe more rows by simply entering data on the next line once you have entered information into all of the existing rows.

Region (selecty our region from o down):	trop Los Angeles															
		App	ortionment 12-										S	tate Categorical Basic Skills		
		_	13	W	IAT 12-13	١	WIA II 12-13	١	VTEA 12-13	Perkins 12-13		Feles 12-13		Initiative (CCC) 12-13	SSSP (C	CC) 12-13
Total For Consortia Members:		\$	154,755,926	\$	81,433	\$	19,189,403	\$	-	\$ 4,145,127	\$	12,883,201	\$	169,478	\$	551,988
										Punding Source	- Te	ota i Dollar Amo				
		App	ortionment 12-										S	tate Categorical Basic Skills		
Member Name	Region		13		IA I 12-13	١	WIA II 12-13	١	VTEA 12-13	Perkins 12-13		Reles 12-13		Initiative (CCC) 12-13	SSSP (O	CC) 12-13
Burbank USD	Los Angeles	\$	2,093,339		81,433		254,900	-	-	\$ 		466,277		-	\$	-
Culver City USD	Los Angeles	\$	1,122,022			\$	190,159	· ·	-	\$	\$	56,210		-	\$	-
Los Angeles CCD *	Los Angeles	\$	57, 426, 234	-	-	\$		\$	-	\$ -		5,371,258	-	169,478	-	551,988
Los Angeles USD	Los Angeles	\$	81, 549, 081		-	\$	17,579,035		-	\$ 		6,928,237		· ·	\$	-
Montebello USD	Los Angeles	\$	12, 565, 250	\$	-	\$	1,165,309	\$	-	\$ 108,148	\$	61,219	\$	-	\$	-
	Los Angeles															
	Los Angeles															
* WIAI, WIA II & VTEA	Los Angeles															
are reported under Other Grants	Los Angeles															
	Los Angeles															
	Los Angeles															
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Othe	r Grents 12-13	0	ther 12-13	Apportionment13-14		WIA   13-14	١	WIA    13-14	v	/TEA 13-14		Perkins 13-14		Fees 13-14	S	ta te Categorical Basic Skills Initiative (CCC) 13-14		SSSP (CCC) 13-14		er Grants 13- 14		ther 13-14
\$	9,170,836	\$	9,059,897	\$ 160,276,055	\$	179,216	\$	17,908,030	\$	-	\$	2,964,535	\$	14,239,498	\$	190,469	\$	1,272,223	\$	10,355,642	\$	9,717,389
											Fu	nding Source - Tot	al D	ollar Amount	2013	3-2014						
															S	ta te Categorical Basic Skills			Oti	ier Grants 13-		
Othe	r Grants 12-13	0	ther 12-13	Apportionment13-14		WIA   13-14	۱	NIA II 13-14	V	TEA 13-14		Perkins 13-14		Fees 13-14		Initiative (CCC) 13-14		SSSP (CCC)13-14		14	•	ther 13-14
\$	-	\$	236,413	\$ 2,101,411	\$	179,216	\$	231,098	\$	-	\$	44,396	\$	474,331	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	257,611
\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,235,202		-	-	213,739	-	-	\$	-	-	53,800	-		\$		\$	-	\$	-
\$	8,885,455	-	1,372,258		-	-		-		-				5,473,843	-	190,469				9,510,981	-	1,413,148
ş	285,381		7,427,175				\$	16,167,929		•	\$			8,166,025		•	\$		\$	844,661		8,028,810
\$	-	\$	24,051	\$ 12,459,908	\$	-	\$	1,295,264	\$	-	\$	107,324	\$	71,499	\$	•	\$	-	\$	•	\$	17,820
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#### LARAEC Table 1.2 - 1

#### Table 1.2: Evaluation of Existing Adult Education Programs Offered by Consortium Partners

	Complete this worksheet by first selecting your region in 83 from the drop down menu. This will automatically populate row B. Next, enter data for each consortium partner fisting program areas 1-3 separately.	l
Directions	Select the program area from the drop down menu. Note, this is a data table, you can add more rows by simply entering data on the next line once you have entered information into all of the existing rows.	L

Region (select your region from drop down): Los Angeles						
	FY12-18 Unduplicated Enrollment	FY 12-18 ADA or FTE8 (If applicable)	FY 12-13 Operational Cost for in structional Program	FY 13-14 Un du piloated En rollme nt	FY 12-14 AD A or FTE 8 (If applicable)	FY 18-14 Operational Costs for in structional Program
Total for Partners:	2,439	-	\$ 4,017,112	1,046	-	\$ 2,696,776

Con sortium Partne r Name	Region	Program Area (select from d rop down menu)	Type of Organization (select from drop down)	Bource(s) of Funding e.g. State, Federal, Fees, Private Donations, Other. List all that apply	FY 12-13 Un du plicated En rollment	FY 12-13 ADA or FTES (If applicable)	FY 12-18 Operational Cost for instructional Program	FY 13-14 Un du plicated En rollment	FY 13-14 AD A or FTE 8 (If appilloable)	O perat for in	Y 18-14 tional Costs structional rogram
Asian American's Advancing											
Justice	Los Angeles	2 - Classes and Courses for Immigrants	Community Based Organization	Federal	57		\$ 20,000			ş	125,000
Los Angeles City Workforce I	r Los Angeles	3- Short Term CTE	Other Type	Federal	1,921		\$ 3,906,848	562		Ş	2,505,280
Los Angeles City Workforce I	r Los Angeles	4- Adults with Disabilities	Other Type	Federal	116		Included above	52		Include	ed above
Centro Latino for Literacy	Los Angeles	2 - Classes and Courses for Immigrants	Community Based Organization	Private/Donations/Foundations	345		\$ 90,264	238		\$	66,496

# X. REGIONAL COMPREHENSIVE PLAN OBJECTIVE #2:

An evaluation of current needs for adult education programs within its region.

Los Angeles County is a large and heavily populated area (4,057.88 square miles). According to the US Census Bureau (2013) there was an estimated 10 million people living in the County. This represents over one quarter of all the people in California (26%). Therefore, the ramifications of any policies implemented in the Los Angeles area have a significant impact on the entire state. As such, the adult education needs of the Los Angeles area will have strong ramifications in the state for years to come.

Table 11, an abridged version of LARAEC Table 2 - 1, shows a decrease in the number of students served by the LARAEC member districts from 478,659 in FY 2008-2009 to 213,484 in FY 2013-2014. This represents a 55% decrease in the total number of students served by LARAEC in the five AB 86 program areas.

Each program area experienced a significant decrease in students served. The reductions are most extreme in Program Area 4, Short Term CTE, in which there was a 74% reduction. Program areas 2, Classes and Courses for Immigrants, and Program area 5, Programs for Apprentices, also experienced significant reductions (65% and 58% respectively).

Table 11 illustrates the decreases in each program area for FY's 2012-13 and 2013-14 as compared to enrollment in FY 2008-09.

# **Enrollment Summary by Program Area**

and Difference in Enrollment FY 2012-2013 and 2013-2014 Compared to 2008-2009

	FY 2008-09 Unduplicated Enrollment	FY 2012-13 Unduplicated Enrollment	FY 2013-14 Unduplicated Enrollment	FY 2012-13 Diff.	FY 2013-14 Diff.
1 - Elementary and Secondary Skills	172,200	115,655	111,064	-33%	-36%
2 - Classes and Courses for Immigrants	200,317	72,302	70,617	-64%	-65%
3 - Adults With Disabilities	15,676	7,461	7,901	-52%	-50%
4 - Short-term CTE	89,743	25,526	23,599	-72%	-74%
5 - Programs for Apprentices	723	404	303	-44%	-58%
Totals	478,659	221,348	213,484	-54%	-55%

#### Table 11

These figures, unequivocally, reflect a serious need and a tremendously underserved adult population in the Los Angeles area, particularly when considering their context. Of the more than five million people residing in the Los Angeles area, in 2012, 1.5 million did not have a high school diploma or its equivalent. The total number of students served the same year in Program Area 1, Elementary and Secondary Skills, was 115,655, which represents less than 8% of the adults in need of a high school diploma (Los Angeles Workforce Systems Collaborative, 2012).

As stated in the June 2014 Migration Policy Center Report (Hooker, McHugh & Fix, 2014):

"California's urgent need for adult basic education (ABE), adult secondary education (ASE), and English as a Second Language (ESL) is borne out by data. Among young adults ages 21- to 26, 29% of first-generation immigrants lacked a high school diploma or its equivalent during the 2009 -13 time period – more than twice the state average (13%) for this age group. Low rates of high school completion were most common among California's first-generation Hispanic youth, as 43% of this population – approximately 230,000 individuals – lacked a high school diploma or GED."

Other statistics that highlight the need for adult education in Los Angeles are as follows:

- 36% of Los Angeles area residents are foreign born
- 56% live in homes where a language other than English is spoken
- Of those homes, 54% speak English "less than very well."

This translates to over 1.5 million of adults in need of Program area 2, Classes and Courses for Immigrants. In 2013, only 70,617 students were served by LARAEC's programs, meeting the need of less than 5% of those in need (Hooker, McHugh & Fix, 2014):

According to a U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics report released June, 2014, titled Persons with a Disability: Labor Force Characteristics Summary; 8 out of every 10 persons with a disability are not in the labor market. Thus, of the approximately 100,000 Adults with Disabilities in the Los Angeles area in the labor force who may have needed adult education programs 7,461 were served in 2013, almost 7.5%.

# Economic and Workforce Development Trends

California will have 5.5 million jobs created between 2008 and 2018, most of which will require a postsecondary education. More than three million - 3.3 million - of these job vacancies will be for those with postsecondary degrees, 1.2 million for high school graduates and 1 million for high school dropouts. In addition, 11.5 million jobs (or 61% of all jobs) in California will require some postsecondary training beyond high school in 2018 (Carnevale, Smith and Strohl, 2010).

These projections place California at 50th (or lowest of all the states in the United States) in the proportion of jobs requiring a high school degree and at 2nd place in the proportion of jobs available to high school dropouts. Table 12 and Table 13 illustrate where the jobs will be in Los Angeles County, by occupation and educational attainment level respectively, between 2011 and 2017. Employment projections for Los Angeles County reflect the historical shift in the U.S. in general from goods-producing sectors to service-producing sectors. In particular, much growth is expected in health care and social assistance and in professional and business services sectors, and it is expected that manufacturing employment will continue its long-term decline in Los Angeles County (Vision 2017 Report for LACCD).

As depicted in Table 12, Los Angeles County Industry Employment Projections, there is a projected increase between 2011 and 2020 in the number of jobs requiring all types of postsecondary education in Los Angeles County, with the largest increase in the number of jobs occurring for jobs that require a Bachelor's degree. This highlights the importance of preparing our students for transfer to four-year universities. In addition, about 30% of the increase in jobs requiring a degree will be in jobs that require a postsecondary vocational award or Associate's degree, and the projected growth rate is actually highest for jobs requiring an Associate's degree (compared to a Bachelor's or Master's degree)." (Vision 2017 Report for LACCD).

# Los Angeles County Industry Employment Projections

	2011	2017	Change	% Change
Goods Producing	622,224	600,466	-21,758	-3.5%
Manufacturing	400,147	365,294	-34,853	-8.7%
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	18,675	25,418	6,743	36.1%
Construction	194,725	201,728	7,003	3.6%
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	8,677	8,026	-651	-7.5%
Service Providing	4,871,707	5,273,214	401,507	8.2%
Educational and Health Services	699,969	801,248	101,279	14.5%
Health Care and Social Assistance	542,060	621,775	79,715	14.7%
EducationalServices	157,909	179,473	21,564	13.7%
Leisure and Hospitality	556,381	595,715	39,334	7.1%
Accommodation and Food Services	358,258	377,454	19,196	5.4%
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	198,123	218,261	20,138	10.2%
Government	577,687	612,174	34,487	6.0%
State and Local Government	529,658	562,034	32,376	6.1%
Federal Government	48,029	50,140	2,111	4.4%
Professional and Business Services	870,894	941,980	71,086	8.2%
Administrative and Support and Waste Management	262.966			7.4%
and Remediation Services	363,866	390,653	26,787	7.4%
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	451,305	504,371	53,066	11.8%
Management of Companies and Enterprises	55,723	46,956	-8,767	-15.7%
Information	234,581	243,755	9,174	3.9%
Motion Picture and Sound Recording Industries	139,537	148,195	8,658	6.2%
Broadcasting (except Internet)	22,199	23,540	1,341	6.0%
Data Processing, Hosting and Related Services	7,814	8,232	418	5.3%
Publishing Industries (except Internet)	21,528	21,281	-247	-1.1%
Telecommunications	34,107	31,929	-2,178	-6.4%
Other Information Services	9,396	10,578	1,182	12.6%
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	984,926	1,027,885	42,959	4.4%
WholesaleTrade	257,848	279,004	21,156	8.2%
Transportation and Warehousing	213,819	220,932	7,113	3.3%
Retail Trade	499,734	513,187	13,453	2.7%
Utilities	13,525	14,762	1,237	9.1%
Financial Activities	540,308	595,942	55,634	10.3%
Finance and Insurance	265,822	295,163	29,341	11.0%
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	274,486	300,779	26,293	9.6%
Other Services (except Public Administration)	406,961	454,515	47,554	11.7%
Repair and Maintenance	65,613	64,583	-1,030	-1.6%
Personal and Laundry Services	78,090	85,238	7,148	9.2%
Religious, Grantmaking, Civic, Professional, and Similar Organizations	77,179	78,268	1,089	1.4%
Private Households	186,079	226,426	40,347	21.7%
Total	5,493,931	5,873,680	379,749	6.9%

Source: Economic Modeling Specialists International, 2012

Education Level	2011 Jobs	2017 Jobs	2020 Jobs	∆ 2011 to 2020	%∆ 2011 to 2020
Postsecondary vocational award	336,153	371,694	384,504	48,351	14.38%
Associate's degree	152,784	171,008	180,251	27,467	17.98%
Bachelor's degree	821,565	907,225	945,541	123,976	15.09%
Master's degree	66,401	74,190	77,361	10,960	16.51%
Doctoral degree	70,456	79,998	84,306	13,850	19.66%
Degree plus work experience	300,350	319,532	328,447	28,097	9.35%
First professional degree	85,158	92,330	95,085	9,927	11.66%
Total	1,832,867	2,015,977	2,095,495	262,628	14.33%

Los Angeles County Job Projections by Degree Required Table 13

Source: LACCD Office of Institutional Effectiveness, 2011

The Economic and Workforce Development Trends data drawn from Vision 2017 Report for LACCD, reflects the deep need for adult education in Program Area 4, Short Term CTE, and Program Area 5, Programs for Apprentices. By 2018, 61% of all jobs in California (11.5 million) will require some postsecondary training. Extrapolating, the number of jobs in the Los Angeles area that will require postsecondary training will be approximately 2.3 million. In 2013, LARAEC served 25,930 students in Program Area #4, Short-term CTE, and Program Area #5, Programs for Apprentices, combined. This figure represents only a fraction of the need.

It should be noted that while some students require adult education in only one program area, it is not uncommon for others to need training in multiple areas. For instance, many students require, ESL, Citizenship, High School Diploma and CTE courses to meet their needs. Serving the same student in multiple programs reduces the availability of the same programs for other students, increasing the need for abundant offerings in each of the program areas.

It is also important to recognize that not all districts experienced the same level of budget reductions and consequent reduction in enrollment during the economic downturn.

Figure 8 and Table 14 that follow show the level of reduction in unduplicated student enrollment for each of the LARAEC members in FY 2013-2014 as compared to FY 2008-2009.



## Enrollment Decrease by District FY 2013-14 Compared to FY 2008-09

Table 14					
	FY 2008-09 Unduplicated Enrollment	FY 2012-13 Unduplicated Enrollment	FY 2013-14 Unduplicated Enrollment	FY 2012-13 Diff.	FY 2013-14 Diff.
Burbank USD	5,498	4,267	4,140	-22%	-25%
Culver City USD	3,333	1,803	1,813	-46%	-46%
Los Angeles CCD*	145,187	140,869	142,102	-3%	-2%
Los Angeles USD	346,031	103,329	98,154	-69%	-72%
Montebello USD	32,252	24,831	25,014	-23%	-22%
Totals	532,301	275,099	271,223	-48%	-49%

\* Section counts reduced from 2008-2009 to 2013-2014. The average class size increased 75% from 21 to 54 students

While all districts show reductions in enrollment due to the economic downturn, LAUSD and Culver City experienced the greatest drop in enrollment, 72% and 46% respectively.

Representatives of LARAEC including teachers, faculty, students, staff and administrators were surveyed to determine their opinions about current student needs that should be addressed through the AB 86 Regional Comprehensive Plan. Their responses are summarized below:

## **Surveys and Interviews Results**

Faculty, staff and student surveys, and partner and stakeholder interviews offer insights for LARAEC as the consortium addresses its top implementation strategies of bridges and pathways, student support, and data and accountability systems. [Detailed results are compiled in the Appendix].

Results of the surveys and interviews, all conducted in 2014 with the exception of one student survey that pre-dates AB86 planning, express a need for more funding and increased course offerings to close gaps in services for adult learners. Additionally, local agency partners state a great interest in coming together under an organized structure with educators to do a thorough mapping and inventory of programs available for the adult population served by AB86 programs.

The gap between existing courses, services offered, and what the surrounding community needs is a common theme. Very few K-12 students – between 8% and 24% -- have used the limited academic counseling or career counseling that already exists. Most students in an LAUSD AB86 survey say they have not met with a counselor. This differs greatly from the general LACCD student population, where the majority of students reported meeting with a counselor either before or during their first semester at college.

Better job placement and counseling services were spotlighted as critical. Student surveys show that a disconnect exists: The students have a stated education outcome of better employment opportunities, but little or no knowledge or awareness of job placement or career counseling services. More than one-third of K-12 adult students in one survey reported knowing "nothing" about job training or college opportunities, with another 29% in the same survey knowing "a little." Meanwhile, many of the K-12 surveyed adult students from LAUSD (45%) say their educational goal is "job training, certification or license," and most K-12 adult students (91%) selected "future employment opportunities" as an important factor in their decision to enroll in school. These responses mirror the stated need in the LARAEC faculty/staff survey, where academic and career counseling garnered the most responses for additional services

needed. This sentiment along with increased funding for existing programs and services were the most popular comments from faculty and staff.

Partner interviews reveal a commitment among outside service providers to fill some of the gaps in career counseling and job placement services. While jobs are a part of the equation, working to increase basic literacy for adults who have very little formal education is also a need in the community.

Faculty and staff at K-12 adult schools report the greatest amount of working together with outside groups and agencies in the area of student referrals. Joint grant writing was identified as the area with the least amount of collaboration for the K-12 districts. Community college faculty and staff report working together with outside agencies most often in the areas of dual and concurrent enrollment and student referrals, and least often in the area of team teaching. Insufficient time was reported most often as a barrier to opening up greater communication with outside service providers.

English learners play a major role in the survey and interview data. More than half of LARAEC K-12 students are currently taking or have taken an ESL class at their school. About half of the respondents at the community colleges who took the LARAEC student survey are currently taking classes in programs for immigrants, including ESL and citizenship.



Directions

Complete this worksheet by first selecting your region in B5 from the drop down menu. This will automatically populate row B. Next, enter data for each consortium member and partner listing program areas 1-5 separately. Select the program area from the drop down menu. Note, this is a data table, you can add more rows by simply entering data on the next line once you have entered information into all of the existing rows.

Region (select your region from drop	
Region (select your region from drop down):	Los Angeles

	FY 2008-09 Unduplicated Enrollment	FY 2012-13 Unduplicated Enrollment	FY 2013-14 Unduplicated Enrollment	FY 2015-16 Projected Enrollment
Total for Members and Partners:	532,301	275,099	271,223	459,766

Consortium Member or Partner Name	Region	Program Area (select from drop down menu)	FY 2008-09 Unduplicated Enrollment	FY 2012-13 Unduplicated Enrollment	FY 2013-14 Unduplicate d Enrollment	FY 2015-16 Projected Enrollment
Burbank USD	Los Angeles	1 - Elementary and Basic Skills	1,221	1,506	1,596	1,726
Burbank USD	Los Angeles	2 - Classes and Courses for Immigrants	2,795	1,492	1,343	1,243
Burbank USD	Los Angeles	3 - Short Term CTE	1,269	1,201	1,141	1,118
Burbank USD	Los Angeles	4 - Adults with Disabilities	92	-	-	-
Burbank USD	Los Angeles	5 - Programs for apprentices	121	68	60	53
Culver City USD	Los Angeles	1 - Elementary and Basic Skills	1,052	921	842	950
Culver City USD	Los Angeles	2 - Classes and Courses for Immigrants	2,246	845	933	1,050
Culver City USD	Los Angeles	4 - Adults with Disabilities	25	37	38	40
Los Angeles CCD	Los Angeles	1 - Elementary and Basic Skills	50,329	38,887	39,623	43,465
Los Angeles CCD	Los Angeles	1 - Elementary and Basic Skills	6,456	12,205	10,612	11,641
Los Angeles CCD	Los Angeles	1 - Elementary and Basic Skills	6,841	7,459	7,819	8,577
Los Angeles CCD	Los Angeles	2 - Classes and Courses for Immigrants	7,944	7,105	6,440	7,065
Los Angeles CCD	Los Angeles	2 - Classes and Courses for Immigrants	2,118	3,080	3,976	4,362
Los Angeles CCD	Los Angeles	2 - Classes and Courses for Immigrants	4,704	6,203	7,492	8,219
Los Angeles CCD	Los Angeles	3 - Short Term CTE	53,642	56,751	57,739	63,340
Los Angeles CCD	Los Angeles	3 - Short Term CTE	3,406	1,221	1,173	1,287
Los Angeles CCD	Los Angeles	3 - Short Term CTE	4,573	4,171	2,724	2,988
Los Angeles CCD	Los Angeles	4 - Adults with Disabilities	4,784	3,611	4,403	4,830
Los Angeles CCD	Los Angeles	5 - Programs for Apprentices	390	174	101	111
Los Angeles USD	Los Angeles	1 - Elementary and Basic Skills	98,093	48,230	43,835	76,653
Los Angeles USD	Los Angeles	2 - Classes and Courses for Immigrants	163,900	36,672	36,749	128,077
Los Angeles USD	Los Angeles	3 - Short Term CTE	77,554	16,623	15,988	60,603
Los Angeles USD	Los Angeles	4 - Adults with Disabilities	6,324	1,682	1,485	4,942
Los Angeles USD	Los Angeles	5 - Programs for apprentices	160	122	97	125
Montebello USD	Los Angeles	1 - Elementary and Basic Skills	8,198	6,446	6,737	7,411
Montebello USD	Los Angeles	2 - Classes and Courses for Immigrants	16,610	13,904	13,684	15,052
Montebello USD	Los Angeles	3 - Short Term CTE	2,941	2,310	2,573	2,830
Montebello USD	Los Angeles	4 - Adults with Disabilities	4,451	2,131	1,975	1,937
Montebello USD	Los Angeles	5 - Programs for apprentices	52	40	45	70

\* All projected enrollment figures are contingent upon funding levels. The stated projections, while not likely on July 1, 2015, represent what districts aim to meet and already have the infrastructure to accommodate by the end of the 2015-2016 school year.

# XI. REGIONAL COMPREHENSIVE PLAN OBJECTIVE #3:

Plans for consortium members and partners to integrate existing programs and create seamless transitions into postsecondary education or the workforce.

LARAEC seeks to employ its collaborative structure in order to better understand the demand for adult education programs, the gaps in services, and simplify student transitions. LARAEC's Core Leadership Team and faculty members have been working together to develop collaborative strategies to increase the Consortium's ability to meet this demand with input from key stakeholders, partners, students and research.

LARAEC's Objective #3 strategies cluster into seven areas:

- 1. Curriculum Alignment
- 2. Assessment and Placement
- 3. Bridge and Pathway Programs including Articulation Agreements and Apprenticeships
- 4. Counseling and Student Services
- 5. Partners/Business Collaboration
- 6. Technology, including Data-sharing and Tracking
- 7. Progress Indicators and Major Outcomes

These areas are inter-related when seeking seamless transitions.

- LARAEC's bridges and pathways are important linkages for the aligned curriculum.
- Aligned assessments will determine where students are placed in coursework that, in turn, can impact how quickly adult students can complete their programs and enter the workforce.
- Counseling, long-lacking in adult education, is critical for Bridges and Pathways and successful student outcomes.
- Given that students, particularly adult learners, are highly mobile, LARAEC needs to be able to track the status of their educational pursuits and career goals. This is paramount to program completions, student transfers and/or employment. Therefore, the use of technology is imperative to facilitate the most efficient route to success and students' follow up.
- Technology can also be used to deliver information, provide useful instructional tools, and guide students into career pathways.

• Finally, LARAEC's end-goal is that adult learners transfer to college or the workforce with gainful careers so they can contribute to our economy and their own well-being.

The following paragraphs detail the strategies, which are an outgrowth of workshops held with the LARAEC Core Leadership Team and faculty members from the five districts as well as key stakeholders, partners, students and research. While investigating each of these strategies, LARAEC has taken into consideration the unique needs of Adults with Disabilities (AWD).

# 1. Curriculum Alignment

The purpose of the Curriculum Alignment strategies is to ensure integrated and seamless programs. Recognizing the needs and gaps presented in Objective #2 and #4, the identified strategies aim to:

- Permit seamless movement for students between K-12 adult education Districts and the Los Angeles Community Colleges
- Improve transferability through standardization
- Facilitate navigation through the K-12 adult education and community college systems
- Coordinate start times for classes to better meet the adult learners' needs and schedules
- Establish uniform transcripts and course identification systems
- Offer reverse transfer of community college credits to adult education for high school certificates or equivalency within LARAEC
- Offer curriculum that will enable students to acquire the necessary skills to enter the workforce
- Ensure requirements align with students' needs and incorporate business and industry, and meet College and Career Readiness Standards (CCRS)

Ideally, LARAEC's curriculum should be a well-articulated continuum of courses that build on each other, beginning from pre-literacy through college. This lack of alignment prevents students from completing and attaining certifications in a timely manner.

LARAEC faculty identified three strategies that will be used to better align curriculum.

- Course Alignment
  - Standardized courses across districts
  - Reallocation of course offerings
  - Shared and integrated course outlines
  - Defined skills sequences linked to pathways
  - Clear definition of pathways on course catalogs and schedules
- Articulation Agreements

Like the articulation of degrees that the community colleges have forged with four-year universities, K-12 adult education and the community colleges should establish similar agreements. Articulation agreements guarantee that students complete courses with the assurance that their adult education work is transferable to the community colleges - increasing the students' likelihood of program completion.

- Enrollment and Instructional Delivery Models: LARAEC plans to explore optimal enrollment models (acknowledging that one size does not meet all students' needs) including:
  - Open-entry/open-exit
  - Cohorts
  - Flexible curriculum
  - Reverse enrollment from community colleges to K-12 adult education
  - Blended learning
  - Dual Enrollment
  - Integrated training
  - Contextualized Instruction
  - Streamlined program design

## 2. Assessment and Placement

An overwhelming majority of LARAEC stakeholders agreed that curriculum alignment, assessment, and placement are closely related and should be aligned into one seamless system across program areas and LARAEC institutions.

The focus of the assessment strategies is to make assessments seamless and efficient. Emphasis is to be placed on those assessments that help students transition between programs and districts and simultaneously meet assessment placement requirements for both adult education and the community colleges. The five LARAEC districts use a variety of assessment tools: CASAS, TABE, AccuPlacer, COMPASS, ALEKS, and district-developed promotional and placement assessments. LACCD can only use California Community College State Chancellor's Office approved assessment instruments. In addition, each college within LACCD can chose any instrument from the approved list and set their assessment cut-scores. To address the variation of assessment instruments and cut-scores, all California community colleges accept and honor assessment placement results from any of the 112 California community colleges.

The redesigned assessment model should:

- Align basic skills and ESL/VESL assessments with the newly aligned curriculum
  - Ensure that test preparation courses are available so that students are more successful; thus, eliminating the need for additional prerequisites or courses to earn certificates, diplomas, or degrees
  - Ensure that the ESL assessment tool covers the breadth of needed skills: listening, reading, writing, grammar, speaking, and comprehension
- Strive for common assessment tools across districts
- Establish assessment placements thresholds or ranges to determine placement
- Ensure that students' assessment placements are indicators of community college readiness
- Ensure transparency by informing students of the skillsets needed to progress
- Ensure the assessment tools can be administered:
  - Cost-effectively (online assessment, group sessions, etc.)
  - Optimally to meet adults' needs and schedules.
- Explore other evaluative tools, such as portfolios, GPA's and recommendations
- Establish and comply with regional assessment/testing policies and procedures
- Ensure assessment selection decisions are research-based
- Apply research models to evaluate the effectiveness of selected assessments

# 3. Bridge and Pathway Programs between Adult Education and Community Colleges

The goal of the LARAEC Bridge and Pathway strategies is to:

- Offer a more integrated and seamless system for adult learners
- Establish the foundation for decision-making and collaborative efforts at both the faculty/administrator and industry/sector levels
- Address gaps in the provision of basic skills and CTE programs for different populations of students
- Simplify student navigation through the adult education and community college systems
- Offer innovative instructional or program models to expedite career learning
- Expand Apprenticeship programs and implement innovative practices

The students who attend LARAEC's community colleges and K-12 adult education programs share many of the same goals and needs:

- To be employed in a rewarding and well-paid occupation with a career ladder
- To be able to speak, write, compute, and solve problems effectively
- To be challenged to learn and grow as individuals, community members, and citizens of the 21st century

LARAEC's faculty identified the following strategies to plan and initiate smoother bridges and pathways:

- Designing and implementing "workgroups" of faculty and administrators that form the relational foundation for introducing new, more seamless transitions for students between institutions.
- Revamping Sector/Industry Advisory Boards to help ensure that students are uniformly prepared with 21st Century skills.
  - A key success element in the development of Bridge Programs is a "people-to-people" approach, in which faculty members and administrators seek to overcome any institutional barriers that may be present.
- Designing the workgroups to be a part of a core planning group that might support and/or give direction to other work teams established in relationship with the LARAEC initiatives and their implementation.
- Dual/concurrent enrollment and integrated learning, in which students gain both basic skills and vocabulary and math skills specific to a career path can be an effective way to shorten student transition time to employment. LARAEC will provide an opportunity to pilot strategies in which two or more institutions collaborate to implement these programs for workers in high-demand industries including apprenticeships.

# 4. Counseling and Student Services

The purpose of the counseling strategy is to provide resources and training to:

- Improve the effectiveness of counseling within and across institutions
- Maximize the impact of counseling on student success
- Develop ISPs that take advantage of LARAEC-wide offerings and accelerate the time to graduation/certification of participating students
- Identify and duplicate best practices for counseling

Student success can be improved by effective counseling interventions that help students deal with academic or career obstacles through individualized interventions based on needs and opportunities. Recent initiatives, such as SB 1456 that requires the development of an Individualized Student Plan (ISP) for all community college students, will present more challenges to existing counseling resources even without the additional requirement of collaboration. Furthermore, there are difficult issues associated with counseling across institutions and across programs in LARAEC. The volume of information and the need for counseling in the academic area alone, within just one institution is significant. Until curriculum and assessment are aligned with Student Learning Outcomes (SLOs) and pre-requisites, mechanisms will need to be developed to provide training and to make information readily accessible across districts, schools and programs.

LARAEC's faculty members have identified the need to develop a Guidance Master Plan. Key elements of the plan will include:

- Identification of needed supports and training for educational/career counselors to develop ISPs for students, within the LARAEC system, that accelerate their transition from student to career status. This support might include piloting a variety of strategies, including:
  - A mandatory, for-credit LARAEC course that will provide students with needed information to prepare an ISP and orientation to college-level expectations
  - Data-base-generated ISPs that integrate adult education and community college information
  - Professional development and databases for counselors to inform students about programs across institutions
- Development of a program to provide follow-up counseling for at-risk students identified through data-driven evaluation

- Development of support programs and facilities for job placement, social/professional, and financial support to students. Participating districts can use best practices employed within member institutions to improve the effectiveness and efficiency of services.
- Consolidated career days and fairs and partnerships with other governmental institutions, such as the County of Los Angeles Department of Public Social Services (DPSS) negotiated for the entire LARAEC system, might improve outcomes
- Mechanisms to assess the effectiveness of counseling interventions with the objective of duplicating best results LARAEC-wide

# 5. Partners/Business Collaboration

The purpose of the partnerships with businesses strategy is to:

- Identify emerging trends within the Los Angeles County job market
- Train students with the skills necessary to compete in existing and emerging industries
- Build on an apprenticeship model to offer unique opportunities for students to learn through both classroom and workplace environments
- Partner with businesses to offer educational opportunities to their existing workforce to ensure a more productive workforce
- Simplify the process for posting and searching for job opportunities

LARAEC will enhance partnerships with businesses to more effectively tailor the skills of students to meet workforce needs within key industries and provide students with greater opportunities to pursue rewarding employment by establishing strategic pathways to employment. The over-arching strategy is to develop CTE pathways, by career or industry routes that bridge curricula and programs offered through adult education and the community colleges.

LARAEC's faculty members have identified key strategic priorities to encourage more dynamic relationships between business, K-12 adult education, and community colleges:

• Develop student skillsets tailored toward future labor markets. Adult education and community colleges periodically assess the labor market within Los Angeles County to gain a better understanding of future employment opportunities for their students. By anticipating workforce demands, K-12 adult education and the

community colleges can better develop needed skillsets for their students to meet the needs of key employment sectors.

- Develop educational programs that combine both classroom and on-the-job training opportunities. Building on "apprenticeship" concepts and best practices elsewhere (including Europe), adult education and community colleges should offer students programs that mix elements of both classroom teaching and workforce experience. Within the classroom, teachers promote skills applicable to specified industries. Students then should participate in externships within those industries to build on those skills with on-the-job experience and learning.
- Explore opportunities to partner with businesses to train existing workforce members. Adult education and community colleges market their services to existing members of the workforce to enhance basic skills education and offer classes aimed at improving applicable technical skills. Marketing to the existing workforce through businesses and industry trade groups benefits the individual students by expanding their skills, but also offers benefits to the business community by providing educational support to their employees to make them more productive.
- Create central job boards and career center opportunities for all students. Adult education and community college should work to create a central clearinghouse for identifying employment opportunities. A simplified process would benefit both employers and students.

# 6. Technology, Technology Supported Instruction, Data-Sharing, and Tracking

The purpose of the Technology strategy is to:

- Provide a central access point for students, instructional faculty, counseling faculty, and administrative staff to obtain information about educational programs for LARAEC
- Encourage students to explore class and program opportunities through a comprehensive and easy to navigate website that includes all of LARAEC's members information
- Expand access to educational opportunities by using technology to offer alternative vehicles for delivering instruction. This greater access is designed to overcome such student barriers as cost, transportation, and work schedules
- Enhance the ability of instructional and counseling faculty to provide high-quality services by providing easy access to student information
- Facilitate accountability and compliance
LARAEC and its districts should effectively use technology to provide easier access to information by students, instructional faculty, counseling faculty, and administrative staff. Additionally, LARAEC should explore alternative options for instructional delivery by using existing and new technologies.

LARAEC's faculty members have identified key strategic priorities to better use technology:

- Develop a centralized website for educating the adult community. A centralized website will offer students, instructional faculty, counseling faculty, and administrative staff easy access to information about the entire adult education system. The website will include information about programs, career counseling, career placement, student self-assessment tools, and other community resources.
- Use technology to offer alternative methods for instructional delivery. Adult education and community colleges will offer, where appropriate and feasible, alternative methods to provide educational instruction through better use of technology in the classroom, distance education, and blended "high tech-high touch" delivery means. The goal is to provide greater access to instruction while maintaining a quality educational experience.
- Maintain a central data warehouse for administrative data. LARAEC will establish a centralized data warehouse that will allow instructional faculty, counseling faculty, and administrative staff the ability to track student data through K-12 adult education and community colleges. The warehouse would contain all student data including:
  - Course schedules
  - Past performance
  - Student outcome data
  - Discipline records
  - Counseling records

Note: A data warehouse may require that students have a universal student ID number.

 Use the central data warehouse database to track students' progress and success and LARAEC'S outcomes and performance. A database warehouse will help establish baseline data and procedures for monitoring indicators related to student learning progress and outcomes. In addition, data will be used to for evaluate programs, instructional delivery models, persistence rates, timeliness for completion rates, and other critical factors.

## 7. Progress Indicators and Major Outcomes

LARAEC has selected the following accountability Progress Indicators and Major Outcomes to evaluate the success of its plan across its member districts:

Table 15		
	Outcome Metrics	Progress Metrics
CCD	Graduation Rate	Enrollment in Remedial Education
	Number of Degrees	Success in Remedial Education
	Certificates Awarded	Persistence
	Transfer Rates	30 Units Completion
	Time and Credits to Degree	Retention Rates
		Couse Completion
		Low Income Students
		Unprepared Students
		Adults with Disabilities
USD's	High School Graduation Rate	Enrollment in Remediation Education
	High School Equivalency Exam	Success in Remedial Education
	Rate	Persistence
	CTE Certificates Awarded	Retention Rates
	Diplomas Awarded	Course Completion
	Transfer to CC Rate	Program Completion Transfer
		Low Income Students
		<ul> <li>&lt; 9<sup>th</sup> grade Reading/Math Students</li> </ul>
		Adults with Disabilities

#### **OBJECTIVE #3 TABLE: CURRICULUM ALIGNMENT**

Transition to be Addressed	Strategy/Approach to be Employed	Resources Needed	Estimated Cost	Responsible Parties	Assessment Methods	Time Line
Course Alignment with Cross- references	<ul> <li>ESL and Basic Skills</li> <li>Form 2 Curriculum Alignment Working Groups with representatives (reps) from the 5 Districts – one for ESL and the other for Basic Skills <ul> <li>a. Basic Skills should be broken into 2 sub-Working Groups: mathematics and English (listening, reading, writing, grammar, speaking, comprehension skills)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Explore if there should be an over- arching Curriculum Alignment Working Group to resolve issues across basic Skills and ESL (or if the Core Leadership Team should take on this role)</li> <li>Document courses currently being offered</li> <li>Develop common definitions and terminology<sup>1</sup></li> <li>Develop a cross-references of which</li> </ul>	Curriculum Alignment Working Groups, made of 15 to 30 discipline experts Include reps from the 5 Districts: 1-3 for ESL and VESL 1-2 for Basic Skills- math 1-2 for Basic Skills- English	\$400,000	BUSD CCUSD MUSD LAUSD LACCD		Planning: Jul 2014- Jun 2015 Implemen- tation to begin July 2015

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Note: LACCD has begun developing common course numbering systems for ESL and has developed the "Integrated ESL CB 21 Rubric", updated: 3/8/2010, which can be used as a starting point for the community colleges' input.

courses are comparable as an interim measure       CTE Pathways       CTE Pathways and Programs       CTE Working       Planning:         G. Determine what kind of Working Groups, based       Group(s) should be formed for aligning CTE curriculum within Adult Education and the LACCDs       Implementation to begin July 2015         7. Document CTE programs currently being offered       Source CE (C, sa build be formed for collaborate to make CTE programs more seamless       Implementation to begin July 2015         8. Develop sufficient alignment so that professional certifications at the AE level are accepted at CCS, as building blocks or Pathways       9.       Identify opportunities to collaborate to make CTE programs more seamless       10.         10. Implement the identified CTE programs to pilot the initiatives first       b.       Evaluate the pilots and adapt lessons learned       c.         c. Develop a roll-out strategy for the remaining CTE programs       0.       Develop a multi-year evaluation       data the programs to programs	Transition to be Addressed	Strategy/Approach to be Employed	Resources Needed	Estimated Cost	Responsible Parties	Assessment Methods	Time Line
for the remaining CTE programs 11. Develop a multi-year evaluation	be Addressed	<ul> <li>courses are comparable as an interim measure</li> <li>CTE Pathways and Programs</li> <li>6. Determine what kind of Working Group(s) should be formed for aligning CTE curriculum within Adult Education and the LACCDs</li> <li>7. Document CTE programs currently being offered</li> <li>8. Develop sufficient alignment so that professional certifications at the AE level are accepted at CCs, as building blocks or Pathways</li> <li>9. Identify opportunities to collaborate to make CTE programs more seamless</li> <li>10. Implement the identified CTE programmatic strategies <ul> <li>a. Identify CTE programs to pilot the initiatives first</li> <li>b. Evaluate the pilots and adapt lessons learned</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Needed CTE Working Groups, based				<b>Planning:</b> Jul 2014- Jun 2015 Implemen- tation to begin July
DIAU TO ASSESS STUDENT SUCCESS		programs					

Transition to be Addressed	Strategy/Approach to be Employed	Resources Needed	Estimated Cost	Responsible Parties	Assessment Methods	Time Line
Course	Fully Integrated and Aligned	Continuation of				Planning:
Alignment—	<u>Curriculum</u>	the Curriculum				Jul 2014-
Fully	12. Build a sequence of courses from	Alignment				Jun 2015
Integrated	Basic Skills through college	Working Group				
	preparatory Basic Skills and CTE					Implemen-
	certificates and AA/AS degrees					tation to begin July
	13. Document a logical transition from					2015
	basic or no English speaking skills to					2010
	college-level speaking skills					
	14. Develop common course pre-					
	requisites across Districts					
	15. Identify which Districts are best					
	positioned to deliver what courses,					
	leading to:					
	a. GED					
	b. CTE certificates					
	c. AA/AS degrees					
	16. Implement the identified curricular					
	changes and strategies					
	a. Identify Districts or					
	programs to pilot the					
	initiatives first					
	b. Evaluate the pilots and					
	adapt lessons learned					
	c. Develop a roll-out strategy					
	for the remaining curricular					
	areas					
	17. Establish student progress					

Transition to be Addressed	Strategy/Approach to be Employed	Resources Needed	Estimated Cost	Responsible Parties	Assessment Methods	Time Line
	indicators					
	18. Monitor progress and evaluate					
	outcomes and take corrective					
	courses of action as needed					

#### **OBJECTIVE #3 TABLE: ASSESSMENT AND PLACEMENT**

Transition to be Addressed	Strategy/Approach to be Employed	Resources Needed	Estimated Cost	Responsible Parties	Assessment Methods	Time Line
Assessment	<ol> <li>Establish an Assessment Working Group</li> <li>Have each District share its current approach to assessment and assessment tools</li> <li>Understand the proposed changes from the Curriculum Alignment work to ensure the new assessment approach is complementary and an asset</li> <li>Determine if there is potential for legislating common assessment tools (Note: The State may be looking at a common assessment system for the Community Colleges)</li> <li>Develop assessment options</li> <li>Develop criteria for assessing the options, including curriculum alignment</li> <li>Assess each option</li> <li>Design a research-based effort to monitor and evaluate outcomes and take corrective courses of action as needed</li> </ol>	An Assessment Working Group, made up of 15 to 30 reps from each of the 5 Districts: 1-3 for ESL and VESL 1-2 for Basic Skills- math 1-2 for Basic Skills- English and writing	\$200,000	BUSD CCUSD MUSD LAUSD LACCD		Planning: Jul 2014- Jun 2015 Implemen- tation to begin July 2015

# OBJECTIVE #3 TABLE: BRIDGE AND PATHWAYS PROGRAMS BETWEEN ADULT EDUCATION AND COMMUNITY COLLEGES INCLUDING ARTICULATION AGREEMENTS

Transition to be Addressed	Strategy/Approach to be Employed	Resources Needed	Estimated Cost	Responsible Parties	Assessment Methods	Time Line
Curriculum 1. Alignment	Identify 3 functional Councils and 3 pilot "sector" Councils as initial Working Groups a. <u>Academic Faculty Council</u> : potential pilot programs to research, pilot, and streamline for subsequent implementation b. <u>Counseling Faculty Council</u> : Brainstorm ways to reduce barriers in pilot programs, such as assessment differences and eligibility issues c. <u>Administration Council</u> : Hold discussions to address issues regarding funding, facilities, and support necessary for piloting programs and full implementation of them d. <u>Industry/Sector Councils</u> : These Councils might include representation from faculty/deans in CTE programs as well as industry representatives to provide guidance on	Representatives from each institution from instructional faculty, counseling faculty, and administration to participate on Councils Recommend overlapping 2-3 year terms	\$200,000	BUSD CCUSD MUSD LAUSD LACCD		Planning: Jul 2014- Jun 2015 Implemen- tation to begin July 2015

Transition to be Addressed	Stra	ategy/Approach to be Employed	Resources Needed	Estimated Cost	Responsible Parties	Assessment Methods	Time Line
	agr me	"employability" priorities for graduates hin each Council, develop eements regarding decision-making, etings, proxies, etc., to ensure nterrupted progress					
	3. Esta ove pro	ablish, as necessary, sub-Councils to ersee institutional coordination for mising initiatives, providing faculty administration perspectives and					
	4. Ide inci inst pec dev goo	ntify and implement initiatives to rease opportunities for cross- titutional events that will promote dagogical learning opportunities, velopment, understanding, or odwill across the institutions and tricts					
	incl	nage and track pilot programs, luding progress toward completion I success metrics					
Curriculum Alignment	Inst	ablish a Working Group from titutional Research (IR) and similar ctions in the AE programs	IR Working Group <sup>2</sup>				<b>Planning:</b> Jul 2014- Jun 2015
	2. Wh cor tar	ere possible, compare or solidate data to identify for geted programs and industries Student demand for CTE programs and career opportunities	IR reps from: BUSD CCUSD				Implemen- tation to begin July

<sup>2</sup> Note: This effort should be coordinated with the Labor Research Working Group, described under "Business Partnerships".

Transition to be Addressed	Strategy/Approach to be Employed	Resources Needed	Estimated Cost	Responsible Parties	Assessment Methods	Time Line
	<ul> <li>b. Demographics of student populations</li> <li>c. Percentage of students requiring ESL or Basic Skills training before entering CTE classes</li> <li>d. Program availability during traditional, evening, and weekend times</li> <li>e. If available, employment data of certificated students or graduates</li> <li>3. Prepare a joint IR Report that documents gaps, best practices, and program overlaps, and recommends opportunities for Pathways between programs</li> </ul>	MUSD LAUSD LACCD				2015
Programs to Accelerate Student Progress	<ol> <li>Identify from the research report 2-3 recommended dual- or concurrent enrollment classes considering:         <ul> <li>a. Student demographics</li> <li>b. Job availability</li> <li>c. Industry support</li> <li>d. Facility requirements seeking to find quick-wins</li> </ul> </li> <li>Solicit volunteers among participating institutions to develop course plans and Student Learning Outcomes (SLOs)</li> <li>Manage curriculum review for pilot programs across institutions</li> <li>Develop plan to market availability of programs to students at participating institutions</li> </ol>	IR team Academic Faculty Council Pilot implementation Team		BUSD CCUSD MUSD LAUSD LACCD		Planning: Jul 2014- Jun 2015 Implemen- tation to begin July 2015

Transition to be Addressed		Strategy/Approach to be Employed	Resources Needed	Estimated Cost	Responsible Parties	Assessment Methods	Time Line
		Develop benchmark data and student success metrics, including: a. Retention b. Persistence c. SLO achievement d. Post-program employment and income data Launch pilot programs					
Sector Specific Pathways	1.	Determine if one Articulation Agreement could be established for the 4 USDs and 9 LACCD communication colleges If not, begin by developing Articulation Agreements initially with: a. MUSD and East LA College (ELAC) b. CCUSD and West LA College c. BUSD and Valley and Pierce Colleges d. Trade-Technical College with all 4 of the USDs in LARAEC		\$150,000	<ul> <li>5 AE Directors or their delegates:</li> <li>BUSD</li> <li>CCUSD</li> <li>MUSD</li> <li>LAUSD</li> <li>9 LACCD Vice Presidents , Academic Affairs or their delegates</li> </ul>		Planning: Jul 2014- Jun 2015 Implemen- tation to begin July 2015
	3.	On the basis of success with the initial Articulation Agreements, expand the effort to include the other Community Colleges in LACCD Monitor and take correction actions as					

Transition to be Addressed	Strategy/Approach to be Employed	Resources Needed	Estimated Cost	Responsible Parties	Assessment Methods	Time Line
	the Articulation Agreements are put in place					

#### **OBJECTIVE #3 TABLE: COUNSELING AND STUDENT SERVICES**

Transition to be Addressed	9	Strategy/Approach to be Employed	Resources Needed	Estimated Cost	Responsible Parties	Assessment Methods	Time Line
	1.			Cost \$400,000			Time Line Planning: Jul 2014- Jun 2015 Implemen- tation to begin July 2015
		<ul> <li>III. Where to access necessary academic information, and how to facilitate that access to participating Counselors</li> <li>iv. What training would be most beneficial to promote and institutionalize the collaboration</li> <li>b. Financial/Social</li> <li>i. Whether partnerships within LARAEC or between LARAEC and other institutions are</li> </ul>					

Transition to be Addressed	S	Strategy/Approach to be Employed	Resources Needed	Estimated Cost	Responsible Parties	Assessment Methods	Time Line
	3.	<ul> <li>available and worth pursuing</li> <li>ii. What best practices within LARAEC can be replicated, and how to best implement changes</li> <li>iii. What training would be most beneficial to promote and institutionalize the collaboration</li> <li>c. Professional/Career</li> <li>i. Whether and how to collaborate on job fairs, resume courses, job placement efforts, etc.</li> <li>ii. What training would be most beneficial to promote and institutionalize the collaborate on job fairs,</li> <li>resume courses, job</li> <li>placement efforts, etc.</li> <li>ii. What training would be most beneficial to promote and institutionalize the collaboration</li> <li>Establish Working Groups within each area to pursue the most promising avenues as pilot</li> </ul>					
Counseling	4.		Individualized	\$250,000	BUSD		Planning:
Individualized		Plan Working Group	Student Plan		CCUSD		Jul 2014-
Student Plan	5.	Determine structural elements of	<u>(ISP)</u> Working Group,		MUSD		Jun 2015
Stutent hall		Counseling and strategic approach	including		LAUSD		Implemen-

Transition to be Addressed	Strategy/Approach to be Employed	Resources Needed	Estimated Cost	Responsible Parties	Assessment Methods	Time Line
(ISP)	<ul> <li>to addressing each element, such as:</li> <li>a. Academic <ul> <li>Which programs/institutions to pilot in a consolidated ISP program</li> <li>Whether to pilot, if so, to design the pilot and identify where it can be rolled out</li> <li>Where to access necessary academic information, and how to facilitate that access to participating Counselors</li> <li>What training would be most beneficial to promote and institutionalize the collaboration</li> </ul> </li> <li>b. Financial/Social <ul> <li>What best practices within LARAEC can be replicated, and how to best implement changes</li> <li>What training would be most beneficial to promote and institutionalize the collaboration</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Counseling and Instructional Faculty and Student Services administrators from each District		LACCD		tation to begin July 2015

#### **OBJECTIVE #3 TABLE: PARTNERS/BUSINESS COLLABORATION**

Transition to be Addressed	9	Strategy/Approach to be Employed	Resources Needed	Estimated Cost	Responsible Parties	Assessment Methods	Time Line
Student Supports	1. 2. 3.	Establish a Labor Research Working Group to assess key industry trends within LA County The Labor Research Working Group will identifying existing research identifying key trends including working with: a. Community Colleges Chancellor's Office b. Local Chambers of Commerce c. Employment Development Development Department (EDD) d. Los Angeles County Economic Development Corporation (EDC) e. City of Los Angeles Economic Development Department f. UCLA Business Forecast Building off of existing research, the Labor Research Working Group will annually identify key industries with large or expanding workforces	Partners and Community Support Groups	\$200,000	BUSD CCUSD MUSD LAUSD LACCD		Planning: Jul 2014- Jun 2015 Implemen- tation to begin July 2015

Transition to be Addressed		Strategy/Approach to be Employed	Resources Needed	Estimated Cost	Responsible Parties	Assessment Methods	Time Line
	5.	will work with key industries to identify necessary skills to compete for jobs within each sector Adult Education and Community Colleges will incorporate the findings from the Labor Research Working Group to amend curriculum and CTE programs to better prepare students for jobs within key industries					
Develop a New Model of Apprenticeship Programs	1.	Identify industry sectors where both businesses and student would benefit from an Apprenticeship model	Partners and Community Support Groups		BUSD CCUSD MUSD LAUSD LACCD		<b>Planning:</b> Jul 2014- Jun 2015 Implemen-
	2.	Working with industry leaders, develop a pilot program to implement a curriculum for a specific industry sector that integrates both classroom learning and on-the-job experience					tation to begin July 2015
	3.	Develop an evaluation plan that measures the effectiveness of the pilot program and identifies lessons learned to potentially expand the program to other industry sectors and CTE Programs					

Transition to be Addressed		Strategy/Approach to be Employed	Resources Needed	Estimated Cost	Responsible Parties	Assessment Methods	Time Line
Student Supports and Counseling	1.	Identify potential employers within LA County that would benefit from employees attending certificate programs or courses that are tailored to their educational needs Develop a pilot program with a large business to market Adult Education and Community College opportunities for their workforce	Partners and Community Support Groups		BUSD CCUSD MUSD LAUSD LACCD		Planning: Jul 2014- Jun 2015 Implemen- tation to begin July 2015
Student Supports and Counseling	1. 2. 3.	Create a working group of representatives from the career counseling units from both Adult Education and the Community Colleges Develop a conceptual model for a centralized job board and a single point of contact for the business community Assuming the development of a centralized website for Adult Education, develop a module for a centralized job board	Student Supports Working Group		BUSD CCUSD MUSD LAUSD LACCD		Planning: Jul 2014- Jun 2015 Implemen- tation to begin July 2015

#### **OBJECTIVE #3 TABLE: TECHNOLOGY, INCLUDING DATA-SHARING AND TRACKING**

Transition to be Addressed	2	Strategy/Approach to be Employed	Resources Needed	Estimated Cost	Responsible Parties	Assessment Methods	Time Line
Geographic and Access Gaps Develop a Centralized Website	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	Group with representatives from the different Districts, including technology, instruction, counseling, and administration Conduct a survey of students, faculty, and administrative staff on the types of information that would be most useful to include in a comprehensive website Develop a framework that includes all of the different information to be included within the website	Website Development Workgroup	\$200,000			Planning: Jul 2014- Jun 2015 Implemen- tation to begin July 2015
Geographic and Access Gaps Alternative Methods for Instructional Delivery	1.	needed Develop an Alternative Instruction Working Group with representatives from faculty and technology staff Analyze alternative instructional models currently being implemented within Adult Education and Community Colleges.	Technology Supported Instruction Workgroup	\$300,000			Planning: Jul 2014- Jun 2015 Implemen- tation to begin July 2015

Transition to be Addressed	9	Strategy/Approach to be Employed	Resources Needed	Estimated Cost	Responsible Parties	Assessment Methods	Time Line
		The analysis will include an evaluation of the success of these programs.					
	3.	Conduct a best practices analysis of what peer agencies are doing to offer alterative instructional					
	4.	delivery options Recommend technology-based instructional models to be piloted					
	5.	Develop and implement pilot programs to offer alternative instruction options for students					
	6.	Evaluate the pilots and refine the approach based on lessons learned					
	7.	Develop a plan to Implement the alternative instructional models more widely throughout LARAEC					
	8.	Implement the plan					
	9.	Monitor the implementation process, making corrective courses of action as necessary					
	10	. Evaluate student learning progress and outcomes					
Accountability	1.	Develop a list of all data desired to	Data	\$300,000			Planning:
and Student		be included within a centralized	Accountability				Jul 2014-
Progress Metrics		data warehouse by conducting a survey of instructional faculty,	and Data Warehouse				Jun 2015
			Workgroup				Implemen-

Transition to be Addressed	9	Strategy/Approach to be Employed	Resources Needed	Estimated Cost	Responsible Parties	Assessment Methods	Time Line
		counseling faculty, and administrative staff Develop a list of action items necessary to gain access to all required data, including the development of MOUs, privacy concerns, and standardization of data categories Develop a plan to resolve issues related to gaining access to data and develop a conceptual architecture framework					tation to begin July 2015
Accountability and Student	1.	Evaluate members' existing student information systems	Data Accountability	200,000			<b>Planning:</b> Jul 2014-
Progress Metrics	2.	Evaluate other systems available	and Data Warehouse				Jun 2014- Jun 2015
Single Student	3.	Determine if any of the existing systems is capable of performing all	Workgroup				Implemen-
Information		the desired tasks					tation to begin July
System	4	Evaluate the feasibility of					2015
		integrating existing systems with full accessibility by all members or to use any one single student information system					
	5.	Evaluate the need for a new system					

## XII. REGIONAL COMPREHENSIVE PLAN OBJECTIVE #4:

Plans to address the gaps identified pursuant to objectives (1) and (2).

Numerous needs/gaps were identified through the following activities:

- 1. Community symposiums
- 2. Program area meetings with teachers/faculty and administrators
- 3. Partner meetings
- 4. Student and faculty surveys
- 5. LARAEC key stakeholder and partner interviews

The input collected from these stakeholder groups is summarized in Table 16 through Table 21, which are categorized by program area and by theme, along with suggested strategies to address the identified needs and gaps.

The plan presented at the beginning of this document includes strategies to close these gaps in a prioritized and systematic way.

**Program Area 1:** Elementary and secondary basic skills, including classes required for a high school diploma or high school equivalency certificate.

Table 16	
Need/Gap	Solution
<ul> <li>Social support services – counseling/Inadequate student future planning</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Tighter connection to student services</li> <li>Provide student workshops: financial aid, career planning, goal setting, etc.</li> <li>Conduct fieldtrips to university, job sites, etc.</li> <li>Ensure counselors become focused on students "next steps"</li> <li>Implement more dual enrollment programs</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Clear student guidance during and between programs</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>More teacher advisors/guidance counselors to work with students</li> <li>Guidance training for teachers</li> </ul>
Sufficient and varied instructional resources	<ul> <li>Provide technology. Computers, projectors, book readers, printers, etc.</li> </ul>
Childcare/student services	<ul> <li>Provide childcare</li> <li>Incept a Student Resource Center to provide assistance with childcare, job search, housing, college financial aid, etc.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Unidentified student learning disabilities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Assessment tools to identify the learning disabled</li> <li>Training for counselors in identifying and communicating learning disabilities</li> <li>Teacher training in addressing learning disabilities</li> </ul>
Course alignment between and community college	<ul> <li>Align course work between K-12 and college system to allow for students seamless transitions</li> </ul>
CTE classes/programs	<ul> <li>Implement more employment relevant (high demand) CTE courses like LVN</li> <li>Coordinate better with other LARAEC members</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Lack of more innovative curriculum</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Implement new and socially relevant curriculum that captures the attention and imagination of students</li> <li>Explore curriculum best practice from other programs/schools</li> </ul>

Program Area 2: Classes and courses for immigrants eligible for educational services in citizenship and English as a second language, and workforce preparation classes in basic skills.

Table 17	
Need/Gap	Solution
<ul> <li>Counseling services/inadequate student future planning</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Tighter connection to student services</li> <li>Provide student workshops: financial aid, career planning, goal setting, etc.</li> <li>Conduct field trips to universities, job sites, etc.</li> <li>Ensure counselors become focused on "next steps"</li> <li>Improve needs, placement and promotional assessment</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Communication between staff, counselors, and teachers on student progress</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Communication between staff, counselors, and teachers on student progress</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Blended Instruction (dual enrollment) or clear career pathways for ESL students to follow</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Create Career Pathways that accommodate ESL and basic skills students</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Sufficient and varied instructional resources including technology</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Provide varied classroom sets or books and software</li> <li>Provide technology: computers, projectors, book readers, printers</li> <li>Provide technology training</li> </ul>
Childcare/student services	<ul> <li>Incept a student services center/student resource center to provide assistance with childcare, job search, housing, college financial aid, etc.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>High demand CTE classes/programs and employment placement</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Implement more employment relevant (high demand) CTE courses</li> <li>Work with employers to determine industry trends</li> <li>Hire job developers</li> <li>Survey students to determine their interests</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Effective communication between districts</li> </ul>	Combined training for teachers from different districts
<ul> <li>ESL student populations served: academic bound and not</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Incept intensive academic managed enrollment classes</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Offer more ESL subjects like specialized courses in pronunciation and/or citizenship</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Partner with CBO's</li> <li>Partner with agencies like libraries, churches, etc.</li> </ul>

## Tabla 17

# **Program Area 3:** Education programs for adults with disabilities

Table	18

Table 18 Need/Gap	Solution
<ul> <li>Student guidance during and between programs/adequate staffing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Provide adequate staffing</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Varied instructional resources for disabled</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Provide assistive technology: computers, projectors, book readers, printers, etc.</li> </ul>
Student services	<ul> <li>Incept a student resource center to provide assistance with childcare, job search, housing, college financial aid, etc.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Training for teachers to better accommodate students with</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Implement better assessment tools to identify the learning disabled</li> </ul>
disabilities in their classrooms	<ul> <li>Increase teacher training addressing learning disabilities and the fair treatment of students with disabilities</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Increase communication between areas/departments to increase teacher and staff awareness of students with disabilities policies and practices</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Programs/assessments for disabled students</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Training for counselors in interpreting assessment results that result in accurate student course placement and increased outcomes</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Innovative curriculum or curriculum that leads to outcomes for AWD</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Implement new and socially relevant curriculum that captures the attention and imagination of students</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Explore curriculum best practices from other programs/schools</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Incept clear definitions and minimum entrance standards/abilities for each career pathway as well as exit guidelines to prevent course repetitions</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Improve communication with the public, staff and other student</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Develop a website that includes lively student stories and that is also interactive and easy to use. Include pages in other languages and about all programs, particularly AWD</li> </ul>
Different entrance/admission	<ul> <li>Attend community events like conferences</li> <li>Set up MOU or partnership with the colleges to standardize admission requirements</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>requirements</li> <li>Insufficient experience for AWD CTE students</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>standardize admission requirements</li> <li>Incept job shadowing, internships and/or job coaching programs to help students get employment experience</li> </ul>

Program Area 4: Short-term career technical education programs with high employment potential

Need/Gap	Solution
Counseling services	<ul> <li>Provide student workshops: financial aid, career planning, goal setting, etc.</li> <li>Conduct fieldtrips to universities, job sites</li> <li>Ensure students know about career pathways</li> <li>Incept ESL counselors for ESL, VESL students</li> <li>Make counseling easily accessible (dedicated location and hours)</li> <li>Incept counselor tours and advisory periods</li> <li>Incept paid counselor/teacher (from all departments) forums</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Long waiting lists/not enough program offerings</li> </ul>	More CTE programs and classes
<ul> <li>Clear student guidance during and between programs</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>More teacher advisors/guidance counselors to work with students</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Student services including supportive services</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Incept a student services center</li> <li>Incept a student resource center to provide assistance with childcare, job search, housing, college financial aid, etc.</li> <li>Hire job developers per industry sector</li> <li>Develop partnerships with industry/employers</li> <li>Establish dedicated staff for data gathering (completions, placements)</li> <li>Create alumni network</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Improve communication with the public</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Develop a website that includes pages in other languages</li> <li>Get a free TV ad/attend community events</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Innovative curriculum</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Implement new and socially relevant curriculum that captures the attention and imagination of students</li> </ul>
Experience for CTE students	<ul> <li>Incept job shadowing, internships and/or job coaching programs to help students get employment experience</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>CTE programs and programs for ESL/Low basic skills students</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Provide VESL, VABE and integrated (dual enrollment training</li> <li>Incept more classes and programs</li> <li>Link classes through career pathways</li> <li>Introduce co-teaching for dual enrollment programs</li> <li>Link programs like ABE and ESL with apprenticeship</li> </ul>

# Program Area 5: Programs for apprentices

#### Table 20

ovide student workshops; financial aid, career anning, goal setting, etc. onduct field trips to universities, job sites, etc. sure students know about career pathways cept ELS counselors for ESL, VESL students ake counseling easily accessible (dedicated cation and hours) cept paid counselor/teacher (from all partments) forums re employer liaison to determine industry needs onduct a needs survey with local employers cept online and hybrid classes as an enhancement of in place of teachers
re employer liaison to determine industry needs induct a needs survey with local employers cept online and hybrid classes as an enhancement
cept a student services center cept a student resource center to provide sistance with childcare, job search housing llege financial aid, transportation, etc. re job developers per industry sector evelop partnerships with industry/employers eate database of alumni and certificates awarded
quenced, stackable courses and certificates with dustry and student input eate articulation agreements between USDs and CDs to implement career pathways from pre- prenticeship transitioning to apprenticeship
rtner with trade unions
Со

The Table 21 reflects the same information as above. However, the data is arranged by theme, rather than program area.

# Table 21 LARAEC GAP AND SOLUTION ANALYSIS (July 31, 2014)

## Sorted by Theme

Program Area	Theme	Need/Gap	Solution
3. Adults with Disabilities	Admission Standards	Different entrance/admission requirements	• Set up MOU or partnership with the colleges to standardize admission requirements
1. Basic Skills (elementary/ secondary); h.s. diploma/ GED	Assessment	Unidentified student learning disabilities	<ul> <li>Assessment tools to identify the learning disabled</li> <li>Training for counselors in identifying and communicating learning disabilities</li> <li>Teacher training in addressing learning disabilities</li> </ul>
3. Adults with Disabilities	Assessment	Programs/assessments for disabled students	• Training for counselors in interpreting assessment results that result in accurate student course placement and increased outcomes
4. ST CTE	Capacity	Long waiting lists/not enough program offerings	More CTE programs and classes
2. Immigrants	Communication	Communication between staff, counselors, and teachers on student progress	<ul> <li>Communication between staff, counselors, and teachers on student progress</li> </ul>
2. Immigrants	Communication	Effective communication between districts	Combined training for teachers from different districts
3. Adults with Disabilities	Communication	Improve communication with the public, staff and other student	<ul> <li>Develop a website that includes lively student stories and that is also interactive and easy to use. Include pages in other languages and about all programs, particularly AWD</li> <li>Attend community events like conferences</li> </ul>
4. ST CTE	Communication	Improve communication with the public	<ul> <li>Develop a website that includes pages in other languages</li> <li>Get a free TV ad/attend community events</li> </ul>
1. Basic Skills (Elem/ Second.); h.s. diploma/ GED	Counseling/ Student Support	Social support services – counseling/Inadequate student future planning	<ul> <li>Tighter connection to student services</li> <li>Provide student workshops: financial aid, career planning, goal setting, etc.</li> <li>Conduct fieldtrips to university, job sites, etc.</li> <li>Ensure counselors become focused on students "next steps"</li> <li>Implement more dual enrollment programs</li> </ul>
1. Basic Skills (Elem/ Second.); h.s. diploma/ GED	Counseling/ Student Support	Clear student guidance during and between programs	<ul> <li>More teacher advisors/guidance counselors to work with students</li> <li>Guidance training for teachers</li> </ul>

Program Area	Theme	Need/Gap	Solution
1. Basic Skills (elementary/ secondary); High School diploma/ GED	Counseling/ Student Support	Childcare/student services	<ul> <li>Provide childcare</li> <li>Incept a Student Resource Center to provide assistance with childcare, job search, housing, college financial aid, etc.</li> </ul>
2. Immigrants	Counseling/ Student Support	Counseling services/ inadequate student future planning	<ul> <li>Tighter connection to student services</li> <li>Provide student workshops: financial aid, career planning, goal setting, etc.</li> <li>Conduct field trips to universities, job sites, etc.</li> <li>Ensure counselors become focused on "next steps"</li> <li>Improve needs, placement and promotional assessment</li> </ul>
2. Immigrants	Counseling/ Student Support	Childcare/student services	<ul> <li>Incept a student services center/student resource center to provide assistance with childcare, job search, housing, college financial aid, etc.</li> </ul>
3. Adults with Disabilities	Counseling/ Student Support	Student guidance during and between programs/adequate staffing	Provide adequate staffing
3. Adults with Disabilities	Counseling/ Student Support	Student services	<ul> <li>Incept a student resource center to provide assistance with childcare, job search, housing, college financial aid, etc.</li> </ul>
4. ST CTE	Counseling/ Student Support	Counseling services	<ul> <li>Provide student workshops: financial aid, career planning, goal setting, etc.</li> <li>Conduct fieldtrips to universities, job sites</li> <li>Ensure students know about career pathways</li> <li>Incept ESL counselors for ESL, VESL students</li> <li>Make counseling easily accessible (dedicated location and hours)</li> <li>Incept counselor tours and advisory periods</li> <li>Incept paid counselor/teacher (from all departments) forums</li> </ul>
4. ST CTE	Counseling/ Student Support	Clear student guidance during and between programs	More teacher advisors/guidance counselors to work with students

Program Area	Theme	Need/Gap	Solution
4. ST CTE	Counseling/ Student Support	Student services including supportive services	<ul> <li>Incept a student services center to provide assistance with childcare, job search, housing, college financial aid, etc.</li> <li>Hire job developers per industry sector</li> <li>Develop partnerships with industry/employers</li> <li>Establish dedicated staff for data gathering C44(completions, placements)</li> <li>Create alumni network</li> </ul>
5. Apprentices	Counseling/ Student Support	Counseling services	<ul> <li>Provide student workshops; financial aid, career planning, goal setting, etc.</li> <li>Conduct field trips to universities, job sites, etc.</li> <li>Ensure students know about career pathways</li> <li>Incept ELS counselors for ESL, VESL students</li> <li>Make counseling easily accessible (dedicated location and hours)</li> <li>Incept paid counselor/teacher (from all departments) forums</li> </ul>
5. Apprentices	Counseling/ Student Support	Student services, including supportive services	<ul> <li>Incept a student services center</li> <li>Incept a student resource center to provide assistance with childcare, job search housing college financial aid, transportation, etc.</li> <li>Hire job developers per industry sector</li> <li>Develop partnerships with industry/employers</li> <li>Create database of alumni and certificates awarded</li> </ul>
5. Apprentices	CTE Capacity	Long waiting lists/not enough program offerings/inflexible schedules	<ul> <li>Hire employer liaison to determine industry needs</li> <li>Conduct a needs survey with local employers</li> <li>Incept online and hybrid classes as an enhancement not in place of teachers</li> </ul>
4. ST CTE	CTE Employment	Experience for CTE students	<ul> <li>Incept job shadowing, internships and/or job coaching programs to help students get employment experience</li> </ul>
5. Apprentices	CTE Employment	Job placement	Outreach to local companies
4. ST CTE	CTE ESL	CTE programs and programs for ESL/low basic skills students	<ul> <li>Provide VESL, VABE and integrated (dual enrollment training</li> <li>Incept more classes and programs</li> <li>Link classes through career pathways</li> <li>Introduce co-teaching for dual enrollment programs</li> <li>Link programs like ABE and ESL with apprenticeship</li> </ul>

Program Area	Theme	Need/Gap	Solution
1. Basic Skills (elementary/ secondary); h.s. diploma/ GED	Curriculum	CTE classes/programs	<ul> <li>Implement more employment relevant (high demand) CTE courses like LVN</li> <li>Coordinate better with other LARAEC members</li> </ul>
1. Basic Skills (elementary/ secondary); h.s. diploma/ GED	Curriculum	Lack of more innovative curriculum	<ul> <li>Implement new and socially relevant curriculum that captures the attention and imagination of students</li> <li>Explore curriculum best practice from other programs/schools</li> </ul>
3. Adults with Disabilities	Curriculum	Innovative curriculum or curriculum that leads to outcomes for AWD	<ul> <li>Implement new and socially relevant curriculum that captures the attention and imagination of students</li> <li>Explore curriculum best practices from other programs/schools</li> <li>Incept clear definitions and minimum entrance standards/abilities for each career pathway as well as exit guidelines to prevent course repetitions</li> </ul>
4. ST CTE	Curriculum	Innovative curriculum	<ul> <li>Implement new and socially relevant curriculum that captures the attention and imagination of students</li> </ul>
5. Apprentices	Curriculum	Expand existing programs/incept new programs/lack of innovative curriculum	<ul> <li>Sequenced, stackable courses and certificates with industry and student input</li> <li>Create articulation agreements between USDs and CCDs to implement career pathways from pre- apprenticeship transitioning to apprenticeship</li> </ul>
3. Adults with Disabilities	Curriculum: CTE for Disabled	Insufficient experience for AWD CTE students	<ul> <li>Incept job shadowing, internships and/or job coaching programs to help students get employment experience</li> </ul>
2. Immigrants	Curriculum-CTE	High demand CTE classes/programs and employment placement	<ul> <li>Implement more employment relevant (high demand) CTE courses</li> <li>Work with employers to determine industry trends</li> <li>Hire job developers</li> <li>Survey students to determine their interests</li> </ul>
2. Immigrants	Curriculum-ESL	ESL student populations served: academic bound and not	Incept intensive academic managed enrollment classes
2. Immigrants	Curriculum-ESL	Offer more ESL subjects like specialized courses in pronunciation and/or citizenship	<ul> <li>Partner with CBOS</li> <li>Partner with agencies like libraries, churches, etc.</li> </ul>

Program Area	Theme	Need/Gap	Solution
1. Basic Skills (elementary/ secondary); h.s. diploma/ GED	Instructional tools	Sufficient and varied instructional resources	Provide technology. Computers, projectors, book readers, printers, etc.
2. Immigrants	Instructional tools	Sufficient and varied instructional resources including technology	<ul> <li>Provide varied classroom sets or books and software</li> <li>Provide technology: computers, projectors, book readers, printers</li> <li>Provide technology training</li> </ul>
3. Adults with Disabilities	Instructional tools	Varied instructional resources for disabled	• Provide assistive technology: computers, projectors, book readers, printers, etc.
2. Immigrants	Pathways	Blended Instruction (dual enrollment) or clear careerpathways for ESL students to follow	<ul> <li>Create Career Pathways that accommodate ESL and basic skills students</li> </ul>
5. Apprentices	Pathways	Programs design/"Feeder" pathways	<ul> <li>Conduct research</li> <li>Partner with trade unions</li> <li>Co-locate with employers</li> <li>Increase VESL/VABE and CTE related ASE/ABE</li> <li>Link classes through career pathways</li> <li>Enhance partnerships</li> <li>Expand current programs like "We Build"</li> </ul>
1. Basic Skills (elementary/ secondary); h.s. diploma/ GED	Pathways: Curriculum- Articulation	Course alignment between and community college	<ul> <li>Align course work between K-12 and college system to allow for students seamless transitions</li> </ul>
3. Adults with Disabilities	Teacher Training	Training for teachers to better accommodate students with disabilities in their classrooms	Implement better assessment tools to identify the learning disabled

Source: Los Angeles Regional Comprehensive Plan AB86, LAREC, July 31, 2014

LARAEC identified many gaps and organized them into seven categories that encompass the vast majority of the needs identified by our stakeholders. The list of gaps is by no means exhaustive. Nevertheless, it provides a starting point to analyze solutions that not only result in increased services for adult education students, but also create a much more efficient system.

#### Gap Categories:

- 1. Geographical and Access Gaps
- 2. Counseling and Student Support
- 3. Standardized Assessments and Cut-off Scores
- 4. Pathways to Employment and Career Advancement
  - Student Goal Attainment
  - Stackable Certificates
- 5. Student and Course Articulation across Programs, Areas and Districts
  - College Career Transition Process
  - K-12 AE Transition to CC
  - Bridge Programs
- 6. Leveraging Partnerships
- 7. Data Accountability System
  - Student Tracking System

The following section addresses each gap and presents some of the discussions LARAEC members held to inform the process of creating LARAEC's plan.

## 1. Geographical and Access Gaps

The dramatic budget cuts during the economic downturn represent perhaps the most glaring of all gaps. Some districts in the Los Angeles region closed their adult education programs creating vast geographic gaps that need to be addressed by LARAEC.

The sharp decrease in services provided due to budgetary issues, has led to the lack of access to adult education for thousands of students who no longer can find programs nearby or that are offered at convenient times. Some ideas that have been suggested to close these gaps are new sites, distance learning, online programs and classrooms on wheels.

Dedicated and protected K-12 adult education funding will result in the reinstatement of lost critical services. However, reinstatement should be done strategically to ensure the greatest efficiency.

In an effort to close some of the access gaps identified, LARAEC tasked WestEd to contact the non-participating districts to revisit their non-participating status. The results reported by WestEd are as follows:

#### Non-Participating Districts (5):

- 1. Alhambra USD
- 2. San Gabriel USD
- 3. Palos Verdes USD
- 4. Beverly Hills USD
- 5. Las Virgenes USD

WestEd reached out to all five non-participant districts and successfully communicated with all except Beverly Hills, which remains unresponsive. Findings, thus far, are as follows:

#### • Alhambra Unified School District:

- Once a booming program, Alhambra ceased providing adult education in July 2011. According to a spokesperson for Alhambra, the district is not interested in restoring their adult education program or taking an active role in the AB86 consortium.
- Since closing the program, LACCD (East LA CC) is working to fill the gap.

## San Gabriel USD

 Per a representative from the Office of Educational Services, San Gabriel does not provide adult education services. Adult learners seeking education opportunities are generally referred to Temple City and Rosemead, (these two districts are adjacent to LARAEC's eastern boundaries). No additional information was provided.

#### • Palos Verdes Peninsula USD

 A spokesperson for the district confirmed Palos Verdes provides recreational programs primarily targeted for senior citizens. They do not provide courses leading to a diploma or other certifications. Adult learners are referred to Torrance or South Bay Adult School (these two districts are adjacent, to LARAEC's south-western boundaries).

## • Las Virgenes USD

 Attempts at reaching superintendent were redirected to Educational Services. Per the contact, Las Virgenes at one time (approximately 20 years ago) offered a very small program. However, it no longer offers this program. Insofar as the contact was concerned, there is currently little interest or need.

The LARAEC Executive Team will continue, as appropriate, to explore means for meeting the needs of prospective students within the non-participating districts.

## 2. Counseling and Student Support

Seamless transitions are facilitated when students are guided and assisted through the obstacles they encounter that prevent them from completing their programs. Working and even colocating with agencies that offer supportive services, designed to help students accomplish their goals, are a few of the ideas suggested to address this gap. Other ideas include working with business and industry representatives to create relevant career pathways that maximize employment in career tracks rather than jobs without advancement opportunities. Additionally, LARAEC has discussed creating strong coordinated counseling programs that can inform students anywhere and on any platform, about pathways and services across all the districts within the consortium.

## 3. Standardized Assessments, Cut-off Scores

Stakeholders noted the many difficulties students face when moving from one program to another. Often students need to take multiple repetitious assessments and the results from one school are invalid at another. To ameliorate this problem, it has been suggested that there should be standardized assessment practices across schools, districts and ideally, across the state. Moreover, the cut-off levels required to access various programs should be standardized.

## 4. Pathway to Employment and Career Advancement:

- Student Goal Attainment
- Stackable Certificates

The economic reality of many students is that they need to work to support themselves and their families. Students often have to leave school to seek employment. When returning, they may need to repeat portions of the training they left incomplete. Students should be able to obtain stackable certificates as they move up the career ladder and/or finish segments of training programs. Working closely with industry partners and instructors seamless pathways can be created to allow for multiple entry and exit points.

## 5. Student and Course Articulation across Program Areas and Districts:

- College and Career Transition Process
- K-12 AE Transition to CC
- Bridge Programs

Schools and districts have to work together to facilitate the transition of students from one district to another, especially the transition from K-12 adult to community college. LARAEC members have discussed various avenues that would permit students to navigate between programs to expedite completion, such as blended and integrated training programs. LARAEC is considering these and other options moving forward.

## 6. Leveraging Partnerships

Collaborating with partners in the community is a long-time practice. However, this work was often limited and isolated. The prospect of mutually beneficial partnerships on a long-term basis is not only exciting; but, necessary to ensure the success of adult education students. Partners offer many services that complement those provided in adult education. Leveraging partnerships—will help LARAEC students overcome obstacles that often prevent them from achieving their goals. Additionally, business and industry partners should be engaged to support curriculum development, student access to employment, internships, shadowing and other opportunities.

## 7. Data Accountability Systems:

Student Tracking System: To determine the success of any program and to better evaluate outcomes, a single regional data system should be implemented. LARAEC plans will include provisions to explore an integrated data system to track its students and their successes.
#### **OBJECTIVE #4 TABLE:**

Description of the Gap	Strategies to Address the Gap	Resources Needed	Estimated Cost	Responsible Parties	Assessment Methods	Time Line
<ul> <li>Geographical and Access:</li> <li>Additional Classroom and facilities.</li> <li>Limited program capacity</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Pursue dedicated categorical funding to increase facilities, programs and services.</li> </ol>					Planning: Jul 2014- Jun 2015
• Limited services	<ol> <li>Assess the feasibility of online instructional delivery</li> <li>Develop a regional marketing strategy to efficiently inform stakeholders about LARAEC programs, services and opportunities.</li> <li>Establish a system of "LARAEC Physical and Virtual Portals" at each of the LARAC's district main sites.</li> </ol>					Implemen- tation to begin July 2015
Counseling and Student Support: • Lack of counseling • Insufficient services for	<ol> <li>Develop a professional development plan that strengthens</li> </ol>					<b>Planning:</b> Jul 2014- Jun 2015
<ul><li>Adults with Disabilities</li><li>Lack of Support Services</li></ul>	<ul><li>awareness of</li><li>pathways, services</li><li>and counseling.</li><li>2. Explore models of</li></ul>					Implemen- tation to begin July 2015

Description of the Gap	Strategies to Address the Gap	Resources Needed	Estimated Cost	Responsible Parties	Assessment Methods	Time Line
	successful and innovative student support systems. 3. Institutionalize practices and approaches to foster a "LARAEC culture (Student centered programs based on collaboration, innovation, efficiency and accountability)"					
Standardized Assessments	1. Develop assessment					Planning:
and Cut-off Scores:	rubrics that meet					Jul 2014-
Lack of uniform	student, program and					Jun 2015
assessing procedures	district requirements					
across programs and	2. Establish standardized					Implemen-
districts	cut-off scores for					tation to
	student admission					begin July
	placement and					2015
Dethursus to Freedomers at	promotion.					
Pathways to Employment and Career Advancement:	1. Strategize with					Planning:
	partners new and					Jul 2014-
<ul> <li>Student Goal Attainment</li> </ul>	industry relevant approaches to					Jun 2015
	students goal					
	attainment, Skill					Implemen-
Global Careers	building and					tation to
	2. Explore co-location of					begin July
	LARAEC programs					2015
	with partners and					

Description of the Gap	St	rategies to Address the Gap	Resources Needed	Estimated Cost	Responsible Parties	Assessment Methods	Time Line
		employers.					
Student and Course	1.	Explore curriculum					Planning:
Articulation across		best practices from					Jul 2014-
Programs, Areas and		other programs and					Jun 2015
Districts:		schools.					
College Career	2.	Strategize multiple					Implemen-
Transition Process		approaches to					tation to
K-12 AE Transition to		transitioning and					begin July
CC		bridging students					2015
Bridge Programs		across programs and					2013
Lack of standardized	•	districts.					
admission and	3.						
transition requirements		accelerated pathways					
	4	across disciplines.					
Leveraging Partnerships	1.	1 0 0					Planning:
Insufficient employer/     partner provided		collaborative projects to enrich student					Jul 2014-
partner provided opportunities, such as		experience with work					Jun 2015
job shadowing, job		related knowledge					
placement, internships,		and skills.					Implemen-
job coaching, on the	2.						tation to
job training	۷.	systematized					begin July
Limited industry		approach to job					2015
participation with		placement for LARAEC					
curriculum		students.					
development and	3.	Establish formalized					
advise on industry		processes for					
developing trend		developing and					
		revising curriculum					
		and pathways.					

Description of the Gap	Strategies to Address the Gap	Resources Needed	Estimated Cost	Responsible Parties	Assessment Methods	Time Line
Data Accountability	Explore means for tracking					Planning:
System: Student Tracking	LARAEC students within					Jul 2014-
System	and between districts. Develop a common					Jun 2015
	metrics or performance					Implemen-
	meter for monitoring and					tation to
	reporting.					begin July
						2015

#### XIII. REGIONAL COMPREHENSIVE PLAN OBJECTIVE #5:

Plans to employ approaches proven to accelerate a student's progress toward his or her academic or career goals, such as contextualized basic skills and career technical education, and other joint programming strategies between adult education and career technical education.

#### Accelerated Student Progress Priorities

Adult students face significant challenges such as coping with the need for basic skills, developmental education, and ESL training. Many also have financial challenges, lack access to transportation, tend to children or aging parents, and even cope with their own disabilities. Yet, they often persevere in inspirational ways. Supporting these students' need to quickly transition from student to wage earner is a compelling driver for the Consortium.

The LARAEC Core Leadership Team and faculty members from the five districts have identified two major focus areas as central for accelerating student progress:

- Student access: Increase opportunities and access to courses
- Student support services: Provide support services to help overcome barriers, which expands on counseling outlined under Objective 3

## **Tipping Point**

In 2005, The Community College Research Center (CCRC) replicated a 2002 State Population Survey that has consistently shown that the target for families to sustain their incomes and thereby reduce unemployment is closely linked to educational attainment as shown on Figure 9 below.

Neither one year of college nor a vocational certificate alone is enough to move up the skill and wage ladder. The pivotal point is when adults have both. Those students who have a vocational certificate and one year of community college reach what is referred to as "the tipping point" where they can become financially self-sustaining. This CCRC research reinforces the importance of LARAEC to achieve both Objective 3 – seamless and integrated learning – and Objective 5 – accelerated student progress.

#### Figure 9

# The target for family sustaining income and reduced unemployment



State Population Survey 2002

CCRC has replicated the data analysis in all 50 states with consistent outcomes. Research Brief: <u>http://www.sbctc.edu/docs/education/ford\_bridges/bldg\_pathways\_to\_success\_for\_low-skilled\_adult\_stdts-brief.pdf</u>

#### **Student Access**

The purpose of the strategies to increase access to courses is to provide more options to adult learners so that they can:

- · Have more choices about when and where they take classes
- Web-based and distance learning courses when they are available
- Prevent delays in CTE certificates or degrees completion due to unavailability of classes
- Prevent delays in CTE certificates or degrees completion due to students' lack of transportation
- Study with peers, friends, and co-workers in a familiar environment
- Have different start times for classes to better meet the adult learners' needs and schedules
- Accelerate how they can obtain their high school diplomas or GEDs as the first step to pursuing CTE certificates or associate degrees

When access is restricted, students must extend their programs over many semesters and years. Three major barriers identified were:

- 1) Traditional classroom offerings
- 2) Campus setting
- 3) Class and programmatic schedules (e.g., times, days, terms and sequence).

Increasing opportunities and access to courses will accelerate achievement of students' goals. LARAEC has identified alternatives to mitigate these three barriers:

- Barrier 1: Traditional classroom instruction and delivery
  - Distance Education programs, on-line course modules, and blended learning.
  - Compressed Curriculum Faculty can consider how to compress their curriculum to be completed in shorter period while maintaining the quality, quantity and essential learning targets.
  - CTE boot camps one or two month sessions that offer preliminary employment skills to get a job
  - Integrated courses combining academic support in English or math with the technical training (e.g., combining math studies for welding with welding technical and lab classes)
  - Intense orientations where career, education, and skill assessments are completed in an integrated fashion, along with developing students' goals and class schedules
- Barrier 2: Campus setting
  - Provide classroom facilities in local institutions such as churches, shelters, businesses, libraries, and Los Angeles County social services organizations to support students who must travel long distances to get to campus, who are physically disabled, or who have child care demands that preclude travel.
  - Classes on wheels, modeled after "Libraries on Wheels"
- Barrier 3: Class and programmatic schedules
  - Expanded course times and schedules; summer classes, weekend classes, and evening classes.

# Instructional Models



Figure 10

Various instructional models are graphically represented in Figure 10. The illustration shows how instructional time may be reduced depending on the instructional model used. The longest instructional timeline is the Sequential model, where a student must first master English (ESL) before moving on to basic skills and eventually CTE. The shortest one is the Integrated Model.

Dual enrollment with coordinated/integrated curriculum and courses is faster and more effective than isolated concurrent or sequential models. The shortest timeline is attained with the Integrated Model, where English, basic skills, and CTE curriculum are closely tied together and often taken concurrently. Research studies have shown that students starting in ABE/ESL and enrolling in college-level course work are two to three times more likely to finish their credentials than un-aided students. However, only about one-third of those who are eligible receive such help.

#### **Support Services for Acceleration**

Success in this strategy will support:

- Persistence in educational goals for at-risk students
- Accelerated completion of degrees
- Increased life skills, supporting students ability to successfully apply for jobs

Availability of alternative class times and locations is critical but not sufficient to ensure that adult students will be able to succeed. Other life circumstances often delay student access to classes. Single parents cannot leave their children unattended, and often cannot afford to pay babysitters or other care alternatives. Students with part-time jobs whose pay does not meet even basic living needs cannot afford transportation. Adults with disabilities require accommodation to allow them to succeed. Families in shelters must deal with frequent moves, making it difficult to commit to a single educational institution or cohort. Undocumented students need programs to ensure that their success leads to economic self-sufficiency.

Developing support service strategies to cope with these and similar challenges will provide adult students with the ability to persist in their education – a key element in success. When combined with broader availability of classes described earlier, these programs will lead to faster student success.

LARAEC must develop a network of support for these students to help them address the social and financial challenges that accompany their desire to improve themselves.

LARAEC will work with its existing regional partners to deliver more comprehensive services, discussed further in Objective 7. Among these regional resources are local faith-based organizations, governmental agencies, businesses, and community-based organizations (CBO's) who can help ensure provision of services necessary for student persistence.

LARAEC will develop a strong network of support leading to persistence in education, a critical factor in accelerating student success. For example:

- Apprenticeship and job placement: Because many of LARAEC's students must earn while they learn, paid apprenticeships while going to school, on-campus work-study programs, or job placement services to help students find work close to campus are all beneficial. Increasing paid internships will allow students to get experience in their chosen professions while leaving low-paying, time consuming jobs that interfere with their ability to attend classes. Developing partnerships with businesses will increase the availability of those jobs. LARAEC may also have counselors work with job developers and job placement services.
- Wrap-around social services: LARAEC will work with county and city government agencies to provide wrap-around services to students in need. Opportunities to work in collaboration with governmental services, such as the County of Los Angeles Department of Public Social Services (DPSS), County of

Los Angeles Department of Children & Family Services (DCFS) or City of Los Angeles Housing Department.

• Financial aid: Federal and state governmental agencies and private lending institutions offer financial aid packages that may make the difference in whether a student can stay in school or not.

## Strategies for Accelerated Learning

The following strategies for accelerated student learning and success were researched and presented by WestEd as model programs prevalent in current literature and proven to have yielded considerable positive results.

- 1. Alignment and seamless transition: whether traditional course sequences or nontraditional ones.
- Dual enrollment coordinated/integrated more impactful than isolated concurrent ones
- 3. Modularize: Intensity and duration high intensity/shortest possible duration, but all steps are additive and lead seamlessly to next step.
- 4. Streamlined program design: Competency assessment over seat time. Removal of institutional barriers to instruction (validity of cut scores), college services, funding access, etc.
- 5. Contextualized: relevant and immediately applicable
- 6. Multi-modal: Universal Design for Learning, assistive technology, distance learning enhancements
- 7. Integrated: academic and soft skills embedded in content areas.
- 8. Persistence: Student support systems provide pathway guidance, early academic alert systems, and support for issues around logistics, finance, crisis management, etc.
  - a. Financial Aid those starting in ABE/ESL that get into college level course work – 2 to 3 times more likely to finish credentials than students without financial aid. But only about 1/3 of those eligible receive it.
  - b. Community cohorts of students with consistent transitions advisors, systemic Push and Pull between pre-college and college.

LARAEC will consider the implementation of these Instructional strategies to accelerate student learning and increase student success.

#### **OBJECTIVE #5 TABLE**

Transition to be Addressed	Strategy/Approach to be Employed	Resources Needed	Estimated Cost	Responsible Parties	Assessment Methods	Time Line
Technology Supported Instruction Classroom Alternatives	<ul> <li>Prioritize pilot programs for alternatives to traditional classrooms, according to criteria such as: <ul> <li>Demand</li> <li>Difficulty of achievement</li> <li>Likelihood of impact on accelerated learning.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Blended/Distance/On-line Courses <ul> <li>Identify at least 15 highly- attended classes that are candidates for blended, distance or on-line education</li> </ul> </li> <li>Design and clear new pilot course offerings through Curriculum Review process at relevant institutions</li> <li>Pilot courses, including development of assessment tool to determine SLO achievement and impact on accelerated achievement of learning goals.</li> </ul>	Technology Supported Instruction Workgroup	\$200,000	BUSD CCUSD MUSD LAUSD LACCD		Planning: Jul 2014- Jun 2015 Implemen- tation to begin July 2015
Instructional Models for Accelerated Student Progress	<ol> <li>Integrated Courses</li> <li>Identify CTE programs in which integration with basic skills and</li> </ol>	Strategies for Accelerated Student Progress Workgroup				

Transition to be Addressed	Strategy/Approach to be Employed	Resources Needed	Estimated Cost	Responsible Parties	Assessment Methods	Time Line
	<ul> <li>developmental education, or ESL</li> <li>can lead to completion within 12</li> <li>months from start for full time</li> <li>students, and 24 months for part-</li> <li>time students</li> <li>2. Design pilot curriculum</li> </ul>					
Access and Geographical Gaps	<ol> <li>Conduct survey of current AE students regarding current transportation issues</li> <li>Identify LARAEC-wide pockets of students with similar course needs (e.g., ESL student clusters in these area codes that are at least 45 minutes by public transportation from any LARAEC campus)</li> <li>Prioritize pilot courses or certificates that can be accommodated in non-campus settings</li> <li>Identify and develop agreements with potential partners in the pilot areas</li> <li>Solicit faculty interest in working with the pilot</li> </ol>	Instructional, Scheduling and Geographic Strategies for Accelerated Student Progress Workgroup		BUSD CCUSD MUSD LAUSD LACCD		Planning: Jul 2014- Jun 2015 Implemen- tation to begin July 2015
	<ol><li>Develop pilot launch plan including development of</li></ol>					

Transition to be Addressed	St	trategy/Approach to be Employed	Resources Needed	Estimated Cost	Responsible Parties	Assessment Methods	Time Line
		assessment tool to determine SLO achievement and impact on accelerated achievement of learning goals					
Access and	1.	Survey students regarding	Instructional,		BUSD		Planning:
Geographic		preferred times for classroom	Scheduling and		CCUSD		Jul 2014-
Gaps		instruction (N.B., Survey should	Geographic		MUSD		Jun 2015
		also, if possible, include drop outs	Strategies for		LAUSD		
		from past 5 years)	Accelerated		LACCD		Implemen-
	2.	Identify programs in which 50% of	Student				tation to
		offerings fall outside of preferred	Progress				begin July
		times for attendance	Workgroup				2015
	3.	Establish, in consultation with					
		Faculty Senates at participating					
		institutions, goals for course					
		availability times that align with					
		student demand					
	4.						
		during high-demand, non-					
		traditional times, assessing					
		impact on time to complete and					
		student persistence levels					
Counseling and	1.	0,	Partners and		BUSD		Planning:
Support Services		3, develop a plan to address the	Community Support		CCUSD		Jul 2014-
JEIVILES		various needed support services	Workgroups		MUSD		Jun 2015
		for Adult Learners to accelerate			LAUSD		Implemen-
		their progress			LACCD		tation to

Transition to be Addressed	S	trategy/Approach to be Employed	Resources Needed	Estimated Cost	Responsible Parties	Assessment Methods	Time Line
							begin July 2015
Counseling and	1.	Building on the work in Objective	Partners and		BUSD		Planning:
Support		3, develop a plan to address the	Community		CCUSD		Jul 2014-
Services for		various needed support services	Support		MUSD		Jun 2015
Acceleration		for Adult Learners to accelerate	Workgroups		LAUSD		
		their progress			LACCD		Implemen-
	2.	identify a cohort of students					tation to
		participating in a pilot LARAEC					begin July
		acceleration program					2015
	3.	Identify professional/social and					
		career needs and barriers of the					
		cohort using interviews and					
		surveys					
	4.	Convene a network of support					
		organizations to address the					
		needs					
	5.	Design an assessment tool to					
		determine impact on accelerated					
		achievement of certificate or					
		degree completion					

## XIV. REGIONAL COMPREHENSIVE PLAN OBJECTIVE #6:

Plans to collaborate in the provision of ongoing professional development opportunities for faculty and other staff to help them achieve greater program integration and improve student outcomes.

It is widely recognized that student achievement has a strong foundation on the quality of classroom instruction. The purpose of professional development (PD) is to improve teaching and learning. Research shows that coherent and targeted professional development that is aligned to goals and measurable student outcomes is a key component to ensuring academic achievement.

In developing seamless programs and pathways to workforce and higher education that are regionally relevant, efficient, comprehensive, and that leverages community resources LARAEC plans to collaborate and continue ongoing professional development opportunities for faculty and other staff to help them achieve greater program integration and improve student outcomes.

Therefore, LARAEC is developing and submitting a Three-Year Plan addressing the need for professional development.

With improved student achievement as a goal, LARAEC will plan PD with the following in mind:

- PD will be aligned with LARAEC's instructional initiatives
- PD will have clearly defined expected outcomes and accountabilities for addressing the needs of students including English Learners, and Adults with Disabilities.
- Analysis and review of external providers will be conducted to ensure that there is sufficient evidence the provider requested has been effective in improving academic achievement.
- Time away from their classrooms and school sites will be minimized.
- Varied strategies for the delivery of professional development will be utilized.
- Cost will be managed through thoughtful and efficient use of funds.

LARAEC's primary focus is to improve academic achievement for all adult students. The goal is to ensure that every individual including Academic, ESL, Adults with Disabilities, and CTE learners have equal access to high quality instruction and access to courses that yield students who are college prepared and career ready.

LARAEC is in full support of AB 86's acknowledgement that: "A critical element to ensuring the effective implementation of the consortium's plans to improve adult education programs are faculty and staff equipped with the skills, knowledge, and support needed to deliver high-quality instruction and use classroom support strategies that foster learner persistence and goal achievement."

LARAEC is committed to collaborative professional development strategies to foster alignment and to support ongoing assessment and improvement of student outcomes.

LARAEC faculty from the five districts met and identified key elements of existing PD and characteristics, programs and innovation they would like to see implemented:

- New integration or collaborative models
- Faculty and staff development priorities
- Optimal student learning outcomes
- Instructional delivery models
- Curriculum development
- Best practices that can be adapted
- Practices in basic and secondary skills that build the "college readiness" skills.
- Team building, critical thinking, problem solving, study skills, soft skills, and career assessment
- Technology use and integration to enhance and expand technology in instruction
- New models and instructional strategies for contextualized or accelerated teaching and learning
- Resources to attend conferences
- Assignment of mentors or senior faculty with newer faculty
- Intercultural competency skills among faculty, staff, and administrators

The faculty brainstormed in each of these areas and the ideas and needs were compiled. The list was long and a more strategic approach was developed regarding how to more effectively and efficiently deliver professional development. Three models for delivering regional professional development were identified: 1) Organizational, 2) Facility and 3) Technology.

#### Organizational Model

LARAEC's five districts have their own professional development programs and recognize that there are considerable opportunities to collaborate and eliminate the

current "organizational silos". Such collaboration and sharing of professional development programs will be important for achieving Objectives 3 and 5 by ensuring the use of common terminology, seamless transitions from adult education into the community colleges, and accelerating students' progress and persistence in completing their CTE certificates, diplomas, and degrees.

The faculty explored the benefits of decentralized, hybrid, lead district, and centralized organizational models for professional development and concluded that a centralized LARAEC entity would be best as long as the program adheres to the following characteristics:

- It cannot be bureaucratic or top-down. Instead, it must be collaborative
- Building on the "best of the best" of what is currently happening in the districts in terms of professional development
- Inclusive full-time faculty, adjunct faculty, and staff
- Research based on what are the proven professional development strategies nationwide
- Evidence based on what works well for LARAEC, which can lead to a community of shared teaching practices
- Representative of the five districts
- Open and transparent communicating effectively regarding the professional development offerings where and when
- Delivering on best practices as well as future practices, particularly in the field of technology
- Furthering the practice of teaching pedagogy in combination with professional development in the specific disciplines
- Combination of in-class, site training and Distance Education
- Avoidance of duplication
- A schedule of professional development offerings over multiple semesters so that faculty can practice new concepts and return for further training refresher, reinforcement, and expansion of the skills they have learned
- Some faculty members expressed interest that the offerings be linked to universities and, thus, enable them to earn college credits.

## Facility Model

The availability and use of facilities can have a considerable impact on the delivery and sustainability of professional development efforts. Some faculty members indicated that there are under-used facilities that could be used for professional development and shared across systems. In contrast, some thought that the delivery of professional

development should not be site limited and suggest contracting out professional development or implementing distance-learning strategies. Faculty members also considered the possibility of identifying dedicated professional development resource centers on each campus that include training space, discussion areas, resources libraries, computers, and access to audio-visual equipment for webinars and live streaming of "master" teacher lectures.

## Technology Model

Faculty members noted that LARAEC must employ technology in professional development to accelerate consistency across the participating institutions. With the establishment of a common library/data base of best practices, videos of master teacher and training modules, and other training tools faculty can share ideas, successes and lessons learned. Furthermore, implementing innovative programs, such as an annual video-taped conference, will support collaboration and mutual respect among faculty.

Some faculty members thought an online clearinghouse of the available professional development resources across the districts would be useful.

For faculty members who have access to smart phones, laptops, and notebooks, webinars and applications (apps) are helpful in increasing effectiveness and uniform adoption of best practices. For example, currently available apps include a Common Core app and an Apple In-Touch app (E-Tubes) that provides user-group community and instruction on on-line learning. Developing a LARAEC app that includes user groups and information about initiatives can be helpful in allowing faculty to share ideas and learning. Also, developing apps that provide helpful guidance to program information, such as FASFA eligibility, could improve counseling faculty effectiveness across LARAEC. Ensuring that faculty members have access to the necessary equipment will allow everyone to take advantage of these professional development ideas.

#### Additional Proposed PD Models and Characteristics

Initial discussions regarding professional development were organized around effective strategies currently being implemented in Montebello USD, Culver City USD and Burbank USD, LAUSD, and LACCD and possibilities for future strategies in the following areas:

1. New integration and collaborative models: Building on current and successful efforts, continue to increase collaboration among consortium members, within

and among districts, between CCDs and adult education centers, with part-time faculty, with business and industry, CBOs, and government stakeholders.

- Faculty and staff development priorities: Priorities include revamping teacher qualifications; improving and expanding training programs and delivery models; standardization of training programs and providing needed resources; and increasing the meaningful involvement of adjunct faculty and vocational instructors.
- 3. Optimal student learning outcomes: Coordinating to develop consistent SLOs will require collaborative development and knowledge of measurement indicators.
- 4. Instructional delivery models: Delivery models to consider include rebooting the Program for Adult College Education (PACE), peer monitoring, and contextualized instruction. In addition, merging source funding should be considered to pool resources and standardize training across systems.
- 5. Curriculum development: Discussion in this area focused on the considering tailoring programs for separate groups of students. Examples included considering curriculum delivery models designed for special interest groups and separate vocational and academic tracks for English and math.
- 6. Use of technology: Of major concern was the need to provide teachers with professional development in the use and application of technology, followed by the need to develop and implement the infrastructure necessary to support the effective application of technology within and across systems.

LARAEC will establish Professional Development Working Groups that will develop the PD strategies and pilot programs under the Teaching-Learning clusters: Bridges and Pathways, Curriculum Alignment, Integrated Assessment, Counseling/Student Support Services, Accelerated Student Progress, and Technology, including Data-sharing and Tracking. Each Working Group will be responsible for developing the participative and centralized approach described above.

The Professional Development Work Groups will design and launch a formal organizational structure that can:

- Identify current offerings and "the best of the best"
- Identify faculty and staff training needs
- Determine the gaps
- Design and deliver the professional development program

The Professional Development Work Groups will prioritize proposals considering whether and how to:

- Identify and prioritize learning opportunities and gaps across the systems
- Develop recommendations regarding technology, facility, or other ways to address the gaps and opportunities
- For facility recommendations, consider cost, availability, citing, etc.
- For technology recommendations, assign responsibility for design and implementation of centralized technology offerings

The three-year plan will guide the efforts of the Professional Development Work Group to determine when and what types of professional development will be required to support the implementation of the three-year plan. The Professional Development Work Groups will also review and survey available professional development currently used within the 5 districts to determine strategies and access. In addition to evaluating professional development best practices, Professional Development Work Groups will explore the feasibility and viability of faculty suggestions.

#### **OBJECTIVE #6 TABLE**

Торіс	Collaborative PD Strategy	Resources Needed	Estimated Cost	Responsible Parties	Assessment Methods	Time Line
Bridges and Pathways Goal: Integrate existing programs and create seamless transitions	Assessment and Evaluation -Provide staff training on how to proctor assessment(s), and review results -Train staff to cross-reference results of assessment tool(s) -Introduce and prepare staff in implementing pilot programs, including computer-based assessment	All LARAEC instructors, Counselors, Administration, Technology, Facilities, Office Supplies, possibly Outside Experts/Facilitators	Cost Included in Objectives 3, and 5	Each LARAEC District	Workgroup designed evaluation tools	December 2015- June 2016
	<b>Curriculum Alignment</b> -Educate staff on new course sequences -Prepare staff in implementation of pilot program(s)	All LARAEC instructors, Counselors, Administration, Technology, Office Supplies, possibly Outside Experts/Facilitators		Each LARAEC District	Work Group designed evaluation tools	December 2015-June 2016 December
	Industry/Sector Specific Pathways and Course Articulation -Train staff of newly designed Pathways and course articulations in identified Industry Sectors	All LARAEC instructors, Counselors, Administration, Partners,		Each LARAEC District	Work Group designed evaluation tools	2015-June 2016

Торіс	Collaborative PD Strategy	Resources Needed	Estimated Cost	Responsible Parties	Assessment Methods	Time Line
	<ul> <li>-Educate staff in curriculum, and course requirements</li> <li>-Prepare staff in implementing pilot program(s)</li> <li>Accelerated Student Progress</li> <li>-Train staff on the identified accelerated strategies adopted by LARAEC</li> <li>-Educate staff in programs accelerating student progress</li> <li>-Prepare staff in implementing pilot</li> </ul>	Technology, Office Supplies, possibly Outside Experts/Facilitators All LARAEC instructors, Counselors, Administration, Technology, Office Supplies, possibly Outside Experts/Facilitators		Each LARAEC District	Work Group designed evaluation tools	December 2015-June 2016
Comprehensive Student Supports Goal: Facilitate the implementation of pilot programs for student support	program(s) Individualized Student Plan (ISP) -Train staff on the utilization of the ISP -Prepare staff in implementing ISP through pilot program Counseling Best Practices -Educate staff on the Comprehensive Guidance Master Plan -Train staff on student- centered core counseling	All LARAEC instructors, Counselors, Administration, Technology, Office Supplies, possibly Outside Experts/Facilitators All LARAEC instructors, Counselors, Administration, Technology, Office		Each LARAEC District Each LARAEC District	Work Group designed evaluation tools Work Group designed evaluation tools	December 2015-June 2016 December 2015-June 2016

Торіс	Collaborative PD Strategy	Resources Needed	Estimated Cost	Responsible Parties	Assessment Methods	Time Line
services incorporating the suggested strategies proposed by staff, students, administration and partners	<ul> <li>elements in each of the program areas</li> <li>-Teach staff on best practices for delivery of counseling services in each of the program areas</li> <li>-Train staff on utilization of Guidance Master Plan common tools</li> <li>-Prepare staff in implementing pilot program(s) on the Guidance Master Plan</li> <li>Student Community Supports</li> <li>-Educate staff on the external student supports available through co-location, referral and partnerships</li> <li>-Educate staff in addressing student needs through community supports and locations where student supports are provided</li> <li>-Prepare staff for implementing pilot programs in providing external student</li> </ul>	Supplies, possibly Outside Experts/Facilitators		Each LARAEC District	Work Group designed evaluation tools	December 2015-June 2016
Information and Accountability	supports Data/Accountability System			Each LARAEC	Work Group	December 2015-June 2016

Торіс	Collaborative PD Strategy	Resources Needed	Estimated Cost	Responsible Parties	Assessment Methods	Time Line
System Goal: Create a LARAEC data and accountability	-Train staff on identifiedinstudent parameters to beCotracked and on the adoptedAdoperating systemTe-Train staff on the interimSuData Warehouse system toOdobtain student dataExLARAEC Information SystemAl-Train staff on the utilizationinof the centralized website forCoLARAEC to obtain generalAdinformationTe-Educate staff on websiteSucomponents, resources,Od	All LARAEC instructors, Counselors, Administration, Technology, Office Supplies, possibly		District	designed evaluation tools Work Group designed evaluation tools	
system that includes a		Outside Experts/Facilitators		Each LARAEC		December 2015-June
common student identifier to		All LARAEC instructors, Counselors,		District		2016
track student progress and outcomes		Administration, Technology, Office Supplies, possibly Outside				
beginning at intake		Experts/Facilitators				

#### XV. REGIONAL COMPREHENSIVE PLAN OBJECTIVE #7:

Plans to leverage existing regional structures, including, but not limited to, local workforce investment areas.

#### Partnership Development

Los Angeles is rich in potential regional partners committed to moving adults into productive, meaningful work. Individual members of the consortium have already formed productive relationships with CBOs, non-profit organizations, governmental entities, and industries in the region (e.g., WIOA and WIBs)—all of which serve similar adult populations. Those relationships will form the basis of an expanded collaboration, as described in this section.

LARAEC has already implemented collaborative efforts with the Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce. They made their weekly newsletter available to publish an Employers survey for the consortium. Results of the survey will be published on LARAEC's website.

## **Opportunities**

LARAEC faculty representatives and the Core Leadership Team met with partners to:

- Discuss opportunities to expand partnerships
- Identify new ways to collaborate

The guiding principle throughout the discussions was to keep LARAEC's focus on students and do what is in their best interest. The following were several key areas of agreement about how to address the opportunity that is presented by AB 86:

- Implement a regional approach, including making referrals across organizational barriers.
  - There is no need to compete for students/clients. They are more interested in doing what it takes to learn and get a job than in who provides them services. Adult learners access services and programs from multiple entry points, making it even more important to have a regional solution to seamless service delivery with built-in referral mechanisms and funding solutions.
- Recognize the strengths of each partner, and provide seamless integration that allows each partner to do what its organization does best.
  - For example, stronger partnerships will provide pathways to refer appropriate students into non-profit organizations that specialize in pre-

literacy (Grade 3 and below) and build bridges so these adult learners can easily transition into Adult Education when ready. Similarly, libraries offer literacy programs - currently, there are 17 such programs for adults in Los Angeles. They may be better able to serve some students, and LARAEC districts may be able to offer help by finding tutors and volunteers to meet the demand. If possible, LARAEC should leverage services provided by partners and provide credit or certification for training provided. In another identified area of need – job development – GROW and GAIN (managed by the Department of Public Social Services of Los Angeles County) has a strong cadre of job referral counselors.

- Work with institutions that provide general services to key populations.
  - For example, expanded partnerships with WIA may provide increased access to students who need job development services; Veterans organizations are strong potential partners for returning veterans who need job training to re-enter the workforce. The County of Los Angeles Department of Children & Family Services works with emancipated youth, also a key population. Disabled Students Programs and Services, and the Department of Rehabilitation will be able to connect to adults with disabilities.
- Build bridges with industry and businesses to offer paid apprenticeship programs and promote job openings and identify where partnering with key institutions should be a part of curriculum or professional development.
  - Training students for available jobs is key, and the diversity of small and large industries in this region makes for both challenges and opportunities. Examples of potential industry partners include:
    - ✓ Tourism, entertainment, motion picture and health the four top industries identified by WIBs
    - ✓ Financial services, including banks, tax preparers
    - ✓ Non-profit organizations (e.g. Red Cross)
    - Manufacturing (e.g., American Apparel, which also teaches ESL on the worksite)
    - ✓ Unions (e.g., SEIU, Local 80 is union for film grips)
- Build on technology solutions that have been developed by partners.
  - Some non-profit organizations have already developed successful elearning tools (e.g., ESL – an area that has proven difficult for some of the partners). Adult Education and the community colleges do not have to duplicate these efforts.

## Strategies

Developing partnerships will be key to the overall success of the AB 86 initiatives, especially Objectives 3 and 5. Discussions were held considering four different "categories" of partners and potential partners. Objective #7 Table lists the brainstormed ideas, organized by partner; these ideas were the result of the discussions at the October 17, 2014, LARAEC workshop with faculty representatives and partners. The ideas clustered around the following four areas:

- County and city government
- Nonprofit organizations
- Workforce Investment Boards (WIBs)
- Business and industry

From those discussions, LARAEC faculty identified three approaches that must be explored simultaneously:

- Colocation of Programs, Services, and Offices:
  - LARAEC members seek to collaborate effectively and efficiently in order to ensure that AE/CTE and partner staff members can regularly interact and provide services and information to one another's clients. Many of the faculty and partners brainstormed similar opportunities; for example:
    - Establish Workforce Centers at the community colleges, and ensure that WIB offices are centrally located and readily accessible to students and faculty
    - Establish "mini" WIB centers in Occupational Centers
    - Invite WIB case workers to CC/AE Job Fairs
    - Invite Adult Education Faculty/Counselors to make presentations at WIB Centers
    - Support WIA efforts in the City of Los Angeles by using Pupil Services & Attendance (PSA) Counselors from the LAUSD
    - Establish referral services at Family Resources Centers
- Stronger Institutional Ties:
  - While community college and K-12 adult education representation is required on WIB boards, it might be helpful to include additional adult education representatives on WIB boards. Similarly, LARAEC districts and many of the potential partner organizations have active advisory boards to give industry input into student developmental needs. Integrating those boards – to ensure that programs respond to the most

informed industry voice while reducing time demands on our industry partners – would ensure effective, useful, aligned curriculum decisions across LARAEC and partner institutions.

- Expanded Collaborative Program Offerings:
  - WIB, GAIN, GROW, and other potential partners are offering programs, such as training services listed under I-Train and Ticket to Work that could help to fill needed gaps in current offerings of the AE/CTE programs. A potential element to increase collaboration is to share program/curriculum database information, such as a potential database on LARAEC course offerings.



#### **OBJECTIVE #7 TABLE**

Торіс		Collaborative PD Strategy	Resources Needed	Estimated Cost	Responsible Parties	Assessment Methods	Time Line
Partnership Development: Central Services		Hire a Partner Liaison Manager to coordinate the program, solicit funding, and identify appropriate metrics Seek funding for integration and collaboration activities from local service clubs, e.g., Rotary Club, Lions Club, etc.) Identify funding sources for common purposes (e.g., Literacy, Funding scholarships, etc.) to refer our partners to for the provision of services to our students	Partners and Community Support Groups	Cost Included in Objectives 3, and 5			Planning: Jul 2014- Jun 2015 Implemen- tation to begin July 2015
Co-location	1.	campuses to identify areas where identified partners can temporarily locate. Include options for space sharing for services on alternate days					Planning: Jul 2014- Jun 2015 Implemen- tation to begin July 2015

Торіс	Collaborative PD Strategy	Resources Needed	Estimated Cost	Responsible Parties	Assessment Methods	Time Line
Institutional Ties	<ul> <li>c. Direct support services (e.g., child care)</li> <li>3. Solicit interest in LARAEC member for locating partners in LARAEC facilities</li> <li>4. Solicit interest in identified partner about the inclusion of LARAEC counselors or other faculty in partner programs, services, or offerings (e.g., at job fairs)</li> <li>1. Gather and organize membership information on advisory boards organized by industry from interested partners</li> <li>2. Solicit volunteer programs from AE/CTE and partners to convene a joint forum of all members to discuss industry trends, availabilit of paid internships, educational needs, etc.</li> <li>3. Document results of forum and determine success factors for duplication</li> <li>4. Explore opportunities for consolidating business and indust advisory groups for the common</li> </ul>	rs ers				Planning: Jul 2014- Jun 2015 Implemen- tation to begin July 2015
	community colleges and Adult					

Торіс	Collaborative PD Strategy	Resources Needed	Estimated Cost	Responsible Parties	Assessment Methods	Time Line
	Education CTE programs					
Collaborative	1. Solicit interest of partners in					Planning:
Program Offerings	access to program databases o	r				Jul 2014-
	information					Jun 2015
	2. Arrange data access to program	n				Implemen-
	offerings (as contrasted with					tation to
	student information)					begin July
	3. Request data for their program	ו				2015
	offerings data from potential					
	partners					
	4. Coordinate with LARAEC					
	members to provide access to					
	partner data					
	5. Develop formal or informal					
	mechanism to track two-way					
	referral information on					
	programs, including whether					
	collaborative databases were					
	involved					

## XVI. APPENDIX

#### **Student Survey**

## Welcome to the Los Angeles Regional Adult Education Consortium (LARAEC) Student Survey!

This survey is designed to collect information in response to the planning efforts funded by Assembly Bill 86 (AB 86), the intent of which is to expand and improve the adult education system in California. We are asking you to complete this survey to share your knowledge of, and experience with, the adult education programs and services at your school. Please know that your individual responses will be kept confidential and findings from the survey will be reported in aggregate or grouped form. The survey should take approximately 15 minutes to complete.

#### Background Information

1. Where are you currently enrolled as a student?

- O Burbank Unified School District
- Culver City Unified School District
- **O** Los Angeles Community College District
- **O** Los Angeles Unified School District
- O Montebello Unified School District
- 2. How long have you attended this school?
  - O Less than 1 year
  - **O** 1 year
  - **O** 2 years
  - **O** 3 or more years
- 3. What is your age?
  - O Under 18 years
  - **O** 18-24 years
  - O 25-30 years
  - O 31-45 years
  - **O** 46-64 years
  - O 65 years or older

4. Etł	nnicity (Check all that apply.)					
	White or Caucasian					
	Black or African American					
	Hispanic					
	Asian					
	American Indian					
	Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander					
	Other, please specify:					
5. Are	e currently or have you taken ESL classes at your school?			O Yes	O No	
6. If Y	'es, did you take or are you taking ESL classes			Yes	No	
a.	To help your children with school work?			О	0	
b.	To get U.S. citizenship?			0	0	
с.	To get a new job with a different employer?			Ο	0	
d.	To help you get a raise or promotion? O O					
e.					0	
f.	To meet a requirement for public assistance? O O					
g.					0	
h.	To make it easier to do things on a day-to-day basis?			Ο	0	
7 Ho	w important were the following factors in your decision to					
71110	enroll at your school or college?					
		Not at all	Somewhat		Very	
		important	important	Important	important	
a.	Cost	Ο	0	0	0	
b.	Financial aid/scholarship opportunities/affordable	Ο	Ο	Ο	0	
c.	School's reputation	0	Ο	0	0	
d.	Future employment opportunities	0	0	0	0	
e.	Recommendations from family/friends/employer	0	0	0	0	
f.	Campus location (close to home/work)	0	0	О	О	
g.	Availability of evening/weekend courses	0	0	0	О	
h.	Personalized attention prior to enrollment					
i.	A specific job training/certification/license program	0	Ο	Ο	О	

(Please tell us the name) \_\_\_\_\_

8. In which of the following program areas are you currently taking classes? (Check all that apply.)

Elementary and Secondary Basic Skills, including classes required for a diploma

Programs, classes, & courses for immigrants (e.g., ESL, Citizenship, Vocational ESL)

Education Programs for Adults with Disabilities (developmental or learning)

Career Technical Education (CTE) Programs/Job Training

Short-term CTE programs

- Apprentices/Pre-apprenticeship programs
- I am not taking classes in any of the above program areas
- Don't know

- 9. What are your current educational goals? (Check all that apply.)
  - High school diploma
  - High School Equivalency Test (GED)
  - Pass citizenship exam
  - Transfer to 4-year university
  - 2-year college degree
  - □ 4-year college degree
  - Other (e.g., CTE job training, CTE certificate program completion, License) please specify: \_
- 10. Are you currently enrolled in CTE job training, certificate, or a licensing program? O Yes O No

11. If yes, which of the following apply to you? I want to......(Check all that apply.)

- Improve my job skills to get a better job
- Re-enter the workforce
- Change careers/learn a new set of job skills
- Get a raise or advance my career with my present employer
- Complete a program/certificate to get a job
- Expand my job opportunity options
- Other (please specify): \_

12. What services have you used to help you meet your educational or job training goals? (Check all that apply.)

- □ Academic counseling
- Career counseling
- Tutoring
- Assessment services (e.g., assessment of skills & abilities as they relate to possible jobs/careers)
- Links to future employment opportunities (e.g., service learning, internship, & work experience)
- Information about jobs and careers (e.g., speaker, job fairs, tours)
- Information about educational and job training programs
- Assistance with developing job search skills (e.g., interviewing, resume writing)
- □ Information about available student support services
- Links to more existing government programs
- Job placement assistance
- Other (please specify): \_

- 13. What are some of the challenges or barriers you and your fellow students have experienced in meeting your educational goals? (*Check all that apply.*)
  - Cost of classes
  - Cost of books and related materials
  - Program, certificate, or license completion requires too much time
  - Lack of classes/courses offered online
  - Cost of transportation
  - Availability of transportation
  - Distance to school/program
  - Childcare needs
  - Registration timing lacks flexibility
  - Lack of availability of classes/courses (Please specify classes/courses): \_\_\_\_\_
  - Other (please specify): \_\_\_\_

14. In your words, please tell us a bit more about your educational and/or job-training goals. What are your immediate educational or job training goals? Specifically, how do you know you are meeting your goals? If you do not believe you are making progress meeting them, why? What would it take (e.g., classes/courses, support services) to help you do so?

#### 15. What are your plans for the future?

Thank you for completing the survey!

# Faculty/Staff Survey

Los Angeles R	Regional Adult Education Consortium (LARAEC) Survey
Welcome to the Los Ange	eles Regional Adult Education Consortium (LARAEC) AB86 Survey!
expand and improve the p Consortium (LARAEC) AB	o collect information in response to the planning efforts funded by Assembly Bill 86 (AB 86), the intent of which is to provision of adult education via the Adult Education Consortium Program. The Los Angeles Regional Adult Education 886 Consortium includes the following member institutions: Los Angeles Community College District, Burbank Unified y Unified School District, Los Angeles Unified School District, and Montebello Unified School District.
education programs and s consistent with your role a	vey will provide you with an opportunity to share your unique knowledge, insights and experiences concerning the adult services at your institution and in your region. Please answer each of the following questions to the best of your ability, and/or specific area of expertise. Individual responses will be kept confidential and findings will be reported in aggregate approximately 30 minutes to complete.
If you have any questions	about survey administration, please contact Sarah Griego at (562) 799-5487 or sgriego@wested.org.
1. Contact inform	mation (Optional)
Name:	
Email Address:	
2. Your District/	College:
Burbank Unified Sc	chool District
Culver City Unified	School District
Los Angeles Comm	nunity College District
C Los Angeles Unified	d School District
Montebello Unified	School District
3. What is your o	current role or position?
Community College	e Administrator / Dean
K-12 School / Distri	ict Administrator
O Program Coordinat	or / Manager
Teacher/Faculty	
Career Center / Ass	sessment / Tutoring / Guidance Staff
Classified Staff	
O Other (Please speci	ify):
Ŭ	
Los Angeles Regional Adult Education Consortium (LARAEC) Survey	
---	
4. With which of the following programs are you primarily affiliated? Check all that apply.	
Elementary and Secondary Basic Skills, including classes required for a diploma	
ESL/Classes for Immigrants	
Education Programs for Adults with Disabilities	
Short-term Career Technical Education (CTE) Programs	
Programs for Apprentices	
I am not affiliated with any of the above program areas	
5. Does your school provide services in correctional facilities?	
↓ ∩ Yes	
Don't Know	
QUALITY AND ADEQUACY OF PROGRAMS AND SERVICES	

6. Please rate the overall quality or degree of excellence of the programs, services and courses offered at your school in each of the following areas (Mark all items that apply to your area(s) of expertise):

	Very High	Above Average	Average	Below Average	Very Low	No Services Provided	Don't Know
Adult Basic Education (ABE) or Elementary Skills	Ο	Ο	Ο	0	Ο	0	Ο
High school diploma or High School Equivalency Certificate (GED)	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο
College Basic Skills (remediation)	0	Ο	Ο	0	0	0	Ο
English as a Second Language (ESL)	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο
Citizenship	0	Ο	0	0	0	0	Ο
Vocational ESL (VESL)	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	$\bigcirc$	Ο
Short-term career technical education (CTE) programs	0	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	0	Ο
Education programs for adults with developmental disabilities	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	0	Ο
Education programs for adults with learning disabilities	0	0	Ο	0	0	0	Ο
Programs for Apprentices	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο
Programs and services preparing students to transition into postsecondary education (such as career/life planning or academic guidance, transition planning, and college orientation)	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō
Programs and services preparing students to transition into the workforce (such as career guidance counseling, skills and aptitude assessments, resume and interview preparation)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Programs for adults in correctional facilities	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο
Support services (such as guidance, counseling, transition plans, tutoring and follow-up services)	Ŏ	Õ	Ŏ	Ō	Ŏ	Ō	Ō
Comments:							
							]

7. Please rate the adequacy or overall effectiveness of the current programs, services and courses offered at your school in meeting the needs of adult learners in your community in the following areas:

	Extremely	Very	Moderately	Slightly	Not at all	Don't Know
Adult Basic Education (ABE) or Elementary Skills	Adequate	Adequate	Adequate	Adequate	Adequate	$\cap$
High school diploma or High School Equivalency Certificate (GED)	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	Õ	ŏ
College Basic Skills (remediation)	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
English as a Second Language (ESL)	Õ	Õ	Õ	Ŏ	Õ	Ŏ
Citizenship	Ō	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ
Vocational ESL (VESL)	Ó	Ó	Ó	Ó	Ó	Ó
Short-term career technical education (CTE) programs	$\bigcirc$	0	0	0	0	0
Education programs for adults with developmental disabilities	0	Ο	0	Ο	Ο	0
Education programs for adults with learning disabilities	0	0	0	0	0	0
Programs for Apprentices	$\bigcirc$	Ο	0	Ο	Ο	0
Programs and services preparing students to transition into postsecondary education (such as career/life planning or academic guidance, transition planning, and college orientation)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Programs and services preparing students to transition into the workforce (such as career guidance counseling, skills and aptitude assessments, resume and interview preparation.)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Programs for adults in correctional facilities	0	Ο	0	Ο	0	0
Support services (such as guidance, counseling, transition plans, tutoring, and follow-up services)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other (please specify):						

#### **GAPS AND STRATEGIES**

os Angeles Regional Adult Education Consortium (LARAEC) Survey
8. Which of the program areas offered at your school have the greatest need for additional
course offerings, services, or other improvements?
Adult Basic Education (ABE) or Elementary Skills
High school diploma or High School Equivalency Certificate (GED)
College Basic Skills (remediation)
English as a Second Language (ESL) or Citizenship or Vocational ESL (VESL)
Short-term career technical education (CTE) programs
Education programs for adults with developmental disabilities
Education programs for adults with learning disabilities
Programs for Apprentices
Programs and services preparing students to transition into postsecondary education
Programs and services preparing students to transition into the workforce
Programs for adults in correctional facilities
Support services (such as guidance, counseling, transition, and follow-up services)
9. What additional course offerings are needed?
10. What additional services are needed?
11. What other improvements do you recommend?
AWARENESS OF OTHER ADULT EDUCATION SERVICES AND RESOURCES

12. Please rate your knowledge of the resources and services provided by the following agencies to serve adult learners/students.

	Excellent	Very Good	Good	Fair	Poor	No Services	Don't Know
Area Community Colleges	0	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο
Area Adult Schools	0	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	0	Ο
Chambers of Commerce	0	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	0	Ο
City/County Libraries and branches	0	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	$\bigcirc$	Ο
City/County Parks and Recreation	0	Ο	0	Ο	Ο	0	Ο
City/County Social Services	0	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	$\bigcirc$	Ο
Community-Based Organizations (Goodwill, etc.)	0	Ο	0	Ο	Ο	0	Ο
County Office of Education	0	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	$\bigcirc$	Ο
Office of Economic Development	0	Ο	$\bigcirc$	Ο	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
One-Stop Career Centers (Workforce Investment Board)	0	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο
Other (please specify):							
							7

#### COLLABORATION

13. How often have you or your school collaborated with outside service providers (e.g., non-profits, community based organizations) to improve or expand programs and services to adult learners/students?

O Frequently	
Occasionally	
O Infrequently	
Rarely	
O Never	
O Don't Know	
14. How often have you or your school collaborated with area adult schools or th	e
community colleges to better meet the needs of adult learners/students?	
community colleges to better meet the needs of adult learners/students?	
O Frequently	
O Frequently	
Frequently     Occasionally	
Frequently         Occasionally         Infrequently	
Frequently Cccasionally Infrequently Rarely	

	stion 17. Please identify the areas in which you have collaborated.	Mar
<b>at apply.</b> Alignment of asse		
	ational and career pathways	
Alignment of cur		
Articulation of co		
Dual and concur	ant enrollment	
Team teaching		
Creation of caree		
-	ation about students	
Sharing of data		
Joint grant writin	and fund development	
Joint professiona	development	
Student referral		
None of the abov	3	
er (please specify):		
		t
	ive have these collaborations been in improving or expanding adult grams and services in your region?	
ucation prog		
UCation pro	rams and services in your region?	
UCATION Pro Very Effective	yrams and services in your region?	
Ucation prog Very Effective Effective Somewhat Effect	yrams and services in your region?	
Ucation prog Very Effective Effective Somewhat Effective	yrams and services in your region?	
Ucation prog Very Effective Effective Somewhat Effective	yrams and services in your region?	
Ucation prog Very Effective Effective Somewhat Effective	yrams and services in your region?	
Ucation prog Very Effective Effective Somewhat Effective	yrams and services in your region?	
Ucation prog Very Effective Effective Somewhat Effective	yrams and services in your region?	
Very Effective Very Effective Effective Somewhat Effective	yrams and services in your region?	

# **17. Below** are some barriers to collaboration between schools/colleges and outside service providers. Please rate the degree to which each is a barrier to collaboration.

	To A Great Degree	To A Moderate Degree	To Some Degree	To A Lesser Degree	Not At All	Don't Know
Insufficient time	0	0	Ο	0	0	Ο
Lack of incentives	0	0	Ο	0	Ο	Ο
Lack of interest	0	$\bigcirc$	Ο	0	0	0
Lack of professional development	Ο	0	Ο	0	Ο	0
Prohibitive school / district policies	0	$\bigcirc$	0	0	0	0
Other(s) (please specify):						

0

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18. Please provide your thoughts about ways to overcome the barriers above.

#### OBSTACLES AND STRATEGIES

l imited / lack of a	vailable childcare options / family needs
	tion and/or training programs or service options available
	t services (e.g., tutoring, counseling, health services)
	livery models (e.g., online options, flexible schedules)
	ation about programs and services available (e.g., in multiple languages and outreach)
Lack of personal r	
Limited financial r	sources
Inadequate transp	ortation options
Limited opportunit	es to develop networking/soft skills
Limited work expe	rience opportunities (job shadowing, internships/externships)
Inadequate assess	ment and career planning services
Limited access an	d accommodations for students with disabilities
Not aware of the r	esources or services available
r (please specify):	
Which of the	e following strategies to accelerate student progress are currently i gram? Please check all that apply.
Which of the Nin your pro	e following strategies to accelerate student progress are currently i gram? Please check all that apply. es (Compressing courses into shorter, more intensive terms)
(please specify): Which of the hin your pro Accelerated Cours Competency-Base	e following strategies to accelerate student progress are currently in gram? Please check all that apply. es (Compressing courses into shorter, more intensive terms) d (Instruction based on a predetermined set of skills that a student is expected to accomplish)
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1. If you marked any of the strategies in the	previous				Survey heir	
ffectiveness at accelerating student progre	-	-	••			
	Very Effective	Effective	Somewhat Effective	Ineffective	No Services Provided	Don't Kr
Accelerated Courses		$\bigcirc$		0		Ο
ompetency-Based	Ŏ	Ŏ	Ŏ	Ŏ	Ŏ	Ŏ
Contextualized Courses	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ
ntegrated Basic Skills Training (I-BEST)	Ō	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ
earning Communities	Ó	Ó	Ó	Ó	Ó	Ó
ther (please specify):	-	-	-	-	-	-
nore of in your program? Please mark all tha	а аррау.					
Competency-Based						
Contextualized Courses						
Integrated Basic Education and Skills Training (I-BEST)						
Learning Communities						
N/A						
Other (please specify):						
3. What additional models would you like to	o see mor	e of in v	our pro	aram?		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				<u> </u>	2	

-os Angeles Regional Adult Education Consortium (LA	RAEC	) Surve
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24. To what extent does your program use the	fol	lov	ving	g <mark>Co-l</mark> e	oca	tion	Strate	egies to	) align
activities or program elements between the ac	luit	sc	ho	ol and	cor	nmı	unity c	ollege	?
	-	~		Тоа	-	_	<b>-</b> .		

	To a Great Extent	Moderate Extent	To Some Extent	To a Lesser Extent	Not At All	Don't Know
Adult school classes on college campuses	0	0	Ο	0	0	0
College classes on adult school campuses	0	$\bigcirc$	Ο	0	Ο	0
Support services on campuses	0	$\bigcirc$	0	0	0	0
Classes conducted at a worksite	0	$\bigcirc$	Ο	0	Ο	0
Classes taught within a support provider's location (e.g., in a group home facility for adults with disabilities, One Stop Career Center)	$\circ$	0	0	0	0	0
Other (please specify):						

# 25. To what extent does your program use the following Transition Strategies to align activities or program elements between the adult school and community college?

O O O Followin	O O Name		O O O	O O ategies	0 0 0
) ) followin	O O ng Phys	O O	O O	O O rategies	O O to
) followin	Ong Phys	O ical Acc	C cess Str	•ategies	to
followi	ng Phys	ical Acc	ess Stı	ategies	to
followi	ng <mark>Phys</mark>	ical Acc	ess Sti	rategies	to
To a Great Extent	To a Moderate Extent	To Some Extent	To a Lesser Extent	Not At All	Don't Know
Ο	0	0	$\bigcirc$	0	$\bigcirc$
0	0	Ο	0	0	0
0	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	0	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
I					
		To a Great Extent Moderate	To a Great Moderate Extent	To a Great Extent To Some To a Lesser Extent Extent Extent	To a Great To Some To a Lesser Not At All I

# 27. To what extent does your program use the following strategies to facilitate student access to services?

	To a Great Extent	To a Moderate Extent	To Some Extent	To a Lesser Extent	Not At All	Don't Know
Dissemination of program information in local media	0	$\bigcirc$	0	0	0	0
Program information in multiple languages	0	$\bigcirc$	Ο	0	Ο	0
Learning accommodations for students with disabilities	0	$\bigcirc$	0	0	Ο	0
Childcare	0	$\bigcirc$	Ο	0	Ο	0
Open entry/open exit programs	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	0	$\bigcirc$	0	$\bigcirc$
Evening hours	0	$\bigcirc$	Ο	0	Ο	0
Saturday hours	0	$\bigcirc$	0	0	0	0
Other (please specify):						

# 28. To what extent do the following challenges hinder the implementation of any of the strategies listed previously?

	To a Great Extent	To a Moderate Extent	To Some Extent	To a Lesser Extent	Not At All	Don't Know
Lack of time	0	$\bigcirc$	0	0	0	$\bigcirc$
Lack of information about programs or services	0	$\bigcirc$	Ο	0	Ο	0
Lack of funding	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	0	$\bigcirc$	0	$\bigcirc$
Lack of incentives, given separate organizational mandates	0	$\bigcirc$	Ο	0	Ο	0
Students not clear about their goals	0	$\bigcirc$	0	0	0	0
Students not interested in progressing to the next level or moving on to another program	0	0	0	0	0	0
Teachers not exposed to these strategies	0	$\bigcirc$	Ο	$\bigcirc$	0	$\bigcirc$
Teachers not interested in these strategies	0	$\bigcirc$	Ο	0	Ο	0
Teachers not skilled in teaching in these ways	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	0	$\bigcirc$	0	$\bigcirc$
Different 'cultures' across institutions	0	$\bigcirc$	Ο	0	Ο	0
Belief that these strategies are not appropriate for the students	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	0	$\bigcirc$	0	$\bigcirc$
Lack of data to track progress and outcomes from these strategies	0	Ο	Ο	$\bigcirc$	Ο	0

Il that a	nese challenges, which are the ones that most need to be addressed? Please ma apply.
Lack o	of time
Lack c	f information about programs or services
Lack o	of funding
Lack o	f incentives, given separate organizational mandates
Stude	nts not clear about their goals
Stude	nts not interested in progressing to the next level or moving on to another program
Teach	ers not exposed to these strategies
Teach	ers not interested in these strategies
Teach	ers not skilled in teaching in these ways
Differe	Int 'cultures' across institutions
Belief	that these strategies are not appropriate for the students
Lack c	f data to track progress and outcomes from these strategies
Other (pleas	se specify):
	SSIONAL DEVELOPMENT
0. Wha	SSIONAL DEVELOPMENT t kinds of professional development in your program area would be most valuab oving or expanding services to adult learners/students? Please mark all that app
30. Wha	t kinds of professional development in your program area would be most valuab
60. Wha	t kinds of professional development in your program area would be most valuab oving or expanding services to adult learners/students? Please mark all that app
60. What or impr	t kinds of professional development in your program area would be most valuab oving or expanding services to adult learners/students? Please mark all that app xtualized learning (Putting basic skills content into the context of a student's goals and career path)
60. What or impr	t kinds of professional development in your program area would be most valuab oving or expanding services to adult learners/students? Please mark all that app xtualized learning (Putting basic skills content into the context of a student's goals and career path) entiated instruction (providing different learning options to students within the same course)
60. What or impr	t kinds of professional development in your program area would be most valuab oving or expanding services to adult learners/students? Please mark all that app xtualized learning (Putting basic skills content into the context of a student's goals and career path) entiated instruction (providing different learning options to students within the same course) lation and dual/concurrent enrollment
Context Context Differe Articul Use of Buildir	t kinds of professional development in your program area would be most valuab oving or expanding services to adult learners/students? Please mark all that app xtualized learning (Putting basic skills content into the context of a student's goals and career path) entiated instruction (providing different learning options to students within the same course) lation and dual/concurrent enrollment i technology to enhance access and learning
Contest Contest Differe Articul Use of Buildir Trainir	t kinds of professional development in your program area would be most valuab oving or expanding services to adult learners/students? Please mark all that app atualized learning (Putting basic skills content into the context of a student's goals and career path) entiated instruction (providing different learning options to students within the same course) lation and dual/concurrent enrollment t technology to enhance access and learning ng of career pathways
Contest Contest Differe Articul Use of Buildir Trainin	t kinds of professional development in your program area would be most valuab oving or expanding services to adult learners/students? Please mark all that app stualized learning (Putting basic skills content into the context of a student's goals and career path) entiated instruction (providing different learning options to students within the same course) lation and dual/concurrent enrollment if technology to enhance access and learning ng of career pathways ng in Learning Communities (Collaborative instruction across disciplines)
SO. What or improvement of the second	t kinds of professional development in your program area would be most valuable oving or expanding services to adult learners/students? Please mark all that app atualized learning (Putting basic skills content into the context of a student's goals and career path) entiated instruction (providing different learning options to students within the same course) lation and dual/concurrent enrollment i technology to enhance access and learning ng of career pathways ng in Learning Communities (Collaborative instruction across disciplines) ng in I-BEST (Technical and basic skills instructors team-teach) ng on counseling students to transition between districts
<b>BO. Wha</b> or impr Conte Differe Articul Use of Buildir Trainin	t kinds of professional development in your program area would be most valuable oving or expanding services to adult learners/students? Please mark all that app atualized learning (Putting basic skills content into the context of a student's goals and career path) entiated instruction (providing different learning options to students within the same course) lation and dual/concurrent enrollment i technology to enhance access and learning ng of career pathways ng in Learning Communities (Collaborative instruction across disciplines) ng in I-BEST (Technical and basic skills instructors team-teach) ng on counseling students to transition between districts

Any additional insights you'd like to share?	
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# AB86 Interview Protocol LARAEC Partners Maximum duration of typical interview: **60 minutes**

# Typical duration of interview: 30 minutes

# **Procedure:**

- Interviews will be scheduled and confirmed in advance.
- Interviewees will be sent conference call dial-in information with confirmation of their scheduled interview.
- Interviewers will dial-in at least 5 minutes in advance of the scheduled interview time to allot for any delays and for set up time.
- Interviewers will introduce themselves informally, confirm that they are speaking to the appropriate interviewee, and re-iterate the pre-approved time and duration for the interview.
- The interviewer will then read the following script:

# General pre-interview script (3 minutes):

# Welcome

Thank you for being willing to give of your time and energy to this interview. I am \_\_\_\_\_ and I will be asking you a few questions (and [Name] will be taking notes).

#### Purpose

WestEd is working with your regional consortium as part of the AB86 Adult Education Consortium Planning to assist with data collection efforts concerning the rethinking and redesign of the K-12, adult education, and community college district systems. To this end, we are conducting interviews with key staff from consortia and community/local agencies to develop a better understanding and gain further insights concerning the essential components of a plan that will result in an expanded and improved system of programs and services for adult learners. Information from these interviews will be used to inform the plan developed by your regional consortium.

In this interview process, your confidentiality is assured. All of the information and feedback we collect will be de-identified (your name will not be used in any report) before being reported up in summary form to provide guidance and information to AB86 stakeholders about ways to further assist the consortia in accomplishing their objectives.

The interview process will start with me asking a set of questions, which will be the same set of questions asked for each interviewee across your consortium. You will be given as much time as you need to respond, but I will monitor the time to honor our commitment to keep this visit to 20 minutes or less. Are there any questions about any of this? If not, let's get started.

# **Core Questions for Partners**

- 1. Please describe the programs and services you provide to adult learners.
  - a. In general, how would you characterize the adequacy and quality of these programs and service offerings?
- 2. Drawing on your experience providing services to adult learners in the region, where do you see the greatest need in terms of programs, service offerings, or otherwise? (*Probe on support services, access issues*)
  - a. What strategies would you recommend to address these needs, and why?
  - b. What are the possible challenges to addressing these needs, and how would you recommend mitigating them?
- 3. What plans, if any, do you have in place (or that you are in the process of developing) to help adult learners transition into postsecondary education or the workforce?
- 4. To what extent does your organization collaborate with adult schools and / or community colleges to provide services to adult learners?
  - a. Have you found these collaborations to be effective? If so, why? If not, why not? (*Probe on strategies used, agreements with credentialing systems, placement/assessment tools, support services, etc.*)
  - b. What barriers prevent collaboration with Adult Schools and / or community colleges?
  - c. What strategies would you recommend to overcome them?
- 5. What other partners (educational, support providers, funders) do you work with in your communities? (*if no partnerships, probe for barriers to collaboration & strategies to overcome or work around those barriers*)
  - a. What untapped resources exist in your region that could be leveraged to meet student needs? (*Probe for partners, other initiatives, and other factors, such as technological resources, key employers, etc.*)
  - b. What incentives and disincentives exist to partnering?

#### **Supplemental Questions**

#### **Objective 1**

1. How has the range of programs changed since the 2008/09 school year?

#### **Objective 3**

1. In your opinion, what would need to be done in the region to ensure plans are developed to create seamless transitions between existing programs in these domains and postsecondary education or the workforce? Please elaborate.

#### **Objective 4**

- 1. What gaps do you see in the continuum of services provided to adult learners within program area and / or region?
- 2. What are some of the challenges/barriers your students face in attaining their educational goals?
  - a. What are some potential solutions for addressing these challenges/barriers?

#### **Objective 5**

1. What plans, if any, do you have in place or are in the process of developing to employ approaches proven to accelerate a student's progress toward academic or career goals? (e.g., contextualized basic skills and CTE, or joint programming strategies?)

#### **Objective 6**

**1.** What are high priority topic areas for professional development for Adult Education teachers and/or administrators?

#### **Objective 7**

- 1. What plans, if any, do you have in place or are in the process of developing to leverage existing regional structures (e.g., collaborations)? Please describe.
- 2. With what partners (educational, support providers, funders) do you already work with in the region?

# AB86 Interview Protocol - Key LARAEC Leadership Maximum duration of interview: **60 minutes**

# **Typical duration of interview:** 20 minutes

# **Procedure:**

- Interviews will be scheduled and confirmed in advance.
- Interviewees will be sent conference call dial-in information with confirmation of their scheduled interview.
- Interviewers will dial-in at least 5 minutes in advance of the scheduled interview time to allot for any delays and for set up time.
- Interviewers will introduce themselves informally, confirm that they are speaking to the appropriate interviewee, and re-iterate the pre-approved time and duration for the interview.
- The interviewer will then read the following script:

# **General pre-interview script (3 minutes):**

#### Welcome

Thank you for being willing to give of your time and energy to this interview. I am \_\_\_\_\_ and I will be asking you a few questions (and [Name] will be taking notes).

#### Purpose

WestEd is working with your regional consortium as part of the AB86 Adult Education Consortium Planning to assist with data collection efforts concerning the rethinking and redesign of the K-12, adult education, and community college district systems. To this end, we are conducting interviews with key staff from consortia and community/local agencies to develop a better understanding and gain further insights concerning the essential components of a plan that will result in an expanded and improved system of programs and services for adult learners. Information from these interviews will be used to inform the plan developed by your regional consortium.

In this interview process, your confidentiality is assured. All of the information and feedback we collect will be de-identified (your name will not be used in any report) before being reported up in summary form to provide guidance and information to AB86 stakeholders about ways to further assist the consortia in accomplishing their objectives.

The interview process will start with me asking a set of questions, which will be the same set of questions asked for each interviewee across your consortium. You will be given as much time as you need to respond, but I will monitor the time to honor our commitment to keep this visit to 20 minutes or less. Are there any questions about any of this? If not, let's get started.

# **Interview Questions:**

- 1. How would you describe the level and types of adult education programs you currently offer?
  - a. How would you characterize the adequacy and quality of the programs/services?
  - b. What is your vision for the improvement or enhancement of these programs and their reach?
- 2. How would you describe current *needs* for adult education in your area, in terms of type and level?
  - a. Have any gaps in existing programs or services been identified and, if so, how do you envision addressing those?
- 3. What are currently the biggest opportunities for and challenges to effective transition from adult education programs to postsecondary education or the workforce?
  - a. How might the challenges be mitigated?
  - b. How might the opportunities be leveraged?
- 4. What types of strategies and structures have been implemented in your program(s) to accelerate student progress (e.g., targeted professional development offerings; combined programs; inquiry-based or other evidence-based instructional strategies)?
  - a. Are there other strategies and strategies that you would like to implement to accelerate student progress?
- 5. Given the responses to the interview questions above, how would you describe your overall vision for adult education in the next year? 5 years? 10 years?
  - a. What key partnerships will be critical in realizing your vision?
  - b. What do you think is the best approach for accomplishing this vision?
  - c. How will you handle the biggest obstacle you see to realizing this vision?

# **Other Possible Questions:**

1. What are the essential components of a well-aligned system? K-12, adult education, and community college system capable of meeting diverse student needs? [For example: alignment of secondary and postsecondary programs/institutions with workforce development; multiple entry and exit points; meeting labor market demands; a focus on industry recognized credentials; comprehensive support services such as career

#### counseling and transportation]

- 2. What structures (e.g., regional collaboratives) and resources are essential to this effort? From your perspective, what systems, structures or supports are needed to facilitate the development of comprehensive, multi-system approaches?
- 3. What are the top three priorities for your organization concerning adult learners?
- 4. How would you describe the relationship between the certification process and completers' employment status and wage increase?
- 5. What could be done to improve the certification process and outcomes for completers

# Surveys and Interview Finding Details

# Student Surveys

Three survey instruments were administered to students at the school districts and community colleges in LARAEC. A total of 30,212 students completed the Los Angeles Community College District (LACCD) Student Survey in Spring 2012<sup>3</sup> before AB86 planning began. Over 5,000 Los Angeles Unified School District (LAUSD) students completed the LAUSD AB6 Student Survey in Spring 2014, and 1,358 students from BUSD, CCUSD, LAUSD and MUSD, as well as 1,094 LACCD students, completed the LARAEC Student Survey in Fall 2014. Both the LAUSD AB86 Student Survey and the LARAEC Student Survey were also provided in Spanish.

Questions from all three surveys were mapped to applicable AB86 objectives. Objectives 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 were most applicable to the student survey items. Responses are grouped by objective and presented below. Question numbers are bolded and in parentheses and are color-coded to denote the type of student survey (Green = LARAEC survey; Red = LAUSD survey; Blue = LACCD survey).

# The following responses are aligned to Objective 1: Evaluation of current levels and types of adult education programs within region.

# Program Enrollment

- The largest numbers of K-12 District respondents are in *Programs for Immigrants* (*ESL, Citizenship*), Career Technical Education, and Elementary and Secondary Basic Skills.
  - Over half (56%, 731) of LARAEC K-12 District students are currently taking <u>or</u> have taken an ESL class at their school. (Q5)
  - Over a third, (36%, 465) are currently taking *CTE/Job Training* courses
  - 33% (428) are currently in *Programs for Immigrants (ESL, Citizenship)*, and 24% (311) are taking *Basic Skills* courses. (Q8)
  - Of the LAUSD AB86 survey respondents, 50% (2,505) are in ESL, VESL, or Citizenship programs, 29% (1,457) are in CTE/Job Training programs, and 25% (1,225) are currently taking Basic Skills courses. (Q1)
- At the community colleges, about half of the respondents (49%, 500) are currently taking classes in *Programs for Immigrants (ESL, Citizenship)*, 17% (174) are taking *CTE*, and 16% (162) are taking *Basic Skills*. (Q8)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The LACCD student survey is a general student survey administered every two years at all campuses. It provides an opportunity for students to share their educational experience and provide feedback to colleges and the District.

# **Education Goal**

- High School Diploma/Equivalency Test/GED is the education goal for over half of the LAUSD AB86 survey respondents (57%). Another 45% selected CTE: Job Training, Certification or License (Q2)
- 82% of LARAEC K-12 respondents
- 43% of LARAEC community college respondents selected *High School Diploma/Equivalency Test/GED* as their education goal. (Q9)
- The majority of the general LACCD student population is planning on getting an Associate's degree or preparing to transfer (82%), with only 6% selecting *CTE* and 2% selecting *High School Diploma/GED*. (Q2)

The following responses are aligned to Objective 2: Evaluation of current needs for adult education programs within region, as well as to Objective 4: Plan to address gaps.

#### Student Needs

- Half the LAUSD students want more summer classes (50%, 2,511). Another 45% of students (2,232) want morning classes. (Q4)
- The top five categories of courses that LAUSD students wish their school offered:
   1. Computers (e.g., Basic computing classes, Networking, Cisco/Microsoft certifications),
   2. ESL/Speech/Writing/Conversational English,
   3. Nursing/Medical/Dental Assisting,
   3. CTE Trades (e.g., Plumbing, Welding, Electrical, HVAC),
   4. Mechanic/Automotive,
   5) ABE/ASE Math (Q3)
- Job Counseling, Job Placement, and Health Services are the top three services that LAUSD students would like offered at their school with around 40% to 50% of respondents selecting these services. (Q6)
- Most K-12 District students (91%, 1,100) selected Future Employment Opportunities as being important in their decision to enroll at their school. Financial Aid/Affordability and Costs were selected by, respectively, 75% (826) and 80% (962) of respondents. (Q7)
- Over half of LACCD student respondents felt that their experiences at college did little ("some" or "very little") to acquire job or work-related skills (Q75b) or to improve their ability to get a job or advance their career. (Q75o)

#### Barriers/Problems

 Just over half (52%) of LAUSD students feel that there are not enough classes at their school (Q8)

- Job Schedule, Tuition/Costs, and Child Care are the top three barriers that prevent an LAUSD student or family member from attending school. (Q12)
- Financial Factors (49%), Unable to Enroll in Classes I Need (47%), and Job Obligations (38%) were the top three problems affecting course success for LACCD students. Family Obligations came up as a "moderate" to "major" problem by 18% of respondents. (Q5)
- Costs (Costs of Classes, Cost of Books/Related Materials) were the biggest barrier to success for LARAEC K-12 and community college students, followed by Distance to School/Program for K-12 students and Lack of Classes/Courses Offered Online as well as Availability of Transportation for community college students. (Q13)

The following responses are aligned to Objective 3: Plans to integrate existing programs and create seamless transitions into postsecondary education or workforce and Objective 5: Plan to employ approaches to accelerate students' progress toward academic or career goals.

# Job Training

- A large majority of LAUSD students (72%, 3,557) are interested in attending job training at the same time as their academic or ESL class. (Q12)
- As many as 1,750 (36%) LAUSD students state they know "nothing" about job training or college opportunities at other places. Another 1,436 (29%) know "a little". (Q9)

# **Counseling Services**

- Academic and career counseling services are utilized very little by <u>adult</u> <u>education</u> students at K-12 Districts and community college, a striking difference from the general LACCD student population:
  - Most LAUSD students (77%, 3,759) have <u>not</u> met with a school counselor.
     (Q13)
  - Similarly, very few LARAEC students have used academic counseling (K12 10%, 109; Community college 24%, 143) or career counseling (K12 8%, 80; Community college 10%, 58) services. (Q12)
  - In contrast, over half of the general LACCD student population (58%) reported meeting with their counselor either before or during their first college semester. Only twenty-two percent (22%) report having <u>never</u> met with their college counselor. (Q25)

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• Just under half of LACCD students (45%) report that they do <u>not</u> have a formal education plan or are not sure if they have one. (Q26)

# LARAEC Faculty/Staff Survey, Preliminary Highlights

#### Survey Respondents

Below are preliminary highlights from the survey. Question numbers are bolded and indicated after each item.

• A total of 569 faculty/staff surveys were completed between September 8, 2014 and October 13, 2014.

#### Table 22

Number of responses per school/college (Q2)

Collogos	Responses	K-12 Districts	Responses
Colleges	(total: 208)	K-12 DISINCIS	(total: 361)
Los Angeles CCD	208	Burbank	20
		Culver City	12
		Los Angeles	257
		Montebello	72

• An overwhelming number of surveys were completed by teachers/faculty. Table 23 below shows the number of respondents by role. **(Q3)** 

# Table 23 What is your current role or position? (Q3)

	Community	K-12
	College	Districts
	(total: 208)	(total: 357)
Community College Administrator/Dean	9	2 *
K-12 School/District Administrator	2 *	12
Program Coordinator/Manager	3	15

Teacher/Faculty	136	239
Counselor	6	6
Career Center/Assessment/Tutoring/Guidance Staff	0	3
Classified Staff	46	50
Other	6	30

\* Two (2) respondents each from the community college and the K-12 districts marked a role/position that is nonexistent at their respective organizations.

- The largest number of K-12 District survey respondents were primarily affiliated with ESL (49%; n=176) and/or Elementary and Secondary Basic Skills programs (38%; n=135). Community College respondents were primarily not affiliated with any AB86 program (56%, n=116). (Q4)
- Majority (68%, n=242) of K-12 District respondents stated that their district did not provide services to correctional facilities. Less than a third (28%, n=99) did not know whether their school provided services to correctional facilities. (Q5)
- Half (51%, n=106) of **Community College** respondents did not know whether their school provided services to correctional facilities. 46% (n=95) stated that their district did <u>not</u> provide services to correctional facilities. **(Q5)**

# Overall quality and/or effectiveness of programs, services, and courses.

A large majority of K-12 District respondents (84% - 92%) rated ESL, High School Diploma (GED), Adult Basic Education, Short-term CTE, Citizenship, and Vocational ESL as being Above Average or Very High quality. But <u>all</u> programs were rated by at least half the K-12 respondents as being of Average or High Quality. In comparison, only three programs were identified by at least half (54% - 70%) the Community College respondents as being Above Average or Very High quality. These were ESL, Short-Term CTE, and College Basic Skills. (Q6)

# Adequacy (sufficiency, comprehensiveness) of the programs, services, and courses

- ESL, High School Diploma, Adult Basic Education, and Short-term CTE programs were rated by more than 80% of K-12 district respondents as being Very or Extremely Adequate. (Q7)
- Programs with the lowest ratings of adequacy were programs for *Adults in Correctional Facilities* where half (49%, n=33) of **K-12 district** respondents said it was *Not at All Adequate*. Education programs for *Adults with Learning*

*Disabilities* and programs for *Adults with Developmental Disabilities* were considered *Not at All Adequate* by 22% of respondents. **(Q7)** 

• At the **community college**, the *ESL* program received the most ratings (57%, n=70) of high adequacy. Most programs were identified as highly adequate by about half the respondents, with the exception of programs for *Apprentices* and programs for *Adults in Correctional Facilities*. (Q7)

# Program areas offered have the greatest need for additional course offerings, services, or other improvements

- K-12 district respondents identified Short-term Career Technical Education programs as having the greatest need for additional course offerings, services, or other improvements (59%; n=170), followed by ESL/Citizenship/Vocational ESL (54%, n=156).
- At the community college, College Basic Skills (Remediation) programs have the greatest need for additional course offerings, services, or other improvements (50%; n=60), followed by Short-term CTE (45%, n=58), ESL/Citizenship/Vocational ESL (43%, n=56), and Support Services (43%, n=55).
- In comparison, both **K-12** and **Community College** respondents identified programs for *Adults in Correctional Facilities* as having the lowest need. **(Q8)**
- When asked what additional course offerings are needed, a large number of responses to this open ended question included offering more courses in CTE and Basic Skills courses. (Q9)

# Additional services needed

- Counseling (academic and career) and Job placement services garnered the most responses by K-12 and Community College respondents for additional services needed. (Q10)
- When asked, "What other improvements do you recommend?", additional support services and increased funding for existing programs and services emerged as the most common responses by K-12 Districts and Adult Schools. (Q11)

# Knowledge of the resources and services provided by the specific agencies

 K-12 District and Community College respondents have the <u>most</u> amount of knowledge about area adult schools and community colleges, as expected and the <u>least</u> amount of knowledge about the resources and services provided by the Office of Economic Development, Chambers of Commerce, and the County Office of Education. (Q12)

# Collaboration efforts with outside service providers (e.g., non-profits, community based organizations) to improve or expand programs and services.

- About 20% of K-12 District respondents were unaware of how often their school collaborated with outside service providers or other area adult schools or community colleges. Twenty seven percent (27%) or 79 respondents stated that they collaborated *frequently* with <u>outside service providers</u>, and another 33% (n=94) said they collaborated *occasionally*. Twenty six percent (26%) or 75 respondents stated that they collaborated that they collaborated *frequently* with <u>area adult schools or community colleges</u>, and another 25% (n=71) said they collaborated *occasionally*. (Q13, Q14)
- About 40% of Community College respondents were unaware of how often their school collaborated with outside service providers or other area adult schools or community colleges. Twenty six percent (26%) or 36 respondents stated that they collaborated *frequently* with <u>outside service providers</u>, and another 18% (n=26) said they collaborated *occasionally*. Twenty one percent (21%) or 29 respondents stated that they collaborated that they collaborated *frequently* with <u>area adult schools or community colleges</u>, and another 17% (n=24) said they collaborated *occasionally*. (Q13, Q14)
- Student Referral was identified as the area with the highest collaboration (59%; n=108) and Joint Grant Writing was identified as the area with the least amount of collaboration (6%, n=11) by K-12 respondents. Community College respondents collaborated most in the areas of *Dual and Concurrent Enrollment* (47%, n=34) and Student Referral (43%, n=31), and least in the area of *Team Teaching* (15%, n=11) (Q15)
- Existing collaborations were rated as *Very Effective* or *Effective* by 60% (n=103) of K-12 respondents and 49% (n=35) of Community College respondents. Five percent (5%, n=8) of K-12 respondents and 9% (n=6) of Community College respondents said they were *Not at All Effective*. (Q16)
- Insufficient Time was the biggest barrier to collaboration with outside service providers by both groups of respondents. (Q17)
- Respondents most frequently cited the need for increased *Collaboration* and *Communication* as ways to overcome these barriers. (Q18)

# **Obstacles for Students**

 An overwhelming majority of K-12 and Community College respondents cited the Limited/Lack of Childcare/Family Needs and Limited Financial Resources as the top two obstacles to adult learners/students. (Q19)

#### Strategies to accelerate student progress

- When asked which strategy to accelerate student progress are currently in use at the K-12 Districts, the largest majority of respondents selected *Competencybased* strategies (90%, n=198). *Contextualization* (42%, n=92) followed as the next most common strategy in use. At the community colleges, Accelerated *Courses* (52%, n=48) was followed by *Competency-based* strategies (50%, n=46) as the most common strategies in use. (Q20)
- Competency-Based strategies were seen by the most K-12 respondents (90%, n=176) as being Effective/Very Effective at accelerating student progress. However, the other four strategies (Contextualized Courses, Accelerated Courses, Learning Communities, and I-BEST) were rated by 80% to 86% of K-12 respondents as also being Effective/Very Effective. A smaller percentage of community college respondents (52% to 71%) rated each of the five strategies as Effective/Very Effective with Competency-Based strategies at the top. (Q21)
- Between 80 and 98 (36%-44%) K-12 District respondents and between 37 and 46 (34%-42%) Community College respondents want to see more of each of the above-mentioned strategies to accelerate student progress in their programs. (Q22)
- Two out of the five <u>co-location strategies</u> -- Adult School Classes on College Campuses and College Classes on Adult School Campuses -- were largely <u>not</u> in use at the K-12 Districts. The co-location strategy of Support Services was in use the most at both K-12 Districts and community colleges. (Q24)
- When asked about their current use of <u>transition strategies</u> to align activities or programs between adult schools and community colleges, only 33% to 43% of K-12 respondents and 33% to 40% of Community College respondents said that each of the strategies were in use to a *Great/Moderate Extent*. (Q25)
- When asked about their current use of <u>physical access strategies</u> to facilitate student access to services, *Location within easy access to student population* was selected as the strategy in most use by both groups. **(Q26)**
- The strategy to facilitate student access to services that is most in use at the K-12 Districts are Evening Hours (80%, n=186) and Open Entry/Exit Programs (79%, n=169). Saturday Hours was the strategy least in use. At the community colleges, Evening Hours (70%, n=71) and Learning Accommodations for Students with Disabilities (66%, n=56) are strategies in most use. Dissemination of Program Information in Local Media was the strategy least in use. (Q27)

• Lack of funding was selected as the challenge which hindered the implementation of the above-mentioned strategies the most as well as the one that most needs to be addressed. (Q28; Q29)

### **Professional Development**

The top two requested professional development topics by K-12 District respondents was the Use of Technology to Enhance Access and Learning and Building of Career Pathways, with, respectively, 158 (67%) and 145 (61%) of K-12 respondents and 66 (59%) and 69 (62%) of Community College respondents choosing these areas. (Q30)

# Summary

• When asked, "What is the most important thing that can be done to improve/expand services in your community?" the most prominent themes included: funding and increased offering of classes (including online). (Q31)

#### Partner and Key LARAEC Stakeholder Interviews

In order to develop a deeper understanding of the Los Angeles Regional Adult Education Consortium's (LARAEC's) perspectives on the key components necessary to expand and improve the current system of programs and services for adult learners offered within the Los Angeles region, WestEd, on behalf of LARAEC, conducted telephone interviews with key informants within LARAEC leadership, as well as with important partners to LARAEC. The goal was to obtain the viewpoints of LARAEC related to the current K-12, adult education, and community college district systems, and to understand stakeholders' various priorities, perspectives, and potential approaches to their AB 86 work.

#### Partner Interview Findings

**Methods and Analyses:** A list of partners (n=16) was identified by LARAEC leadership to be interviewed. WestEd staff contacted each partner to schedule a phone interview. When the interview date and time was established, WestEd staff sent a confirmation email with the interview questions attached so that interviewees were prepared and relatively unburdened by participating in the interview. As of October 28, 2014, six (6) interviews with partners. On one occasion, the potential interviewee elected to submit responses to the interview questions via email.

Partner interviews included 5 required questions and 5 additional questions that could be answered if time permitted. During each phone interview, notes were taken and saved individually for each interview. All interview notes were then compiled and analyzed using an exploratory applied thematic approach. Partner interview protocol is found in the Appendix.

**High-level Findings from Partners**: Across the six (6) interview texts analyzed for this summary-to-date for partners interviewed, several themes were seen across interviews and across types of interviewees.

# **Programs and Services Offered to Adult Learners**

- Partner has **17 workforce centers** that offer **job placement** and **case management** and **coaching**. A big part is referrals and training. They operate 13 YouthServe Centers which are geared toward 14-21 year olds and help dropouts route themselves back to school or to jobs. They serve 150,000 adults and 8,000 youth and play a key role in helping people find employment.
- The central library and 72 branch libraries offer a wide range of services and programs. They help adult learners and serve as centers for lifelong learning with many free resources. 21 of these libraries have adult literacy centers (typically dropout, basic literacy skills, improve English language literacy) with 1500 current and active learners in that program. English language conversation classes, some ESL, Career Online High School (SACS-accredited high school diploma 125 slots for students, free course, currently have 53 students enrolled, one graduate). 900+ online courses (time-management, resume prep, job hunting, etc) are available where the library purchased the courses and made them available for free. Financial literacy classes and workshops (mortgage basics, checking/savings maintenance) and programming around health topics targeted around health disparities in particular communities. Citizenship and naturalization eligibility and courses in all 73 libraries (partnership with Federal agency USCIS). And there is a job and career readiness web portal.
- Partner provides training and employment services to adults including vocational training and job placement. They also offer **self-serve job searches** on their computers, **career counseling**, **assessments of skills and aptitudes**, **job placement assistance**, **and subsidized job training**.
- Partner provides a **Pre-ESL literacy** course for **non-to-low literate adult Spanish speakers** who have less than 3rd grade schooling. One-third of adult learners served are indigenous language speakers and Spanish is their second

language. This organization teaches them how to read and write in Spanish first as a foundation for ESL. They have **proprietary curriculum** that has been **developed** and **tested** for over 23 years in classrooms. In addition, they offer an **e-literacy course** called Leamos (Let's Read), which is a web-based, pre-ESL course that focuses on literacy instruction. The course builds on letters, syllables, words, and then onto sentences. Once the adult learner has made this connection from oral to written language, they are able to begin writing as a tool for memory. In an English Basic Level I course, they can follow the words the instructor writes on the board and take notes to reinforce what they are learning. Leamos has been used as a **non-credit lab class** in **community colleges** and by **LAUSD DACE** as their **Pre-ESL** course at their community site in **Westlake/Pico-Union** and at **Belmont Adult School**.

• Partner offers training and **workforce development education** to adult learners. They also provide employment-relevant info, **conduct screenings** to see where they are educationally and to determine what more they need, and them point them in the right direction. They have a **workforce center**, so people know there are opportunities. There is a **referral** source, but there needs to be ways to support having partnerships with training providers (adult schools, comm. Colleges, LATTC, industry).

#### **Greatest Needs – Programs and Services**

- Large immigrant population who struggle from language issues, which is an initial barrier. It would be helpful to further their education and employment. Partner works with programs that provide ESL opportunities, but still the volume is so high that is a barrier for the region.
- More bilingual classes and computer literacy classes for low literate adults. Many of these are working adults, primarily in the informal economy. They cannot move up the economic ladder because they are being passed over because of poor literacy and little technology skills.
- "The greatest need for the community we work with are programs/courses that address non-to-low literate (few than four years of formal education). Most level I ESL classes are multi-level and often literacy is not addressed. This results in higher drop out rates; and inefficient use of instructor and adult learner time as low literate adults struggle to keep up and take much longer time to master the numerous ESL levels."

#### **Notable Quotations from Partners:**

• "YouthSource Centers help young adults get their high school diploma, but there is no equivalent on the adult side—We need to implement that."

• "GED and high school equivalency – our program offers a career certificate (career online high school program). This is a passport to the workforce."

#### **Strategies to Address these Needs**

- Establish **regional centers** that will serve as **literacy hubs**, which can be a point of entry for non-to-very-low literate adults.
- Leverage **space** and **expertise** of **community-based organizations** that have a history and trust between immigrant and low-income communities.
- Have **literacy volunteers** who can be adult learners (as interns) to assist low literate ESL learners. This can help the adult learner intern who is looking to expand their **community service experience** as part of a well-rounded resume.
- Engage libraries and their adult literacy centers. Libraries have experience with teaching adult literacy, have space and a volunteer structure that would probably welcome more volunteers.
- Need **bold**, **creative ways** to look at faculty, staff and the **credentialing issue** for teaching at adult schools versus community colleges. This was identified as crucial.
- Need coordination between providers because it is a big issue in the adult literacy and education space. All entities providing opportunities tend to do their own things, but it should be more strategically planned. Would be helpful to think about it collaboratively and collectively to improve efficiency and, ultimately, services to adult learners.
- Pulled together education partners to work on **Career Pathways Trust grant** and got \$6 million grant to work with K-12, community colleges, and 4-year university to get kids exposed to college and career options at early age.

#### **Notable Quotations from Partners:**

- "Create an organizational infrastructure to support collective change and facilitate development of a shared vision, goals, and strategies to address the needs of adult learners aligned to industry clusters of LA. Need to sit down with Governing Boards, LACCD Board, WIB, other stakeholder groups. At the highest level, they need to be willing to broker and discuss shared governance."
- "Being honest about where people will go. A large portion of people we serve will not go to a college campus. How do we ensure that those people will get served as equitably and get what they need? Being honest about the totality of the problem. There has to be consistency – creating an avenue for everyone."

"I would hope the plan embraces these principles [from 2012 Addressing the Needs of Adult Learners in Los Angeles: A Preliminary Action Plan]. They are pretty serious...leveraging resources. One option is a joint powers agency, if not, we cannot braid funds. I think these principles are very solid. That is my first recommendation. Do a really good inventory, what programs, what courses, facilities, teachers, faculty – do a thorough mapping and be frank about excessive assets and gaps. I think they are going to do that and be committed to that effort. It important to do something that is robust."

#### Possible Challenges to Address these Needs

- Possible challenge is **how best to reach zero-to-low literacy adults** who have little or no experience in formal educational institutions.
- **Resources** for the population to pay for training are a major barrier. Other than time and money, **lack of leadership** if a huge challenge. Lack of policy leadership. **Institutional bureaucracy**. All hinder progress.

# Plans in Place or in Development to Help Adult Learners Transition into Postsecondary Education or Workforce

- "With respect to our clients/adult learners, I would ask that we add the description non-to-low literate to adult learner/student. Then, we as regional stakeholders become more intentional about accommodating this student into the seamless transition between existing programs."
- "Workforce development activities (resume prep courses, interviewing skills courses) are already underway and offered. In 2015, plans to designate a specific space in the library to be a job and career placement center (already funded, launch between Feb and May 2015; workforce development staff will be hired to "man" this space). Library wants to be a meaningful part of the solution to bridging gap between high school and college or career."

# Extent Partner Organization Collaborates with Adult Schools and/or Community Colleges to Provides Services to Adult Learners and if Effective

One partner has had a satellite school of the LAUSD DACE since 2003 over ten years until the budget cuts of 2012. We have been a satellite school for Los Angeles Southwest College and Los Angeles City College – our classrooms were and are available to LAUSD and LACCD rent free. In addition, LAUSD Belmont Community Adult School taught the partner's course as their PRE-ESL level. LASWC utilizes Leamos course as part of their Bridges to Success Transition program for Limited English Learners. The partner shared that the collaboration was effective because there was an emphasis on staff time and the importance of maintaining a relationship with the administration and the adult education instructors from both entities.

### **Barriers to Collaboration**

 "While these were/are positive relationships, the barriers for collaboration for a non-profit, such as ourselves, includes finding funding to pay for the administrative staff to maintain relationships and handle logistics, scheduling, instructor turnover, etc." - Partner

### **Strategies to Overcome Barriers**

- Use **libraries as hubs** they are trusted and already in communities leverage that community resource to serve more adult learners.
- "Much of collaborative work is based on relationships rather than good systems. We can call each other and ask for things, but we don't know much about what systems are available across sites. Common metrics keeps score of the ball game, but having common rules of the game, and having everyone understanding we're all playing the same game is important. Collaboration is necessary so that all – k-12, adult education, community college, and workforce – contribute to the prep of the student/person. Collaboration is only as strong as the contributors who are doing their best."
- "I feel there's a need a centralized hub for zero to functional literacy needs (less than 4th grade) that could serve as a model for effective point of entry, learning, and transition to ESL/Adult Ed/Citizenship classes. This doesn't mean that all non-literate learners have to come through the hub, but it would mean that there is recognition of a more efficient approach to address non-to low-literate adult learners in the adult education continuum. Teaching literacy is a specialized skill; it is not the same as teaching ESL or language. We have found the best ESL instructors we have worked with here at Centro Latino for Literacy are those that were willing to be open about best practices in the field of adult literacy and have been receptive to working with us to be better teachers for all ESL student levels."
- "An incentive is receiving credit for the deliverable, being recognized in a significant way, individually; if [partner] wants to do something around adult education, it's important that we own it. An incentive is for the [partner] to be recognized as an adult education organization framing it that way is important to us. We help adult achieve their education and career goals."
- "These regional consortia should be comprised of industry/corporations, nonprofit organizations that touch people every day (practitioners), K-12, adult learning institutions, community colleges, community-based organizations, and government."

#### **Untapped Resources**

"The adult learners themselves [are untapped resources]. We have the equation all wrong – we think of resources as only those who are currently in a resource position. Our system needs people in order to produce something so that the community is stronger. We have overlooked the individual as a resource. We can't build a stronger person if we miss the value that they bring to the table."

#### Key Stakeholders Interview Findings

Key informant interviews included 5 required questions and 5 additional questions that could be answered if time permitted. During each phone interview, notes were taken and saved individually for each interview. All interview notes were then compiled and analyzed using an exploratory applied thematic approach.

**High-level Findings from Key Leaders**: Across the 13 interview texts analyzed for this summary-to-date, several themes were seen across interviews and across types of interviewees.

#### Level and Quality of Current Programs/Services Provided to Adult Learners

- Most respondents report providing all five of the programs relevant to AB 86 work (career technical education [CTE], adult basic education [ABE], adult secondary education [ASE], English as a second language [ESL], and high school equivalency/GED courses)
- Respondents say that the quality of their course offerings are good or excellent, but many are challenged by:
  - Difficulty in meeting the demand for courses
    - Lack of space and staff to provide instruction for all who need it
    - A large wait list of students
    - Lack of ESL to ABE/ASE programs keeps students from continuing
  - Capacity to reach students that come to their site largely unskilled
  - Poor strategic planning (few counselors, too few instructional staff) when budget cuts were made to core courses
- Respondents would improve or enhance their existing programs by:
  - Providing students wrap-around services that support their attendance and engagement
  - Incorporating technology (for an integrated data system across sites; for student information tracking from school to career; for making accountability decisions; for connecting students to resources at every site)
  - Acquiring additional funding for hiring more, new staff

- Having articulation agreements in place
- Offering more of the current courses

"Our CTE Powerline class is well known with utility companies and students are recognized as top candidates for entry-level positions, our Electrical classes are State certificated through the CA Department of Apprenticeship Standards, the Allied Health programs have an average rate of over 90% passing rate with the State licensing exams, our business, industrial and health courses are comprehensive in instruction and preparation for employment." – Adult School Principal

# **Current Needs for Adult Education In Area**

- **Theme #1:** There is an existing gap at every stage between middle school, high school, college and workforce. To fill this gap, what is needed:
  - Remedial/Developmental courses in math and reading many students arrived unskilled
  - Introductory ESL courses many incoming students need help with English acquisition and usage
  - Exposure to college prior to arrival -- many students are not ready for the transition to school/studying/rigor; not a college-going culture
  - Wraparound services and "on-boarding"- transportation, childcare, early morning and late evening courses to accommodate working students; counseling support
  - A central hub for information about all programs/services offered across sites
- **Theme #2:** There is an existing gap between students' career interests and the courses that community colleges and adult education programs provide. To fill this gap, what is needed:
  - More courses in students' career interests
    - Digital media courses students are interested in film and filmmaking; nearness to Hollywood should be leveraged
    - More CTE courses to meet the demand
    - Culinary arts, cosmetology, computer tech courses
  - More mentoring/apprenticeship/internship programs
  - A central hub for information about all programs/services offered across sites
  - Identify student needs, community college and adult school strengths. So a student coming in with different levels of education can attend programs concurrently at adult schools and community colleges. Example: student can receive HS credit and community college credit for the same class.

- **Theme #3:** There is an existing gap between the existing courses/services offered and what the surrounding community needs. To fill this gap, what is needed:
  - College orientations to make the campus less ominous
  - Distance learning options
  - Citizenship-related courses
  - o Job placement and career counseling
  - Access to better employment opportunities most in community are working poor
  - Broader educational counseling
  - Financial aid
  - A central hub for information about all programs/services offered across sites
  - Know where the jobs are and where people are needed. Need to meet with Workforce Investment Boards (WIBs)—county and city. They have funds to get people in jobs and to need coordinate with them.
- **Theme #4:** There is an existing gap between what adults with disabilities need and what is currently offered. To fill this gap, what is needed:
  - More trained staff able to identify learning challenges (should not be up to individual instructors)
  - More professional development for staff who work with AWD
  - Structure around creating individualized educational plans for students
  - Translation support for Spanish speakers (to facilitate identification of learning disabilities)
  - A central hub for information about all programs/services offered across sites

#### **Greatest Opportunities for Facilitating Effective Transitions**

- Working in LARAEC provides opportunity to "build bridges" and share best practices
- Proximity to other sites makes it easier for students to be more exposed to college culture prior to coming to college
- College-funded apprenticeship program (to be piloted in 2015) will provide college credits for participants best chance to build partnerships between school districts, community colleges, and workforce
- Professional organizations, where lessons and issues are shared
- First-year completion program instituted at site, providing students with additional support throughout their transition to college
- CTE programs, when they match students' interests, are best opportunities for students' seamless transition
- Articulation agreements between entities
- Aligning the curricula between sites and across programs (e.g., aligning shortterm CTE training with stackable certificate options recognized at college level)
- Leveraging the CTE equipment and offerings found in High Tech High
- More counseling so the right students are the in the right classes. Counselors that have knowledge of both systems and their offerings so students will be counseled to the appropriate class, with an educational plan that includes their aptitudes and exposure to various careers.
- Expansion of programs that lead to initial/entry-level employment and/or continuation of postsecondary education and CTE courses that provide students with enhanced marketable skills.
- More dual enrollment
- Clear curriculum pathways across institutions
- Counseling and individualized student plans

### **Greatest Challenges to Facilitating Effective Transitions**

- Working in LARAEC will be a challenge if voices of K-12, adult education, community colleges, and workforce are not equitable
  - o Identifying who has the most capacity to provide certain services
  - Having ego-less conversations about adult education
  - Setting individual priorities and agendas aside and focusing on what will benefit adult learners
  - Many are unaware of what other sites do/have/offer; each site's "system" is different – steep learning curve
    - Concerns about building curricula around an Academic Senate
    - Concerns about dedicated funding
    - Concerns about the role of workforce in creating college-going culture
    - Concerns about fee-based versus non-fee-based course offerings
    - Concerns about certified versus non-certified or credentialed versus non-credentialed instructors
- Time and funding
  - Lack of counseling staff, and no funding to hire additional staff or provide professional development to those currently on site
  - Lack of wrap-around services for students that facilitate their engagement and ability tot finish their program of study
  - Learning to do more with less is challenging for most

- 2008 budget cuts had severe impact on the way sites looked at creating effective transitions
- Students' interests often do not match course offerings, but students do not have resources or information to go to other sites
- Would like to see more timely pilot programs and would like to move forward more quickly.

### Employers Survey

### Los Angeles Regional Adult Education Consortium Employer Survey

#### 1. Introduction

As part of its efforts to expand and improve adult education in the Los Angeles area, the Los Angeles Regional Adult Education Consortium (LARAEC) invites you to participate in a short survey assessing the needs of employers in the region, as well as experiences with adult learners transitioning from area adult education programs into the workforce.

This survey is designed to collect information in response to the planning efforts funded by Assembly Bill 86 (AB 86), the intent of which is to expand and improve the adult education system in California. As an employer in the Los Angeles region, you serve a vital role in this process, as our students will ultimately transition from our schools into your place of business. Please know that your individual responses will be kept confidential and findings from the survey will be reported in aggregate or grouped form. Your input is extremely valuable and we greatly appreciate your time and feedback.

This survey will take approximately 5-10 minutes to complete. Please click "Next" below to begin.

#### About Us:

LARAEC is a regional consortium of providers of adult education serviced dedicated to sustaining, expanding and improve adult education, and creating seamless programs and pathways into higher education and the workforce. Members include Burbank Unified School District, Culver City Unified School District, Los Angeles Unified School District, Montebello Unified School District, and the Los Angeles Community College District. For more information, please visit us at <a href="http://araec.net">http://araec.net</a>.

Los Angeles	s Regional Adult Education Consortium Employer Survey
2. Organizat	tion Information
1. Contact In	formation:
Name	
Title	
Organization	
Email	
2. What best	describes your organization's industry?
C Business	
C Health Care	
C Media/Commu	unications
C Retail	
C Manufacturing	3
C Science/Tech	nology
C Transportation	1
C Other (please s	specify)
3. Does your	business or organization operate in more than one location?
C A single locati	ion
C Local compan	y with more than one location
C Regional com	pany with more than one location
C National comp	pany with more than one location
C International of	company with more than one location
Other (please :	specify)

os Angeles Regional Adult Education Consortium Employer Survey	
4. Including yourself, how many individuals does your company/organization employ at	
your current location?	
C 10 or fewer	
C 11-25	
C 28 - 50	
C 51 - 100	
0 101 - 500	
O More than 500	

bloy	er Surve

### **3. Employment Needs**

5. To what extent is your business or organization affected by a shortage of skilled
workers?

O No effect. We have no trouble finding skilled workers.

O No effect. We are able to train potential workers ourselves for the skills they need to work here.

C Minimal. We occasionally have trouble finding skilled workers.

C Moderate. We have some trouble finding skilled workers.

C Severe. We continually have trouble finding skilled workers.

# 6. Over the next five years, approximately how much growth do you anticipate in the number of employees at your organization?

No Growth

C Less than 10%

C 10% to 25%

C 26% to 50%

C 51% to 75%

C 76% to 100%

O More than 100%

### 4. Recruitment

**7.** Has your company/organization hired any new employees in the last twelve (12) months?

- C Yes
- C No

O Don't Know

# **8.** Please rate the amount of difficulty your organization has had in finding employees with the right amount of <u>each</u> of the following skills?

	No Difficulty	Very Little Difficulty	Some Difficulty	A Lot of Difficulty
Occupation Specific Skills	C	С	C	С
Good Work Habits	0	C	0	0
Problem Solving Skills	С	С	C	С
Oral Communication	0	C	C	C
Adaptability	С	С	С	С
Customer Service	0	C	C	C
Accepts Supervision	С	С	С	С
Computer Skills	0	C	C	C
Team Work	С	С	С	С
Reading	0	C	C	C
Writing	C	С	С	С
Math	0	0	0	0

### 5. Credentials and Skills

9. What types of credentials are <u>required</u> to obtain employment for each of the following levels of employees listed?

	Entry Level	Mid-Level	Manager	Senior Manager
No Credential				
Trade Skills				
GED/High School Equivalency Certificate				
High School Diploma				
College Certificate				
Associate's Degree				
Bachelor's Degree				
Master's/Doctorate				

## 10. What types of credentials are <u>preferred</u> for employment for each of the following levels of employees listed?

	Entry Level	Mid-Level	Manager	Senior Manager
No Credential				
Trade Skills				
GED/High School Equivalency Certificate				
High School Diploma				
College Certificate				
Associate's Degree				
Bachelor's Degree				
Master's/Doctorate				

### 6. Training Needs

### 11. Approximately what percent of your current employees would you say need further classroom training in order to reach the current level of productivity and competence that your company needs?

C	No additional training needed
C	Less than 10%
0	10% to 25%
$\odot$	26% to 50%
C	51% to 75%
C	76% to 100%
12.	What types of training or courses do your employees require to advance in their
	rrent jobs?
(Se	elect all that apply)
	English as a Second Language
	Computer and Technology Skills
	Customer Service Skills
	Interpersonal, Communication and Tearnwork Skills (Effective Customer and Co-Worker Communications)
	Safety Training
	Entrepreneurial Skills (Small business and Business Management)
	Leadership and Management Skills
	Accounting and Financial Skills
	Sales Skills

	Has your organization utilized any of the following training sources to meet your
	ployee training needs?
	ect all that apply)
1	None
1	Not Sure
	In-house Training
	Outside Industries, Businesses or Professionals
	4-year Colleges or Universities
	Community Colleges
	Adult Education
	Private Career/Technical Schools

### 7. Experience with Adult Education Programs

Select all that app	dv)					
Select all that app		ult Education		c	ommunity College	
None				Ĩ		
Don't Know						
Apprenticeship						
Internship/Externship						
Job Shadowing						
Part-Time Employment						
Full-Time Employment						
	at adult education a	and commanity coneg		our organization.		~
5. If you have hire	ed adult edu	cation and/or	-	-	lents, overa	II, how
5. If you have hire atisfied were you	ed adult edu	cation and/or	-	-	<b>lents, overa</b> Somewhat Satisfied	
5. If you have hird atisfied were you	ed <i>adult edu</i> I with them a	<i>cation</i> and/or as employees	Somewhat	college stud	Somewhat	Very Satisfie
5. If you have hire atisfied were you	ed <i>adult edu</i> I with them a Does Not Apply	<i>cation</i> and/or as employees Very Dissatisfied	Somewhat Dissatisfied	college stud	Somewhat Satisfied	Very Satisfie
5. If you have hire	ed adult edu I with them a Does Not Apply	cation and/or as employees Very Dissatisfied	Somewhat Dissatisfied	Neutral	Somewhat Satisfied	Very Satisfie
5. If you have hire atisfied were you dult Education Community College 6. If you have use	ed adult edu I with them a Does Not Apply	cation and/or as employees Very Dissatisfied	Somewhat Dissatisfied C the commun Somewhat	Neutral	Somewhat Satisfied	Very Satisfie
5. If you have hire atisfied were you Adult Education Community College 6. If you have use	ed adult edu I with them a Does Not Apply	cation and/or as employees Very Dissatisfied	Somewhat Dissatisfied	Neutral	Somewhat Satisfied C for your train Somewhat	Very Satisfie

### XVII. GLOSSARY

Adult Basic Education (School Districts): Academic classes for grades 1 to 8. Also called Elementary Basic Skills.

Adult Education Regional Consortium (AERC): The regional consortiums that will be established through the Joining Forces for Adult Education grant funds. The AERC will be tasked with planning and implementation to better provide adult education within its region. AERC will be made up of at least one CCD and at least one SD within the CCD. If CCD chooses not to participate, a SD will be able to join with neighboring CCD.

Adult Secondary Education (School Districts): Academic classes for grades 9 to 12. Also called Secondary Basic Skills in the CCC system.

**Basic Skills (Community Colleges):** In Community Colleges, "basic skills" refers to pre-collegiate coursework in reading, writing, or math. Title 5 indicates that classes one level below transfer may be degree-applicable. If a college designates an English, reading, or math class as degree-applicable, It may not be classified as basic skills.

**Community College District:** A community college district as designated by the California Community College Chancellor's Office - a total of 72 districts in the state.

**Credit:** Credit courses in the California Community Colleges may be transferable to a 4-year college, apply to an Associate degree, or may be pre-collegiate level basic skills, which are not transferable and do not apply toward a degree.

**CTE/Career Technical Education:** Short-term vocational programs with high employment potential consist of a course of study, or an organized sequence of courses leading to a vocational/career technical objective, certificate or award that is directly related to employment not resulting in a degree.

**Elementary Basic Skills:** Academic classes for grades 1 to 8. Also called Adult Basic Education.

**Enhanced Non-Credit:** Certain non-credit courses in the California Community Colleges receive a rate of apportionment that is higher than regular non-credit courses but lower than credit courses. Also called Career Development or College Preparation (CDCP) courses, they must be part of a sequence of courses leading to a certificate and either 1) lead to improved employability or job placement possibilities or 2) lead to college-level coursework. These courses are only in the categories of Elementary or Secondary Basic Skills, ESL, Workforce Preparation, or Short-Term Vocational education.

**Industry:** Private sector businesses and trade organizations, (includes public health care providers)

**Non-Credit:** Non-credit courses in the California Community Colleges may be offered in 10 program categories that are similar to those in Adult Education. Courses in the categories of Older Adults, Parenting, Persons with Substantial Disabilities, Immigrant Education, Health and Safety, and Home Economics/Family & Consumer Sciences receive the lowest rate of apportionment in the CCC system and are called "regular non-credit" or simply "non-credit."

**Programs for Apprenticeship:** An apprenticeship is a system of training that is done on-the-job. An apprentice works for an employer who helps the apprentice learn their trade. In most cases the apprentice agrees to continue working for the employer for an agreed period of time after their training.

**School District (SD):** K-12 School District that offers Adult Education and is under the authority of the California Department of Education – a total of 1,043 districts in the state, 300 of which have Adult Education Programs

**Secondary Basic Skills:** Academic classes for grades 9 to 12. Also called Adult Secondary Education.

### XVIII. ACRONYMS

- **3CSN:** California Community College Success Network
- ABE: Adult Basic Education
- ACSA: Association of California School Administrators
- a.d.a.: Average daily attendance
- ADA: Americans with Disabilities Act
- AIS: Adult Independent Study
- **ASCCC:** Academic Senate of the California Community Colleges
- ASE: Adult Secondary Education
- CAHSEE: California High School Exit Exam
- CALPRO: California Adult Literacy Professional Development Project
- CASAS: Comprehensive Adult Student Assessment System
- **CBOs:** Community-based Organizations
- CCCCO: California Community College Chancellor's Office
- **CCDs:** Community College Districts
- **CR:** California Code of Regulations
- **CCRC:** Community College Research Center
- **CCRS:** College and Career Readiness Standards
- **COE:** California Department of Education
- **COE:** County Office of Education

CTE:	Career Technical Education
DACE:	Division of Adult and Career Education (LAUSD)
DCFS:	Department of Children and Family Services
DOL:	United States Department of Labor
EAB:	Employer Advisory Board
EBI:	Education Based Incarceration
ED:	United States Department of Education
EDD:	The California Employment Development Department
EL:	English Learner
ELL:	English Language Learner
EL Civics:	English Literacy and Civics Education
ESL:	English as a Second Language
ESL/Cit.:	ESL-Citizenship
FTE(s):	Full Time Equivalent Students
GAIN:	Greater Avenues for Independence
GED®:	General Education Development
GLE:	Grade Level Equivalent
GROW:	General Relief Opportunities for Work
HSET:	High School Equivalency Test
K-12:	Kindergarten through Grade Twelve

- LACOE: Los Angeles County Office of Education
- LEP: Limited-English Proficient
- MOC: Maintenance of Capacity
- **MOE:** Maintenance of Effort
- MOU: Memorandum of Understanding
- PD: Professional Development
- **SME:** Subject Matter Expert
- TABE:
   Test of Adult Basic Education
- **USCIS:** United States Citizenship and Immigration Services
- USD: Unified School District
- VTEA: Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Technical Education Act
- WIA Title II: Workforce Investment Act Title II
- WIB: Workforce Investment Board
- WIOA: Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act

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